## Medical Terminology A Programmed Approach 2nd Edition Bostwick Solutions Manual

Bostwick & Weber Medical Terminology 2E Chapter 2

## **Chapter 2: Word Roots and Combining Forms**

#### Overview

• The word root is the foundation or base for each medical term. It is the basis for what a person is trying to relate in this new language.

## **Learning Outcomes**

After completing this chapter, the student should be able to:

- 2.1 Describe how word roots and combining forms are put together to form medical terms.
- 2.2 Recognize and use common medical word roots related to body parts or elements.
- 2.3 Recognize and use common medical word roots related to sensations or feelings.
- 2.4 Recognize and use common medical word roots related to factor and quality.
- 2.5 Recognize and use common medical word roots related to condition or condition-related.
- 2.6 Recognize and use common medical word roots related to position or location.
- 2.7 Recognize and use common medical word roots related to body processes.
- 2.8 Interpret and use common miscellaneous word roots and combining forms.

### **Lecture Outline**

- Case Study (LO 2.1)
  - The student is reviewing the patient's medical record and which states the patient has cardiomyopathy. The student recognizes cardio- as heart, but does not understand what the term is.

## LO 2.1

- The word root is the foundation or base for each medical term. When constructing medical terms, the word root is commonly the focus and the first part of the word to begin building with.
- The word root can also be the first place to start when trying to deconstruct an unfamiliar word to figure out its definition

### LO 2.2

 Overview of basic word roots and combining forms related to body parts or elements of the body structure.

### LO 2.3

 Word roots/combining forms are used to describe a patient's sensation or feelings he or she is experiencing.

### LO 2.4

 Medical terms related to factor or quality of a specific foundation word root/combining form.

#### LO 2.5

 Basic word roots and combining forms related to a condition or condition-related disease processes.

### LO 2.6

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• Basic word roots/combining forms related to position or location on the body.

# LO 2.7

• Word roots/combining forms for the student to start becoming familiar with basic body processes.

# LO 2.8

• Miscellaneous word roots/combining forms

# **Lesson Plan**

	Time	Activity and	Materials	Learning
		Instruction		Outcomes
Introduction	5 minutes	Discuss tips for		2.1
		learning		
		combining terms		
		with students		
		Introduce the		
		topics for chapter		
	40	2.		2120
Lecture	40 minutes	Forming		2.1-2.8
		Medical Terms		
		1. Discuss word		
		building rules		
		2. Emphasize the		
		importance of		
		learning the basic		
		rules and how		
		that will enable		
		the students to		
		understand many		
		more terms than		
		they actually		
		learn.		
		3. This section		
		includes many		
		basic medical		
		combining		
		forms. Identify		
		combining terms		
		with students		
<b>Active Learning</b>	10 minutes	Any activity		
and Practice		below		

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Review	5 minutes	Review terms
Assignment		Complete
		questions within
		and end of
		chapter

# **Discussion Topics**

- Remind students on the importance of learning medical terminology.
- Emphasize importance of learning basic rules to as it will assist with understanding.

## **Written Assignments**

- Have students create flash cards for all combing terms
- Have students spell selected words that you read aloud to them

## **Group Activities**

- Have students practice with flash cards in small groups
- Using a student's set of flash cards, quiz students on combing terms.

## **Internet Activity**

• Using the Internet, have students identify how medical terminology will be used in their future discipline.

#### **Exercises**

# **Chapter 2: Combing Terms**

Identify the combining forms that best fits the definition.

1. Sugars
2. Fat
3. Immature cells
4. Iron
5. Tube
6. Cold
7. Sound
8. Light
9. Masculine
10. Hidden
11. Blue
12. White
13. Black
14. Hard, hardening
15. Yellow
16. Fever, fire, heat
17. Cancer
18 Disease

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19. Back	
20. Straight, normal	

## **Answer Key**

## **Chapter 2: Combing Terms**

- 1. Gluc(o)
- 2. Lip(o)
- 3. Blast(o)
- 4. Sider(o)
- 5. Syring(o)
- 6. Cry(o)
- 7. Son(o)
- 8. Phot(o)
- 9. Andr(o)
- 10. Crypt(o)
- 11. Cyan(o)
- 11. Cyan(0)
- 12. Leuk(o)
- 13. Melan(o)
- 14. Scler(o)
- 15. Xanth(o)
- 16. Pyr(o)
- 17. Carcin(o)
- 18. Path(o)
- 19. Dors(o)
- 20. Orth(o)

### **Critical Thinking**

- 1. The word root contains the basic meaning of the word.
- 2. The prefix attaches to the beginning of the combining form.
- 3. The suffix attaches to the end of the combing form.

# **Clinical Applications**

- 1. Understanding combing forms will allow the health care provider to understand documentation in the medical record.
- 2. The learning the word roots will assist the health care provider to understand diseases, procedures and care being provided to the patient.