## Your Science Classroom Becoming an Elementary Middle School Science Teacher 1st Edition Goldston Test Bank

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Goldston, Your Science Classroom: Becoming an Elementary/Middle School Science Teacher

Instructor Resource

# Chapter 2

# Are You Scientifically Literate? Why We Teach Science

# **Multiple Choice**

- 1. You read an article in *Soy Joy* magazine in which the authors recommend that all humans ingest soy every day to extend life expectancy. Which action would not help you determine the credibility of the article?
  - a. Investigate the authors and their other publications.
  - b. Google "sources of joy"
  - c. Locate additional research studies on soy.
  - d. Research how to increase life expectancy.

Answer: b

- 2. The ability to judge the evidences and findings of research for oneself is referred to as:
  - a. intellectual independence.
  - b. cognitive dissonance.
  - c. scientific acumen.
  - d. considerate exploration.

Answer: a

- 3. According to the authors, the ultimate goal for all science students should be:
  - a. information gathering.
  - b. scientific literacy.
  - c. memorization of the periodic table.
  - d. an understanding of the natural world.

Answer: b

- 4. The majority of individuals who choose science, technology, engineering, or mathematics careers are:
  - a. Asian males.
  - b. Black females.
  - c. Asian females.
  - d. White males.

Answer: d

- 5. Which event prompted an increase in U.S. funding for schools to enhance math and science?
  - a. The publication of Charles Darwin's book On the Origin of Species in 1859
  - b. The Space Shuttle Challenger disaster in 1986
  - c. The reauthorization of No Child Left Behind in 2001
  - d. The Soviet Union's launch of Sputnik in 1957

Answer: d

- 6. Which of the following subjects was not part of the traditional core curriculum?
  - a. Writing
  - b. Science
  - c. Reading
  - d. Arithmetic

Answer: b

- 7. The National Commission on Excellence in Education recommended that science students be taught all of the following except:
  - a. natural selection.
  - b. the process of science.
  - c. methods of scientific inquiry.
  - d. application of science to daily life.

Answer: a

- 8. What is the name of the massive, long-term reform effort designed to promote scientific literacy in the U.S. by the year 2061?
  - a. Halley's Comet
  - b. Project 2061
  - c. TIMSS
  - d. Educating Americans for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century

Answer: b

- 9. What was the greatest national concern while the National Commission on Excellence in Education was conducting its work?
  - a. International competitiveness
  - b. Terrorism
  - c. Crime
  - d. Soaring rates of school truancy

Answer: a

- 10. All of the following are aspects of the NSES standards except:
  - a. prescription for a national curriculum.
  - b. appropriate science content for K-12 science practices.
  - c. the vision of science for all students.
  - d. defining scientific literacy.

Answer: a

- 11. The NSES standards are organized around grade-level bands. Which of the following is not one of these bands?
  - a. K-4
  - b. K-1
  - c. 5-8
  - d. 9-12

Answer: b

- 12. Ideas that describe the often multifaceted relationships among related concepts are called:
  - a. facts.
  - b. concepts.
  - c. principles.
  - d. notions.

Answer: c

- 13. The NSES grade-level content strands are designed to promote the \_\_\_\_\_ of learning science content.
  - a. transference
  - b. scaffolding
  - c. evolution
  - d. independence

Answer: b

- 14. All of the following are listed on the NSES website as an important reason for scientific literacy except:
  - a. personal fulfillment and excitement.
  - b. the need for good judgment regarding shared resources such as air, water, and forests.

- c. support of higher salaries for science teachers.
- d. the increasing need for informed decision making about scientific information.

Answer: c

- 15. Knowledge that washing dishes with soap and hot water is better in removing grease is an example of:
  - a. scientific literacy.
  - b. lunacy.
  - c. environmental ignorance.
  - d. abstract thinking.

Answer: a

- 16. Scientifically literate students who do not choose science as a career may still impact the world by:
  - a. facilitating support groups for those who are not scientifically literate.
  - b. participating in an informed way on issues related to science.
  - c. choosing only scientifically-based reading material.
  - d. teaching others about the adverse effects of aspartame.

Answer: b

- 17. Discrete information substantiated through evidence is called a(n):
  - a. concept.
  - b. idea.
  - c. variable.
  - d. fact.

Answer: d

- 18. Scientific literacy is not:
  - a. knowledge and understanding of scientific concepts.
  - b. processes required for personal decision making and participation in civic and cultural affairs.
  - c. reading and believing investigations and scientific reports at face value.
  - d. using available resources to research information for decision making.

Answer: c

- 19. The NSES view students as \_\_\_\_\_ learners who are \_\_\_\_\_ about the world.
  - a. gifted; already knowledgeable

- b. active; curious
- c. monastic; uninformed
- d. blank slate; ignorant

Answer: b

- 20. The ideas or processes that connect scientific ideas across the disciplines are called:
  - a. unifying concepts.
  - b. holistic thoughts.
  - c. consistent hypotheses.
  - d. effective criteria.

Answer: a

#### True or False

- 1. Benchmarks for Scientific Literacy was created as a national standards document. False
- 2. Facts are ideas that describe the multifaceted relationships among concepts. Answer: False
- 3. The NSES content strands are identified by grade-level bands. True

4. A crucial aspect of a theory is that it is constant and unchanging. Answer: False

- 5. According to the authors, science is an interactive and social endeavor. Answer: True
  - 6. Most educators agree that scientific literacy is ideally a short-term, discrete process.

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Answer: False

7. In order to be scientifically literate, it is important that students learn to conform their ideas to majority opinion.

Answer: False

8. The publication, *Science for All Americans*, includes grade-level learning standards. Answer: False

## **Short Answer and Essay**

- 1. Why is it important to understand how past reform initiatives and policies influence the state of science education today?
- 2. Provide an example in which one applies scientific knowledge to a typical daily routine.
- 3. Define a principle, concept, and fact. Provide an example of each.
- 4. List and describe the two documents that have been instrumental in moving science education to where we are today.
- 5. Describe how the goal of scientific literacy can encourage minority involvement in the sciences.