Nutriti et Rank **3rd** Editio Rlaka Ta dV

Name			
MULTIPLE CHOICE.	Choose the one alternative that	best completes the statement or answers the question	٦.
	of nutrients per calorie is knowr		1)
A) nutrient		B) energy density.	
	dance system.	D) proportionality.	
Answer: A			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C) D)		
	וט		
2) Which of the f	ollowing do not have an Accept	table Macronutrient Distribution Range (AMDR)?	2)
A) proteins		C) carbohydrates D) vitamins	
Answer: D			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
3) Which of the f	following was developed out of	concern over the incidence of overnutrition among	3)
Americans?	onowing was developed out of		5)
	Reference Intakes (DRIs)		
	ed Average Requirement		
	ble Macronutrient Distribution	Range (AMDR)	
D) Dietary (Guidelines for Americans		
Answer: D			
Explanation:	A)		
	В)		
	C)		
	D)		
4) Having a diet	made of many food groups is k	nown as	4)
A) a moder	ate diet.	B) a balanced diet.	
C) a varied	diet.	D) a paleo diet.	
Answer: C			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C)		
	D)		

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Americans, 2010 A) meal plar B) meal plar C) meal plar	0 and reinfor nning, health nning, exchar nning, calorie nning, health A) B)	system that illustrates the ces the important concept ful choices, proportionalit nge lists, proportionality, a counting, moderation, ar ful choices, proportionalit	s of ty, and food labels. and moderation. nd exchange lists.	e Dietary Guidelines for	5)
	C) D)				
6) All of the follov A) polyunsa C) sugars. Answer: A Explanation:		nd on a food label <u>except</u>	B) dietary fiber. D) <i>trans</i> fat.		6)
7) Which of the fo A) probiotic:		pounds found in tomatoe B) anthocyanins	es may reduce the risk of C) lycopene	prostate cancer? D) beta-glucan	7)
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	, ,		, ,	
A) the net w B) the name	eight and address t content clai	<u>ot</u> required on a standard of the manufacturer m	food label?		8)
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
	5	many servings from the vories daily consume?	vegetable group should a	moderately active	9)
A) 1 Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	B) 4	C) 3.5	D) 2.5	

individuals is t A) Recommo B) Dietary R C) Tolerable	he	y Allowance (RDA). kes (DRI).	ned without harm in a similar	age and group of	10)
A) moderati C) personali Answer: B Explanation:	on. zation. A) B) C) D)	entity to another is cal	B) proportionality. D) variety.		11)
A) provides B) has vitam C) provides	50 percent of hin C in it, bu more than 20	food is a "good source of the Daily Value for vita t the amount is undeter percent of the Daily Va ent of the Daily Value fo	mined. Ilue for vitamin C.	he food	12)
13) A food guidan mealtime visua A) the Food Answer: B Explanation:	al of a place s	5	depicts five food groups using C) the DASH diet.	ı the familiar)) MyPyramid.	13)
	rst, then solid	s listed on a food label? s	B) descending order by we D) random	ight	14)

15) According to the a healthy personant	5	0, what should be the daily sodium intake for	15)
A) more tha		B) less than 2,300 mg	
C) more tha	n 2,600 mg	D) less than 2,200 mg	
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		
in a similar age A) Recomm B) Dietary R C) Estimated	nount of a nutrient that is known to me e and gender group is known as the ended Dietary Allowance (RDA). Reference Intakes (DRI). d Average Requirement (EAR). e Intake (AI).	eet the needs of 50 percent of the individuals	16)
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		
A) Fiber ma B) Antioxid C) Calcium	ollowing is <u>not</u> a structure/function clai intains regularity. ants help support a healthy immune sy builds strong bones. ole fiber in beans can help you lower yo	stem.	17)
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		
A) authorize B) health cla C) structura	bllowing types of health claim is based ed health claim aim based on authoritative statements I/functional claim health claim	on evidence that is still emerging?	18)
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C)		

D)

A) 10 percer	nt or more of	n a nutrient if it pro the Daily Value. the Daily Value.	B) 20 percer	nt or more of the Daily Va or more of the Daily Val	
in a similar ag A) EAR. Answer: A Explanation:	e and gender A) B) C) D)	group is called the B) AI.	C) UL.	of 50 percent of the indivi D) RDA.	
similar group A) EAR. Answer: D Explanation:		B) AI.	C) UL.	bercent of the individuals D) RDA.	in a 21)
A) 8 percen B) the cup o C) the cup o	t of the calori of milk provid of milk provid	es in the milk are fr des 8 percent of the	om fat. total calories allowe total fat allowed in t	5	at 22)
23) Which of the f A) grill Answer: C Explanation:	ollowing is <u>n</u> A) B) C) D)	<u>ot</u> the preferred wa B) bake	y of preparing meat C) fry	and poultry? D) broil	23)

		le Macronutrient Distribu ovided by carbohydrates?	tion Range (AMDR), what	percentage of your	24)
A) 5 to 25 p Answer: D		B) 40 to 70 percent	C) 20 to 45 percent	D) 45 to 65 percent	
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
		es <u>not</u> need to be on a food			25)
A) iron Answer: D		B) calcium	C) vitamin C	D) vitamin D	
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
					242
consumed dai	-	orie levels?	low-fat milk, or their equ		26)
A) 1		B) 2	C) 4	D) 3	
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C)				
	D)				
		not a MyPlate tip for maki			27)
-	vay from mil with protein		B) Make half your grair D) Vary your veggies.	is whole.	
Answer: A Explanation:	A)				
Explanation.	B)				
	C) D)				
28) According to the <i>Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2010</i> , an adult woman should consume no more than how many alcoholic drinks per day?					28)
A) 0-2	-	B) 3-4	C) 0-1	D) 4-5	
Answer: C Explanation:	A)				
-	B) C)				
	C) D)				

_		le Macronutrient Distrib ovided by fat?	ution Range (AMDR), what	at percentage of your	29)
A) 5 to 20 p		B) 20 to 35 percent	C) 10 to 35 percent	D) 45 to 65 percent	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
	ollowing are ed Average R	reference levels used on	Iy on food labels? B) Daily Values		30)
	-	ry Allowances	D) Dietary Reference I	ntakes	
Answer: B		-	-		
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
31) According to A) nonfat y	-	ch of these foods would B) lean meat	be considered low in nutr C) carrots	ient density? D) fruit drinks	31)
Answer: D	ogunt	b) lean meat	C) carrots	D) If all all liks	
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C) D)				
	U)				
-	mount of a nu		ned daily without harm is		32)
A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) RDA.	
Answer: C Explanation:	A)				
Explanation	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
33) When estimat	ing portion s	ize, a woman's fist is abo	ut		33)
A) two cup			B) one cup of pasta.		
-	r cup of pasta] .	D) half a cup of pasta.		
Answer: B					
Explanation.	A)				
Explanation:	A) B)				
Explanation:	B) C)				
Explanation:	B)				
	B) C) D)	label is an example of			34)
34) The term <i>fat-t</i> A) a structu	B) C) D) Tree on a food ure/function of	laim.	B) an authorized healt		34)
34) The term <i>fat-1</i> A) a structu C) a qualifi	B) C) D) <i>Tree</i> on a food	laim.	B) an authorized healt D) a nutrient content c		34)
34) The term <i>fat-t</i> A) a structu C) a qualifi Answer: D	B) C) D) Tree on a food ure/function c ed health clai	laim.	-		34)
34) The term <i>fat-1</i> A) a structu C) a qualifi	B) C) D) Tree on a food ure/function of	laim.	-		34)
34) The term <i>fat-t</i> A) a structu C) a qualifi Answer: D	B) C) D) <i>Tree</i> on a food ire/function c ed health clai	laim.	-		34)

		w many servings f aily consume?	rom the grain group should a	a moderately active female	35)
A) 5		B) 6	C) 3	D) 4	
Answer: B				·	
Explanation:	A)				
-	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
		e essential nutrier esses are known as	nts needed to maintain good h	nealth, to prevent chronic	36)
A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) DRI.	
Answer: D					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
37) The approxim	ate amount (of a nutrient that c	roups of similar individuals	are consuming to	37)
maintain good		-			5//
A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) RDA.	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
38) A health clain	n linking diel	tary fat and cancer	is an example of		38)
	nt content cla	-	·		
	ed health cla				
	prized health				
	claim based	on authoritative s	tatements.		
Answer: C	۸)				
Explanation:	A) B)				
	Б) С)				
	D)				
	,				
-	MyPlate, hal	f of your plate sho	uld be devoted to which food	d group?	39)
A) grains			B) protein		
	les and fruits		D) oils		
Answer: C	۸)				
Explanation:	A) B)				
	в) С)				
	C) D)				

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

40) A phytochemical is found in plant-based foods, and a zoochemical is found in animal-based f	foods. 40)
Answer: O True False Explanation:	
41) Oils are not represented on MyPlate because they should be eliminated entirely from our diets	6. 41)
Answer: True 🔮 False Explanation:	
42) Nutrient density refers to the amount of nutrients a food contains in relationship to the numbe calories it contains.	er of 42)
Answer: • True False Explanation:	
43) A qualified health claim is less well-established than an authorized health claim.	43)
Answer: • True False Explanation:	
44) A soup labeled "low sodium" would have less sodium than a food labeled "less sodium."	44)
Answer: <a>True FalseExplanation:	
45) Found in dairy products such as yogurt, antibiotics are a beneficial compound found in function food and may support intestinal health.	onal 45)
Answer: True 🔮 False Explanation:	
46) The Daily Value for protein is not listed on most labels.	46)
Answer: True 🔮 False Explanation:	
47) The three types of claims on food products are nutrient content claims, health claims, and structure/function claims.	47)
Answer: O True False Explanation:	
48) A food labeled "calorie free" must have zero calories.	48)
Answer: True 🔮 False Explanation:	
49) The range of intakes for the energy-containing nutrients are called the Acceptable Macronutri Dietary Range.	ent 49)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
50) The Daily Nutrients listed on the Nutrition Facts panel of a product are general reference level the nutrients listed on the food label.	ls for 50)
Answer: True 📀 False Explanation:	

51) The most recent food guidance system released by the USDA for American consumers is MyPyramid.Answer: True False	51)
Explanation:	
52) Compounds in plant foods, such as lycopene, that have been shown to reduce the risk of certain diseases are called zoochemicals.	52)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
53) The definitions for the terms "lean" and "extra lean" are based only on the total fat content of the product.	53)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
54) A person who is overnourished can also be malnourished.	54)
Answer: <a>True FalseExplanation:	
55) All foods with a health claim can also be marketed as functional foods.	55)
Answer: <a> True False Explanation:	
56) A single serving of a functional food is enough to gain the beneficial effect of the food compound.	56)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
57) The ingredients on a food label are listed in alphabetical order.	57)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
58) Full-fat cheese is the number-one source of solid fats in the diets of Americans.	58)
Answer: <a>True FalseExplanation:	
59) Americans typically don't eat enough fiber, vitamin A, vitamin C, and iron.	59)
Answer: <a>True FalseExplanation:	
60) An apple is an example of an energy-dense food.	60)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
61) You should eat equal proportions of fruits, grains, vegetables, protein, and dairy every day.	61)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	

62) It is recommended that protein should comprise between 10 and 35 percent of your daily caloric intake.	62)
Answer: C True False Explanation:	
 63) The DRIs are listed on the nutrition facts panel to help consumers make wise choices. Answer: True False Explanation: 	63)
64) If a serving of a food provides 15 percent or more of the DV, it is considered high in that nutrient.Answer: True False Explanation:	64)
 65) Compounds in animal food products that are beneficial to human health are known as phytochemicals. Answer: True False Explanation: 	65)
 66) A "reduced fat" cookie must have at least 25 percent less fat per serving than the original type. Answer: True False Explanation: 	66)
 67) The Estimated Average Requirement (EAR) is the average amount of a nutrient that is known to meet the needs of 55 percent of the individuals in a similar age and gender group. Answer: True False Explanation: 	67)
 68) The AMDRs are ranges set for carbohydrates, fats, and proteins. Answer: True False Explanation: 	68)
 69) The Daily Values (DVs) on the food label are based on a 1,500-calorie diet in order to discourage obesity. Answer: True Salse Explanation: 	69)
 70) Whole milk is more nutrient dense than skim milk. Answer: True False Explanation: 	70)
71) The higher the consumption above the UL, the higher the risk of toxicity.Answer: True False Explanation:	71)
 72) The nutrition facts panel lists the Daily Values for vitamin C and vitamin A. Answer: True False Explanation: 	72)

73) A food labeled "low in calories" has fewer calories than a food labeled "reduced calories."	73)
Answer: • True False Explanation:	
74) A functional food is one that has been shown to have a positive effect on your health beyond its basic nutrients.	74)
Answer: True 🔮 False Explanation:	
75) Fat should comprise 25 to 35 percent of your daily calories.	75)
Answer: True <a>Contemporal False Explanation:	
76) The claim "calcium builds strong bones" is an example of a health claim.	76)
Answer: True 🔮 False Explanation:	
77) The Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) are issued by the Food and Drug Administration.	77)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
78) The sections of the place setting in MyPlate reinforce proportionality, or how much of your total diet should be eaten from each food group.	78)
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:	
79) Based on the EAR, the RDA represents an amount that meets the needs of 97 to 98 percent of healthy individuals in an age/gender group.	79)
Answer: 🖉 True False	

Explanation:

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- 80) What is a functional food? Describe how both naturally-occurring and packaged functional foods can be part of a healthy, well-balanced diet.
 - Answer: A functional food is a food that has a positive effect on health beyond providing basic nutrients. Naturally occurring phytochemicals and zoochemicals are found in whole grains, fruits, vegetables, fish, dairy products, and healthy vegetable oils. These foods can be part of a healthy diet based on the MyPyramid pattern. Packaged functional foods can be consumed with attention to avoiding overconsumption of one compound. A registered dietitian (RD) can provide advice on the benefits of functional foods in the diet and how to balance them with food intake.
- 81) Describe a one-day meal plan that only contains high-nutrient-dense foods and adheres to the MyPlate food guidance system.
 - Answer: Answers will vary but may include nutrient-dense choices such as the following: Grain group: Eat at least 6 servings (half from whole grains) per day—whole-grain cereal and skim milk, fruit, brown rice, and whole-grain breads. Vegetable group: 2 1/2 cups per day of fresh, frozen, and canned vegetables, dried peas, and beans. Fruits: 2 cups of dried fruits, whole fruit. Milk: 3 cups of low-fat or nonfat milk, ice cream, cheese, and yogurt. Meat and beans: 5 1/2 ounces of dried beans and peas, eggs, fish, lean meat, nuts, skinless poultry, and seeds. You should also include 3 tablespoons of vegetable oils to your diet over the course of the day.

- 82) What five reference values comprise the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs)? Provide both the abbreviation and the full title for each value.
 - Answer: The five reference values are EAR—Estimated Average Requirements; UL—Tolerable Upper Intake Level; RDA—Recommended Dietary Allowance; AI—Adequate Intake; and AMDR—Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range.
- 83) Why is exceeding the Tolerable Upper Intake Level (UL) for a nutrient not recommended?
 - Answer: Consuming more than the UL for a nutrient may result in toxicity and damage to organs, especially the liver.
- 84) What is the difference between the Estimated Average Requirement (EAR) and the Recommended Dietary Allowance (RDA)?
 - Answer: The EAR is an average requirement, whereas the RDA is a value set that covers the needs of 97 to 98 percent of the population.
- 85) List strategies that you can use at home, when eating out, and when shopping to control your portion sizes.
 - Answer: At home, measure food to develop an "eye" for correct sizes, use smaller plates, keep serving dishes off the table, store leftovers in measured portions, avoid eating snacks directly from the bag or box, and cook smaller portions. When eating out, ask for half orders, choose an appetizer as the entrée, and take part of the meal home. When shopping, read food labels, buy pre-portioned servings, and divide packages of snacks into individual portions.
- 86) Explain how a person can be obese and malnourished at the same time.
 - Answer: A person can be obese due to an excessive intake of calories but still not be getting the required amounts of nutrients and can therefore be malnourished. Malnourishment is the long-term outcome of consuming a diet that doesn't meet nutrient needs, or malnutrition.
- 87) Using two food labels from different brands for similar foods (such as ice cream), compare the foods and discuss why one is superior to the other.
 - Answer: Students should compare calories per serving, grams of fat, carbohydrates, and protein per serving. When looking at fat, saturated versus unsaturated should be noted. When looking at carbohydrates, students should comment on starch, sugar, and fiber content. Lastly, students should compare the vitamin and mineral content listed.
- 88) What is the difference between nutrient density and energy density?
 - Answer: Nutrient density refers to the amount of nutrients a food contains in relationship to the number of calories it contains. More nutrient-dense foods provide more nutrients per calorie (and in each bite) than less nutrient-dense foods, and so are better choices for meeting your DRIs without exceeding your daily calorie needs. Energy density refers to foods that are high in energy but low in weight or volume, such as that potato chip.

Answer Key Testname: C2 1) A 2) D 3) D 4) C 5) D 6) A 7) C 8) C 9) D 10) C 11) B 12) D 13) B 14) B 15) B 16) C 17) D 18) D 19) B 20) A 21) D 22) C 23) C 24) D 25) D 26) D 27) A 28) C 29) B 30) B 31) D 32) C 33) B 34) D 35) B 36) D 37) B 38) C 39) C 40) TRUE 41) FALSE 42) TRUE 43) TRUE 44) TRUE 45) FALSE 46) FALSE 47) TRUE 48) FALSE 49) FALSE 50) FALSE

Answer Key Testname: C2

> 51) FALSE 52) FALSE **53) FALSE** 54) TRUE 55) TRUE 56) FALSE 57) FALSE 58) TRUE 59) TRUE 60) FALSE 61) FALSE 62) TRUE 63) FALSE 64) FALSE 65) FALSE 66) TRUE 67) FALSE 68) TRUE 69) FALSE **70) FALSE** 71) TRUE 72) TRUE

- 73) TRUE
- 74) FALSE
- 75) FALSE
- 76) FALSE
- 77) FALSE
- 78) FALSE
- 79) TRUE
- 80) A functional food is a food that has a positive effect on health beyond providing basic nutrients. Naturally occurring phytochemicals and zoochemicals are found in whole grains, fruits, vegetables, fish, dairy products, and healthy vegetable oils. These foods can be part of a healthy diet based on the MyPyramid pattern. Packaged functional foods can be consumed with attention to avoiding overconsumption of one compound. A registered dietitian (RD) can provide advice on the benefits of functional foods in the diet and how to balance them with food intake.
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- 86) A person can be obese due to an excessive intake of calories but still not be getting the required amounts of nutrients and can therefore be malnourished. Malnourishment is the long-term outcome of consuming a diet that doesn't meet nutrient needs, or malnutrition.
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