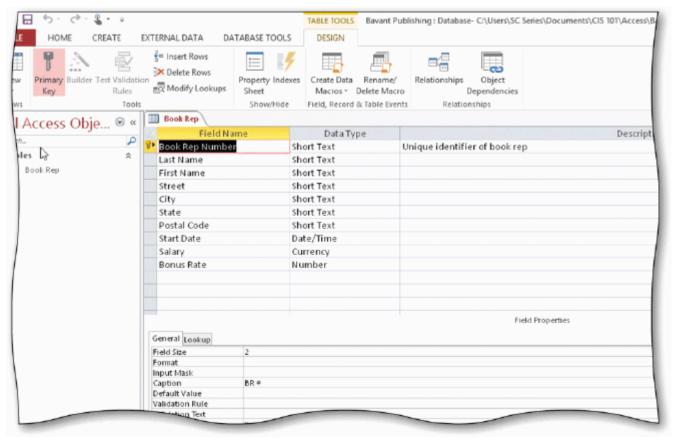
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Access Chapter 1 — Databases and Database Objects: An Introduction

MUL	TIPLE CHOICE				
1.	Access is a a. word processin b. file managemen				workbook management system database management system
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 2
2.	In a(n) databaeach of which conta. tabular b. record			on a specific so	Access, a database consists of a collection of tables, ubject. attribute relational
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 2
3.	A(n) contains a. attribute b. record	informat	ion abo	c.	on, product, or event. field column
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 3
4.	words are wo fields. a. Reserved b. Restricted	rds that h	ave a sp	c.	to Access and cannot be used for the names of Significant Tagged
	ANS: A	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 4
5.	In Access, table and a. 256 b. 128	d field na	mes can	c.	characters in length. 64 32
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
6.	A field whose data a. Alpha b. Character ANS: D		can	c. d.	Normal Short Text
7.	A(n) data type total number of chara. Memo b. Long Text			ed 255.	text or combination of text and numbers where the Variable Character
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
8.	A field with the Access will increm a. Sequential b. ValueIncrement	ent the nu		y 1 as each nev c.	sequential number that Access assigns to a record. w record is added. Incremental AutoNumber

	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
9.	A field with the spreadsheet.	_ data ty	pe car	n contain an atta	ched file, such as an image, document, chart, or
	a. Attachmentb. File				Document Extend
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		AC 9
10.	A field whose data to the table.	type is	ca	n store an OLE	object, which is an object linked to or embedded in
	a. Illustrationb. Image				Bitmap OLE object
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
11.	A field whose data to a. URL b. Web	ype is _	ca	c.	can be used as a hyperlink address. Placeholder Hyperlink
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
12.	When you assign a(name, in datasheets a. alternate b. caption			c.	display the value you assign, rather than the field abbreviation tag
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 10
13.	When you create a t field in the table.	able in D)atash	eet view, Access	s automatically adds a field called as the first
	a. AutoNumberb. AutoFill				ID PrimaryID
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 11
14.	To define an additional New Field b. Add Field				or click the column heading. Click to Add Insert Field
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 14
15.	To undo the most re Toolbar.	cent cha	nge to	a table structure	e, tap or click the button on the Quick Access
	a. Cancelb. Reverse				Back Undo
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15
16.	To delete a field in a or click on the	_		_	click the column heading for the field, and then tap
	a. Remove Fieldb. Delete Field			c.	Delete Column Remove Column

	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15
17.	To change the name click on the shoa. Change Column b. Rename Column	ortcut m		ype the c.	ght-click the column heading for the field, tap or desired field name. Change Field Rename Field
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15
18.	To show the symbol whose data type is C a. Field Size b. Format			c.	Caption Description
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15
19.				or click c.	hold or right-click the column heading for the field on the shortcut menu. Add Column Add Field
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15-AC 16
20.	To open a table in Do tap or click on	_	_	old or 1	right-click the table in the Navigation Pane and then
	a. Table Designb. Layout View				Structure View Design View
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 17



21.	In the accompanying field indicates that B		_	opears in the row selector for the Book Rep Number for the table.
	a. principal keyb. foreign key			main key primary key
	ANS: D	PTS: 1	REF:	AC 17
22.	In the accompanying a. Structure view b. Design view	figure, the Book Ro	c.	splays in Layout view Table view
	ANS: B	PTS: 1	REF:	AC 17
23.	a. row selectorb. field selector	•	c. d.	o the left of each field is called the field bar current field bar
	ANS: A	PTS: 1	REF:	AC 18
24.	To add a record to a a. Add New b. New (blank)	table, tap or click th	c.	ord button. Last Insert (New)
	ANS: B	PTS: 1	REF:	AC 23

25. You can place an insertion point by tapping or clicking in the field or by pressing _____.

	a. F2b. F3				F4 F5
	ANS: A	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 23
26.	To delete a record, to a. CTRL+DELETE b. CTRL+Y		ck the record s	c.	for the record, and then press the key(s). DELETE CTRL+K
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 23
27.				ck Proo	e rules, tap or click FILE to open the Backstage fing in the dialog box that displays. Options Grammar
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 23
28.	To save the changes a. status bar b. TABLE TOOLS		ayout of a table	c.	click the Save button on the Navigation Pane Quick Access Toolbar
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 28
29.	To change the print of PREVIEW tab. a. Portrait/Landsca b. Orientation		on from portra	c.	dscape, tap or click the button on the PRINT Switch Orientation Landscape
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 31
30.	To import data to a t a. DATABASE TO b. FILE		or click the _	c.	on the ribbon. EXTERNAL DATA IMPORT
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 33
31.	To open the Navigation a. Open Navigation b. Open Pane		e, tap or click t	he c. d.	
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 40
32.	To create a query usi Wizard button. a. CREATE b. INSERT	ing the (Query Wizard,	-	lick on the ribbon and then click the Query NEW OBJECT REPORT
	ANS: A	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 40
33.	To view the results of and tap or clicka. Datasheet View				d or right-click the query in the Navigation Pane Results View
	b. Open				Run

	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 42-AC 43
34.	To change the desig then tap or clicka. Open	_			right-click the query in the Navigation Pane and Query Window
	b. SQL			d.	Design View
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 42
35.		eport th	at can be modif		Layout view, tap or click on the CREATE tab.
	a. Layout				Report
	b. Report Layout			d.	
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 49
36.	_	or click	the buttor		right side of the title bar.
	a. Quitb. Stop				End Close
	ANS: D	PTS:	1		AC 56
37.	Backstage view.		t is currently op	en, use	the command on the Save As tab in the
	a. Close and Back				Save As Back Up
	b. Back Up Curren	ıt		d.	Back Up Database
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 56
38.		air a dat	abase, tap or cl	ick the _	button in the Info gallery in the Backstage view.
	a. Restore			C.	1
	b. Fix			d.	Compact & Repair
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 57
39.	To delete a database or click on the	-	_	or right	e-click the object in the Navigation Pane and then tap
	a. Erase				Delete
	b. Trash			d.	Remove
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 58
40.	To rename a databastap or click on			d or rigl	nt-click the object in the Navigation Pane and then
	a. New Name				Rename
	b. Redefine			d.	Save Name
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 58
MUL	ΓIPLE RESPONSE				
	Modified Multiple	Choice			
1.	File names cannot co	ontain a	(n)		

	a. question mark (? b. colon (:)	')			space underscore (_)
	ANS: A, B	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 7
2.	Field names cannot of a. square brackets of b. periods (.)		·		hyphens (-) accent graves (')
	ANS: A, B, D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
3.	The Access window a. Navigation Pane b. Content pane		s of a variety of	c.	onents. These include the Object tabs Quick Access Toolbar
	ANS: A, C, D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
4.	A field with a Yes/N a. True/False b. One/Zero	o data t	ype can store o	c.	of two values. The choices are Yes/No On/Off
	ANS: A, C, D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
5.	You can create a tab a. Design view b. Blank view	le in			Layout view Datasheet view
	ANS: A, D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 10
TRUI	E/FALSE				
1.	In Access, the column	ns in a	table are called	records	S.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 3
2.	A unique identifier a	lso is ca	alled a primary	key.	
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 3
3.	In Access, field nam	es cann	ot contain digit	S.	
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
4.	The Navigation Pane	e contain	ns a list of all tl	ne objec	ets in the database.
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
5.	In Datasheet view, a	table is	represented as	a collec	ction of rows and columns called a list.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
6.	The maximum numb	er of ch	aracters allowe	ed in a f	ield whose data type is Short Text is 255 characters.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: AC 9

7. Fields that contain numbers but will not be used for arithmetic operations usually are assigned a data type of Memo.

ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: AC 9

8. The Currency data type is used for fields that contain only monetary data.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: AC 9

9. The Character data type is used for a field that can store a variable amount of text or combinations of text and numbers where the total number of characters may exceed 255.

ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: AC 9

10. When Access first creates a database, it automatically creates a table.

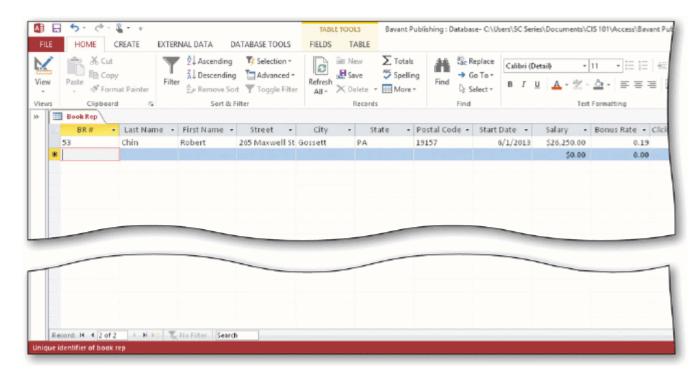
ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: AC 11

11. One way to undo changes to a field is to click the Undo button on the status bar.

ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: AC 15

12. The AutoError Correction feature of Access corrects common data entry errors.

ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: AC 23



13. As shown in the accompanying figure, you can move to the end of a table to a position for entering a new record by clicking the Insert record Navigation button.

	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 26
14.	As shown in the accepte the table.	ompany	ing figure, you	can use	e the Last record button to move to the last record in
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 26
15.	As shown in the according record Navigation by		ing figure, you	can mo	eve to the first record in a table by clicking the Start
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 26
16.	Changing the colum	n width	in a datasheet	changes	the structure of a table.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 28
17.	Landscape orientation	on mean	s the printout is	s across	the length (height) of the page.
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 29
18.	To print a wide data orientation.	base tab	ele, a table who	se conte	ents do not fit on the screen, you will need portrait
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 29
19.	To preview and then	print th	ne contents of a	table, u	se Table Preview.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 30
20.	Form view displays	a single	record at a tim	e.	
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 45
21.	Layout view shows	a report	on the screen a	nd allo	ws the user to make changes to the report.
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 50
22.	Standard properties subject.	are asso	ciated with all	Microso	oft Office documents and include author, title, and
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 54
23.	The DATABASE TO	OOLS to	ab provides cor	nmands	to save a database with another name.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 57
24.	Each customer has o		c rep, but each l	ook rej	p can have many customers. This is an example of a
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 62

	ANS:	Т	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 62	
MOD	IFIED T	ΓRUE/FALSE	E				
1.				pes a database ecific subject.			ellection of tables, each of which
	ANS:	F, relational					
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 2			
2.		that has the Ca			store a	unique sequ	uential number that Access assigns to a
	ANS:	F, AutoNumbe	er				
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9			
3.				d, press and ho the shortcut m			column heading for the field, and then
	ANS:	Т			PTS:	1	REF: AC 15
4.				•		•	t-click the column heading for the field mn on the shortcut menu.
	ANS:	F, Field					
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15-AC 16			
5.				old or right-clic t menu			ing for the field, and then tap or click
	ANS:	F, Delete					
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15			
COM	PLETIC	ON					
1.	data in		ask and				eate a database; add, change, and delete lata in the database; and create forms
	ANS:	database mana	gement	system			
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 2			

25. Redundancy means storing the same fact in more than one place.

2	The serve in	41. 4 . 1. 1	
<i>Z</i> .	The rows in	the tables are called	

ANS: records

PTS: 1 REF: AC 3

3. A(n) _____ contains a specific piece of information within a record.

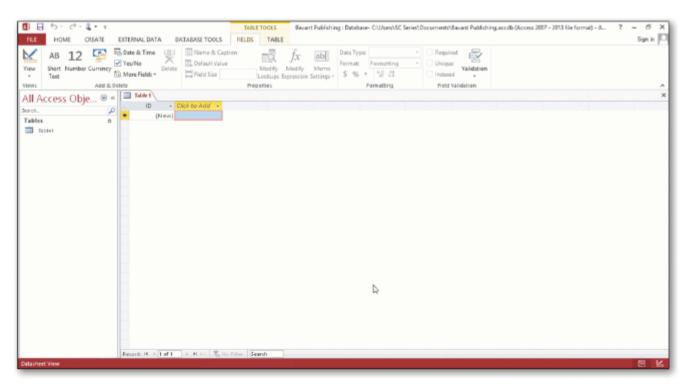
ANS: field

PTS: 1 REF: AC 3

4. A unique identifier also is called a(n) ______.

ANS: primary key

PTS: 1 REF: AC 3



5. In the accompanying figure, the ______ Pane contains a list of all the objects in the database.

ANS: Navigation

PTS: 1 REF: AC 7

6. In the accompanying figure, the words Datasheet View at the lower left of the screen appear on the

ANS: status bar

	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 7
7.		accompanying		the entire area that displays on the screen is called the ork area.
	ANS:	Access		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 7
8.	In the work a		g figure,	for the open objects appear at the top of the
	ANS:	object tabs		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 7
9.		accompanying	_	the database name, Bavant Publishing appears on the
	ANS:	title bar		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 7
10.				the buttons at the bottom-right edge of the screen are ttons, which you use to change the view that is currently displayed.
	ANS:	View		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 7
11.	The _			_ data type in Access is referred to as Money in SQL Server.
	ANS:	Currency		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
12.	The Si		type rep	places the data type in previous editions of
	ANS:	Text		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
13.			vie	ew has more functionality for creating a table than Datasheet view.
	ANS:	Design		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 10
14.				in Datasheet view, tap or click the column , and then type the field name.

	ANS:	Click to Add		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 14
15.				isting fields, press and hold or right-click the column heading for the field d, and then tap or click on the shortcut menu.
	ANS:	Insert Field		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 15-AC 16
16.	reduci	y encourages ung the electricies, and related t	ty cons	contribute to computing, which involves sumed and environmental waste generated when using computers, mobile ogies.
	ANS:	green		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 29
17.	A hard paper.	l copy or		is information that exists on a physical medium such as
	ANS:	printout		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 29
18.	databa		ref	fers to the process of determining the tables and fields that make up the
	ANS:	Database desi	gn	
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 58
19.	The de	etermination of	databa	se requirements is part of a process known as
	ANS:	systems analy	rsis	
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 58
20.	Desig	gning to omit _		will help to produce good and valid database designs.
	ANS:	redundancy		
	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 63
MAT	CHING	}		
	Identif	y the letter of	the choi	ice that best matches the phrase or definition.

f. Currency g. Metadata

a. AutoNumber

b. Layout view

c. DBDL

d. Report view

e. Long Text

h. Print Preview

i. Short Text

i. status bar

- 1. Field can store a variable amount of text or combinations of text and numbers where the total number of characters may exceed 255.
- 2. Presents information about the database object, the progress of current tasks, and the status of certain commands and keys.
- 3. Field can contain any characters and the total numbers of characters cannot exceed 255.
- 4. Field can contain only monetary data.
- 5. Field can store a unique sequential number that Access assigns to the record.
- 6. A commonly accepted shorthand representation for showing the structure of a relational database.
- 7. View that shows a report as it will appear when printed.
- 8. View that shows a report on the screen and allows changes to the report.
- 9. View that shows a report on the screen and does not allow changes to the report.
- 10. Can include such information as the file's author, title, or subject.

1.	ANS:	E	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
2.	ANS:	J	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 8
3.	ANS:	I	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
4.	ANS:	F	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
5.	ANS:	A	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 9
6.	ANS:	C	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 58
7.	ANS:	H	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 50
8.	ANS:	В	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 50
9.	ANS:	D	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 50
10.	ANS:	G	PTS:	1	REF:	AC 54

ESSAY

1. Discuss the difference between the way Access saves a record and the way Excel saves a row in a worksheet.

ANS:

In Access, as soon as you move to another record, the record is saved. No separate save step exists. In Excel, data entered into rows is not saved until the entire worksheet is saved.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 22 TOP: Critical Thinking

Customer Number	Customer Name	Street	 Book Rep Number	Last Name	First Name
ASU37	Applewood State University	300 University Ave.	 42	Perez	Melina
BCJ21	Brodkin Junior College	4806 Park Dr.	 42	Perez	Melina
CSD25	Cowpens ISD	829 Wooster Ave.	 53	Chin	Robert
CSU10	Camellia State University	725 Camellia St.	 53	Chin	Robert
DCC34	Dartt Community College	3827 Burgess Dr.	 65	Rogers	Tracy

2. In the accompanying figure, book rep names appear more than once in the table. Storing this data on multiple records is an example of redundancy which can cause several problems.

What are these problems? What is the solution to the problem?

ANS:

Redundancy causes the following problems:

- 1. Wasted storage space. The same name is stored more than once. It should be stored only once.
- 2. More complex database updates. If the same name is stored more than once and the individual's name changes, then the name would need to be changed in several different places.
- 3. A possibility of inconsistent data. There is nothing to prohibit a name being changed on one record and not on another.

The solution to the problem is to place the redundant data in a separate table.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 63 TOP: Critical Thinking

3. When you create a database, you should follow some general guidelines for database design. What are these nine guidelines?

ANS:

The nine guidelines are:

- 1. Identify the tables that will be included in the database.
- 2. Determine the primary keys for each of the tables.
- 3. Determine the additional fields that should be included in each of the tables.
- 4. Determine relationships between the tables.
- 5. Determine data types for the fields in the tables.
- 6. Determine additional properties for fields.
- 7. Identify and remove any unwanted redundancy.
- 8. Determine a storage location for the database.
- 9. Determine the best method for distributing the database objects.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 64 TOP: Critical Thinking

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CASE

Critical Thinking Questions

Case 1-1

Joe has been asked to create a Special Projects database for his company. The database is to track employees and the special projects to which the employees may be assigned. A special project can have between 2 and 5 employees assigned to it. He has determined that he needs the following tables:

Employee (Social Security Number, Last Name, First Name, Street Address, City, State, Postal Code, Hourly Pay Rate, Project Code)

Project (Project Code, Project Name, Total Hours, Completion Date)

1. Which field in the Employee table should be the primary key and why?

ANS:

Social Security Number should be the primary key because the values in the field will be unique for each record.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 60 TOP: Critical Thinking

2. Which field in the Project table should be the primary key and why?

ANS:

Project Code should be the primary key because you can assign unique values to the field.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 60 TOP: Critical Thinking

Critical Thinking Questions

Case 1-2

Now that Joe has created the tables and determined the primary and foreign keys, he needs to determine the data types for the fields in each table.

3. What data type should Joe use for the Completion Date field?

ANS:

Joe should use the Date & Time data type because dates will be stored in the field.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 9 TOP: Critical Thinking

4. What data type should Joe use for the Social Security Number field? Why?

ANS:

Joe should use the Short Text data type. Even though the field contains numbers, the field will not be used for arithmetic operations.

PTS: 1 REF: AC 9 TOP: Critical Thinking