Organic Chemistry 5th Edition Jones Test Bank

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Chapter 2: Alkanes

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Recognize functional groups Multiple Choice: 1 Short Answer: 1

Create hybrid orbitals from atomic orbitals Multiple Choice: 2, 3 Short Answer: 4

Understand %s character Multiple Choice: 4 Short Answer: 5

Understand bonding in methane and derivatives Multiple Choice: 5, 6 Short Answer: 2

Draw Newman projections Multiple Choice: 7, 8, 15, 19-21, 30 Short Answer: 8-10, 12, 14

Understand conformational preferences of ethane Multiple Choice: 9 Short Answer: 11

Interpret line drawings Multiple Choice: 10, 11

Recognize constitutional isomers Multiple Choice: 12-14

Identify degrees of carbon attachment Multiple Choice: 16-18 Short Answer: 13, 20

Interconvert IUPAC nomenclature and molecular structure Multiple Choice: 22-24 Short Answer: 15-18, 21

Explain how molecular shape impacts boiling/melting points Multiple Choice: 26, 27

Determine the expected number of ¹³C NMR signals Multiple Choice: 28, 31 Short Answer: 27, 28

Determine the expected number and ratio of ¹H NMR signals Multiple Choice: 29 Short Answer: 25, 26

Recognize hybridization states Short Answer: 3, 6, 7

Draw all isomers of a given molecular formula Short Answer: 19, 22-24

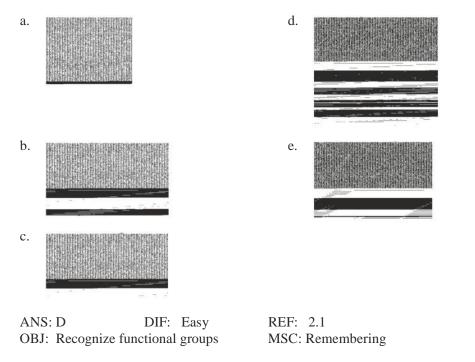
Use the curved arrow formalism Short Answer: 31, 32

Recognize Lewis acids and bases Short Answer: 29, 30, 33, 34

Understand molecular unsaturation Multiple Choice: 25

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Which molecule contains a ketone?



2. Which combination of atomic orbitals will produce an sp^2 hybrid orbital?

a.	$2p_x + 1s$		d.	$2p_{\lambda}$	$a + 2p_z + 2s$
b.	$2p_x + 2s$		e.	$2p_{\lambda}$	$a + 2p_y + 2p_z + 2s$
c.	$2p_x + 2p_y + 2p_z$				
	S: D J: Create hybrid	Easy s from a		2.2	MSC: Remembering

3. Dibromocarbene is an example of a chemical species called a carbene

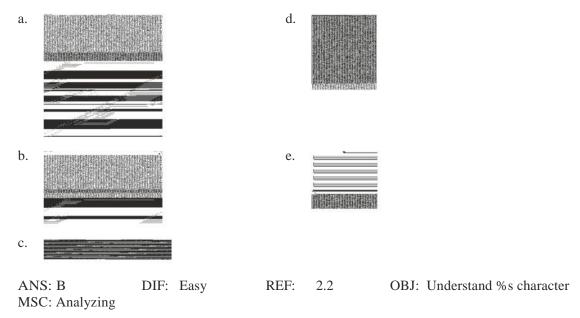


Carbenes exist in one of two forms. In one of these forms, called a singlet, both of the nonbonding electrons on carbon occupy the same orbital. Approximately what type of orbital does the lone pair occupy?

a. <i>sp</i>			d.	2s			
b. sp^2			e.	2p			
c. sp^3							
ANS: B	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	2.2			
OBJ: Create hybrid orbitals from atomic orbitals							

MSC: Applying

4. Which structure contains a hybrid orbital with a higher %*s* character than the hybrids found in any of the others?



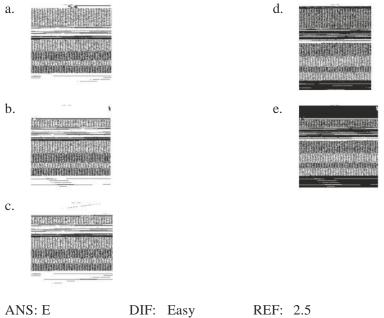
- 5. Which of the following statements about methane, CH₄, is *false*?
 - a. The carbon-hydrogen bonds in methane are formed by the combination of an sp^3 orbital on carbon and a 1s orbital on hydrogen.
 - b. The C—H bonding molecular orbital has cylindrical symmetry.
 - c. The C-H antibonding molecular orbital does not have cylindrical symmetry.
 - d. The hybrid orbitals on carbon are 25% s character and 75% p character.
 - e. All bond angles are 109.5°.

ANS: CDIF:MediumREF: 2.2OBJ:Understand bonding in methane and derivativesMSC: Understanding

- 6. Which statement about bonding in the ammonium ion (⁺NH₄) is *false*?
 - a. The molecule is tetrahedral.
 - b. There are four bonding molecular orbitals.
 - c. There are four antibonding molecular orbitals.
 - d. All bonding orbitals are occupied.
 - e. The N hybrid orbitals are made by combining $2p_x$, $2p_y$, and 2s atomic orbitals.

ANS: EDIF:DifficultREF:2.2OBJ:Understand bonding in methane and derivativesMSC: Understanding

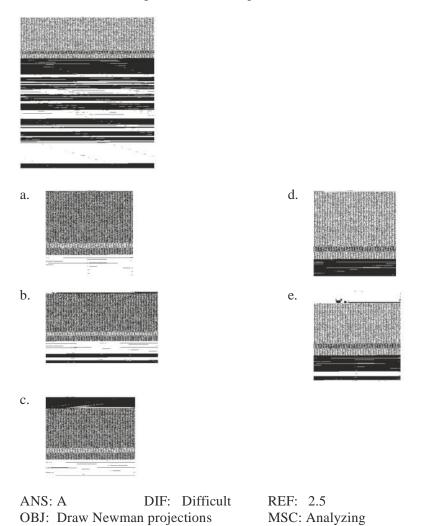
7. Which of the following Newman projections shows a dihedral angle of 60° between H_A and H_B ?



OBJ: Draw Newman projections

REF: 2.5 MSC: Understanding

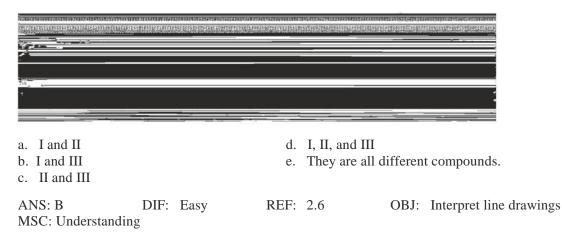
8. Which of the following structures is a depiction of structure A?



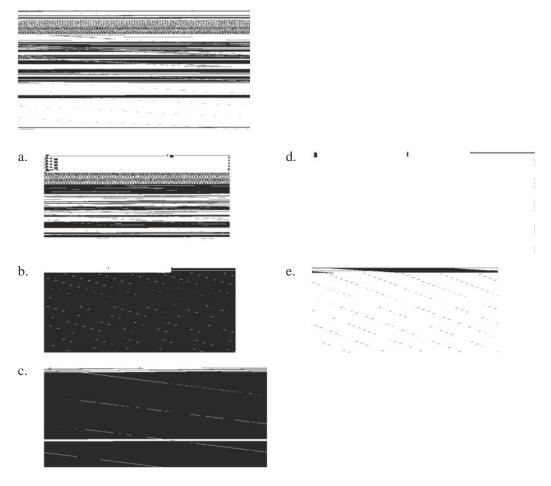
- 9. Which of the following statements about ethane is *false*?
 - a. Staggered ethane is destabilized by interactions between filled C—H σ and empty C—H σ * orbitals.
 - b. Staggered ethane is stabilized by interactions between filled C—H $\sigma\,$ and empty C—H $\sigma\,\star\,$ orbitals.
 - c. All staggered conformations are identical in energy, and all eclipsed conformations are identical in energy.
 - d. The eclipsed conformation of ethane is an energy maximum between staggered conformations.
 - e. The eclipsed conformation is stabilized by interactions between filled C—H σ bonds.

ANS: ADIF:DifficultREF:2.5OBJ:Understand conformational preferences of ethaneMSC: Analyzing

10. Which of these structures represent the same compound?

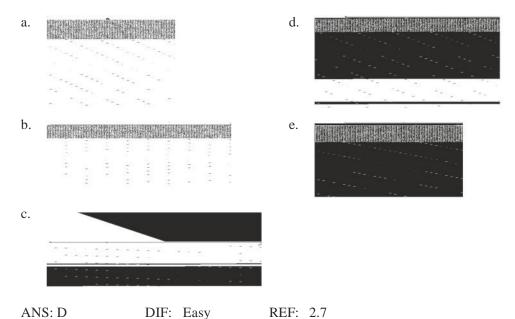


11. Which of the following line structures corresponds to the Lewis structure shown here?



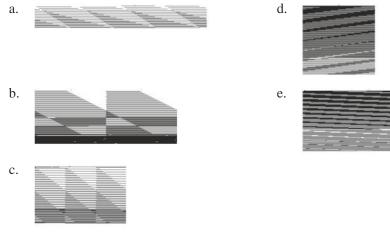
ANS: E DIF: Medium REF: 2.6 OBJ: Interpret line drawings MSC: Understanding

12. Which of the following compounds is *not* a constitutional isomer of the others?



OBJ: Recognize constitutional isomers MSC: Understanding

13. Which of the following compounds is *not* a constitutional isomer of the others?



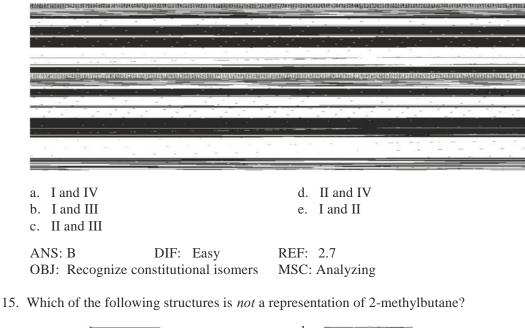
ANS: B DIF: Easy REF OBJ: Recognize constitutional isomers MSC

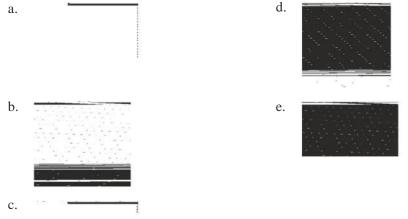
REF: 2.7 MSC: Understanding

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14. Which of the following compounds are pairs of constitutional isomers?





ANS: B DIF: Medium OBJ: Draw Newman projections

REF: 2.7 MSC: Applying