Income Tax Fundamentals 2019 37th Edition Whittenburg Test Bank

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Class: Name:

Chapter 1 - The Individual Income Tax Return

- 1. Which of the following is <u>not</u> a goal of the tax law?
 - a. Encouraging certain social goals such as contributions to charity.
 - b. Encouraging certain economic goals such as a thriving business community.
 - c. Encouraging smaller families.
 - d. Raising revenue to operate the government.
 - e. None of the above are goals of the tax law.

ANSWER: c

- 2. Which one of the following provisions was passed by Congress to meet a social goal of the tax law?
 - a. The deduction for job hunting expenses.
 - b. The charitable deduction.
 - c. The moving expense deduction for adjusted gross income.
 - d. The deduction for soil and water conservation costs available to farmers.
 - e. None of the above.

ANSWER: b

3. List two general objectives of the tax code.

ANSWER: The tax code promotes social goals, economic goals, and raising revenue.

- 4. Mark a "Yes" to each of the following if it is an objective of the tax code. Otherwise mark with a "No."
- a. To provide a car to each American.
- b. To promote giving to charities.
- c. To encourage taxpayers to send their children to college.
- d. To raise money to operate the government.
- e. To promote the use of solar energy.

ANSWER: a. No

- b. Yes
- c. Yes
- d. Yes
- e. Yes
- 5. The US federal tax law's sole purpose is to raise revenue.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: False

- 6. Which of the following is not a goal of the tax law?
 - a. Ensuring that all persons pay the same amount of tax.
 - b. Economic goals such as reduction in unemployment.
 - c. Social goals such as lowering the cost of adoption.
 - d. Raise adequate revenue to operate the government.

ANSWER: a

- 7. A corporation is a reporting entity but *not* a tax-paying entity.
 - a. True
 - b. False

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Chapter 1 - The Individual Income Tax l	<u>Return</u>		
ANSWER: False			
8. Partnership capital gains and losses are a	llocated separately to each of the partne	ers.	
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER: True			
9. Wesley has a fairly simple tax situation wishes to use the easiest possible tax form. a. Form 1040EZ		est amount of interest income. Wesley	
b. Form 1040A			
c. Form 1040			
d. Form 1065			
e. None of the above			
ANSWER: c			
10. Which of the following forms may be fi	iled by individual taxpayers?		
a. Form 1040			
b. Form 1041			
c. Form 1065			
d. Form 1120			
e. None of the above			
ANSWER: a			
11. Partnerships:			
a. Are not taxable entities.			
b. Are taxed in the same manner as ind	lividuals.		
c. File tax returns on Form 1120.			
d. File tax returns on Form 1041.			
ANSWER: a			
12. Which of the following is correct?			
a. An individual is a reporting entity but	ut not a taxable entity.		
h A northership is a taxable entity and	a raparting antity		

- b. A partnership is a taxable entity and a reporting entity.
- c. A corporation is a reporting entity but not a taxable entity.
- d. A partnership is a reporting entity but not a taxable entity.

ANSWER: d

- 13. Schedule 1 of Form 1040 is used to report:
 - a. Salary income.
 - b. Joint return status.
 - c. Withholding on wages.
 - d. Self-employment income.

ANSWER: d

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14. Partnership income is reported on:		
a. Form 1040PTR.		
b. Form 1120S.		
c. Form 1040X.		
d. Form 1065.		
ANSWER: d		
15. Depending on the amounts of income and other tax in	nformation, some inc	dividuals may report their income on:
a. Form 1040A.		
b. Form 1065.		
c. Form 1120. d. Form 1041.		
e. None of these.		
ANSWER: e		
 16. Mark each of the following as a taxable entity, a reportant a. Individuals b. Corporations c. Partnerships ANSWER: a. Taxable and reporting entity b. Taxable and reporting entity c. Reporting entity 	orting entity, or both	
17. List if a form is used for an individual, a corporation,	or a partnership tax	return.
a. Form 1065b. Schedule A, Itemized Deductions		
c. Form 1040		
d. Form 1120		
e. Schedule B, Interest and Dividends		
ANSWER: a. Partnership b. Individual		
c. Individual		
d. Corporatione. Individual		
18 Distinguish between reporting antities and touchle an	tities and sive exem	plos of anah
18. Distinguish between reporting entities and taxable en <i>ANSWER:</i> A partnership is an example of a reporting e		
and the ellection of income on less to north		

ANSWER: A partnership is an example of a reporting entity. It pays no tax but must report partnership income or loss and the allocation of income or loss to partners. Individuals, corporations, estates, and certain trusts are examples of taxable entities whose income is subject to federal income taxation.

- 19. Which of the following is not considered one of the five basic taxable or reporting entities?
 - a. Partnership
 - b. Corporation
 - c. Portfolio
 - d. Individual
 - e. Trust

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ANSWER: c		
	standard deduction amount by filing separa	ate returns.
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
21. An item is <i>not</i> included in gross inco	ome unless the tax law specifies that the ite	m is subject to taxation.
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
gross income.	eductions, the standard deduction amount is	s subtracted from the taxpayer's adjusted
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
file separate returns. They have no dedu	2018, Eugene earned \$25,000 and Velma actions for adjusted gross income. Eugene's eductions are \$4,000. Assuming Eugene and ncome?	itemized deductions are \$14,200 so he
b. \$14,000		
c. \$21,950		
d. \$26,000		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: d		
24. An individual is a head of household a. \$12,000	d. What is her standard deduction?	
b. \$9,350		
c. \$18,000		
d. None of the above		
ANSWER: c		
file separate returns. They have no dedu Velma's are \$4,000. Assuming Eugene	2018, Eugene earned \$25,000 and Velma extions for adjusted gross income. Eugene's and Velma do not live in a community propriized deductions, what is Eugene's taxable	itemized deductions are \$14,200 and perty state and Eugene deducts the
a. \$10,800		
b. \$18,000		
c. \$1,000		
d. \$21,000		

e. None of the above

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ANSWER: a		
26. Oscar and Mary have no dependents a wages) of \$140,000 and itemized deduction report on their 2018 income tax return? a. \$116,000 b. \$93,600 c. \$102,000 d. \$110,000 e. \$140,000		
ANSWER: d		
27. Barry is age 45 and a single taxpayer. Barry claims no dependents on his 2018 i		
 a. His personal exemption amount b. Barry's taxable income ANSWER: a. \$0. No personal exempt b. \$5,000=\$17,000 - \$12, 		
 Greater of itemized deduction 	Gross income s for adjusted gross income Adjusted gross income	?
29. Mary is age 33 and a single taxpayer withree dependent children and has itemized tax return:		
a. Mary's standard or itemized deductiob. Mary's taxable income	n amount	
ANSWER: a. \$18,000 b. \$11,400= \$29,400 - \$18	8,000	
30. Kenzie is a research scientist in Tallah children. Kenzie's total wages for 2018 w Calculate the income tax due or income ta formula for individuals and show your wo ANSWER: Gross income	ere \$60,500 from which \$5,900 of feder ax refund on Kenzie and Gary's 2018 inc	al income tax was withheld. lividual income tax return. Use the tax
Deductions for adjusted gros	ss income	<u>0</u>
Adjusted gross income Standard deduction	60,50 (24,000	

\$36,500

\$4,002

Taxable income

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Tax withheld (5,900)Refund due (5,900)

- 31. Betty, age 39, and Steve, age 50, are married with two dependent children. They file a joint return for 2018. Their income from salaries totals \$165,000; they receive \$1,000 in taxable interest and \$2,000 in royalties. Their deductions for adjusted gross income amount to \$3,100; they have itemized deductions totaling \$41,000. Calculate the following amounts:
- a. Gross income
- b. Adjusted gross income
- c. Itemized deduction or standard deduction amount
- d. Deduction for exemptions
- e. Taxable income
- f. Regular income tax liability from rate schedules

ANSWER:

- a. \$168,000 = \$165,000 + \$1,000 + \$2,000
- b. **\$164,900** = \$168,000 \$3,100
- c. \$41,000
- d. **\$0**
- e. **\$123,900** = \$164,900 \$41,000
- f. $\$19,137 = \$8,907 + ((\$123,900 \$77,400) \times 22\%)$
- 32. Melissa is a 35-year-old single taxpayer with adjusted gross income of \$49,600. She uses the standard deduction and has no dependents.
- a. Calculate Melissa's 2018 taxable income. Please show your work.
- b. When you calculate Melissa's tax liability, are you required to use the tax tables or the tax rate schedules, or does it matter?
- c. What is Melissa's tax liability?

ANSWER: a. \$37,600 = \$49,600 - \$12,000

- b. Taxpayers with income less than \$100,000 must use the tax tables.
- c. **\$4,325**
- 33. Steven, age 35 and single, is a commodities broker. His salary for 2018 is \$111,500 and he has taxable interest income of \$40,000. He has no deductions for adjusted gross income. His itemized deductions are \$31,000. Steven does not have any dependents.
- a. What is the amount of his adjusted gross income?
- b. What are his allowable itemized deductions?
- c. What is his deduction for personal exemptions?
- d. What is his taxable income?
- e. What is his regular tax liability from the tax rate schedules?

ANSWER: a. \$151,500 = \$111,500 + \$40,000

- b. **\$31,000**
- c. **\$0**
- d. **\$120,500**= \$151,500 \$31,000
- e. \$23,209.50[tax rate schedule: $\$14,089.50 + [(\$120,500 \$82,500) \times 24\%]$]
- 34. Nathan is 24 years old, single, and works as an accountant in a salmon cannery in Alaska. His total wages for 2018 were \$32,000. Federal income tax of \$4,500 was withheld from his wages. His only other income was \$260 of interest and

he had no deductible expenses.

Calculate the income tax due or income tax refund on Nathan's 2018 individual income tax return. Use the tax formula for individuals and show your work.

ANCWED.	Gross income	\$32,260
ANSWEN.	Gross income	\$32,200
	Deductions for adjusted gross income	0
	Adjusted gross income	32,260
	Standard deduction	(12,000)
	Taxable income	<u>\$20,260</u>
	Gross tax liability (from tax table)	\$2,243
	Tax withheld	(4,500)
	Refund due	\$(2,257)

- 35. In 2018, Len has a salary of \$40,700 from his job. He also has interest income of \$400. Len is single and has no dependents. During the year, Len sold stock held as an investment for a \$10,000 loss. Calculate the following amounts for Len:
- Adjusted gross income
- Standard deduction b.
- Taxable income c.
- Tax liability
- Explain the tax treatment of the loss from the stock sale

- **ANSWER:** a. \$38.100 = \$40.700 + \$400 \$3.000
 - b. \$12,000
 - c. \$26,100 = \$38,100 \$12,000
 - d. **\$2.945** (tax table)
 - Up to \$3,000 of net capital loss per year can be deducted from ordinary income; the
 - unused portion of \$7,000 is carried forward.
- 36. Roger, age 39, and Lucy, age 37, are married taxpayers who file a joint income tax return for 2018. They have gross income of \$26,100. Their deductions for adjusted gross income are \$550 and they have itemized deductions of \$5,400. If Roger and Lucy have no dependents for 2018, calculate the following amounts:
- Their adjusted gross income a.
- h. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- Their taxable income

ANSWER:

- a. **\$25,550** = \$26,100 \$550
- b. \$24,000
- **\$1,550** = \$25,550 \$24,000
- 37. Hansel and Gretel are married taxpayers who file a joint income tax return for 2018. They have no dependents. On their 2018 income tax return, they have adjusted gross income of \$62,000 and total itemized deductions of \$4,000. What is their taxable income?

ANSWER: \$38,000 = \$62,000 - \$24,000

38. Rod, age 50, and Ann, age 49, are married taxpayers who file a joint return for 2018. They have gross income of \$150,700. Their deductions for adjusted gross income are \$5,100 and they have itemized deductions of \$18,000, consisting of \$10,000 in state income taxes and \$8,000 in mortgage interest expense. If they have no dependents for 2018, calculate the following amounts:

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- a. Their adjusted gross income
- b. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- c. Their taxable income

ANSWER: a. \$145,600 = \$150,700 - \$5,100

b. **\$24,000**

c. **\$121,600** = \$145,600 - \$24,000

- 39. Theodore, age 74, and Maureen, age 59, are married taxpayers with two dependents. Their adjusted gross income for the 2018 tax year is \$43,600, and they have itemized deductions of \$7,800. Determine the following for Theodore and Maureen's 2018 income tax return:
- a. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- b. Their taxable income

ANSWER:

a. **\$25,300** = \$24,000 + \$1,300 b. **\$18,300** = \$43,600 - \$25,300

- 40. George, age 67, and Linda, age 60, are married taxpayers with three dependent children. Their adjusted gross income for the 2018 tax year is \$142,000. They have itemized deductions of \$24,000. Determine the following for their joint tax return for 2018:
- a. Exemption deduction amount
- b. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- c. Taxable income

ANSWER:

a. **\$0**

b. **\$25,300** (\$24,000 + \$1,300)

c. **\$116,700** = \$142,000 - \$25,300

- 41. What is the difference between the <u>standard deduction</u> and <u>itemized deductions</u>?
- ANSWER: The <u>standard deduction</u> is a flat amount, varying based on a taxpayer's filing status (single, married, head of household, etc.), age, and vision, which is deducted from adjusted gross income (AGI) along with and qualified business income deductions to arrive at taxable income.

 <u>Itemized deductions</u> are expenses paid by a taxpayer including medical expenses (over the 7.5 percent of

AGI limit), various taxes (up to \$10,000), home mortgage interest and investment interest, charitable contributions, certain personal casualty losses and miscellaneous deductions (not subject to the 2 percent of AGI limit). If the total itemized deductions are larger than the taxpayer's standard deduction, the taxpayer should complete Schedule A, listing all itemized deductions, and use this amount instead of the standard deduction. By itemizing deductions when they are larger than the standard deduction, taxpayers may reduce their taxable income and pay less tax.

- 42. For each of the following situations, indicate whether the taxpayer(s) is(are) required to file a tax return for 2018. Explain your answer.
- a. Debra, age 68, and Jerry, age 70, are married and file a joint return. They received \$24,500 in interest income from a savings account.
- b. Margie is a single taxpayer with wages in 2018 of \$8,400 and interest income of \$200.
- Janie, age 30, and Scott, age 28, are married and file a joint tax return. They had \$17,000 in
- c. earnings from wages.
- d. Kim, age 20, is a single college student who is claimed as a dependent by her parents. She *Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.*

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earned Stefan	\$2,000 ie, a 25-y	from a part-time job and	I has \$450 in interest income. , has wages of \$1,500, from which \$80) of federal
ANSWER.	a. ad b. No c. No d. \$3	d up to \$26,600, more to the income of \$8,600 is less. The income of \$17,00 es. Gross income is more \$50).	on of \$24,000 plus 2 additional standar han the income of \$24,500. ess than the \$12,000 standard deduction is less than the \$24,000 standard deep than the larger of \$1,050 or \$2,350 (and to file a tax return, but she must file withheld.	on. duction. earned income of \$2,000 plus
43. A taxpa a. True b. Fals ANSWER	e e	self-employment incon	ne of \$600 must file a tax return.	
44. A deper a. True b. Fals	e e	ild with earned income i	n excess of the available standard ded	uction amount must file a tax return.
45. A single must file a a. True b. Fals	tax retur e e		ent on another's return, not blind and u	inder age 65, with income of \$11,750
46. If a taxy a. True b. Fals ANSWER	e e	due a refund, it will be n	nailed to the taxpayer regardless of wh	nether he or she files a tax return.
47. Taxpay a. True b. Fals	e	self-employment incom	e of \$400 or more must file a tax retur	m.

- 48. Which of the following taxpayers does *not* have to file a tax return for 2018?
 - a. A single taxpayer who is under age 65, with income of \$13,500.
 - b. Married taxpayers (ages 45 and 50 years), filing jointly, with income of \$26,000.
 - c. A student, age 22, with unearned income of \$2,500 who is claimed as a dependent by her parents.
 - d. A qualifying widow (age 67) with a dependent child and income of \$18,800.
 - e. All of the above.

ANSWER: True

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ANSWER: d

- 49. In which of the following situations is the taxpayer *not* required to file a 2018 income tax return?
 - a. When an individual has a current year income tax refund and would like to obtain it.
 - b. When the taxpayer is a single 67-year-old with wages of \$9,800.
 - c. When the taxpayer is a 35-year-old head of household with wages of \$18,800.
 - d. When the taxpayer is a 69-year-old widow (spouse died 3 years ago) with wages of \$16,500 and no dependents.
 - e. When the taxpayers are a married couple with both spouses under 65 years old with wages of \$26,000.

ANSWER: b

- 50. All of the following factors are important in determining whether an individual is required to file an income tax return, *except*:
 - a. The taxpayer's filing status.
 - b. The taxpayer's gross income.
 - c. The taxpayer's total itemized deductions.
 - d. The availability of the additional standard deduction for taxpayers who are elderly.
 - e. None of the above.

ANSWER: c

51. Monica is a maid in a San Francisco hotel. Monica received \$500 in unreported tips during 2018 and owes Social Security and Medicare taxes on these tips. Her total income for the year, including tips, is \$4,500. Is Monica required to file an income tax return for 2018?

Why?

ANSWER: Yes. Monica must file a return and pay Social Security and Medicare taxes on the unreported tips.

- 52. John, 45 years old and unmarried, contributed \$1,000 monthly in 2018 to the support of his parents' household. The parents lived alone and their income for 2018 consisted of \$500 from dividends and interest. What is John's filing status and how many dependents should he claim on his 2018 tax return?
 - a. Single and no dependents
 - b. Head of household and no dependents
 - c. Single and 2 dependents
 - d. Head of household and 2 dependents
 - e. None of the above

ANSWER: d

- 53. During 2018, Murray, who is 60 years old and unmarried, provided all of the support of his elderly mother. His mother was a resident of a home for the aged for the entire year and had no income. What is Murray's filing status for 2018, and how many dependents should he report on his tax return?
 - a. Head of household and 1 dependent
 - b. Single and 2 dependents
 - c. Head of household and 2 dependents
 - d. Single and 1 dependent
 - e. None of the above

ANSWER: a

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54. Jeri is single and supports her 45- October and lives in his own apartme	year-old son who has income of \$350 from whit.	vorking in a pumpkin patch during
a. Can she claim him as a dependent? b. Can she claim head of household fi ANSWER: a. Yes, her son qualifies b. No. Her son must live household.	iling status? Why or why not?	Jeri to be able to file as head of
55. If your spouse dies during the tax a. True b. False ANSWER: False	year and you do not remarry, you must file a	as single for the year of death.
56. Taxpayers who do not qualify for as single. a. True b. False	married, head of household, or qualifying w	idow or widower filing status must file
ANSWER: True		
2 2 2	re than half the cost of keeping a home which he may use the head of household filing status	
58. The maximum official individual investment income. a. True b. False ANSWER: False	income tax rate for 2018 is 39.6 percent, not	including the Medicare surtax on net
59. All taxpayers may use the tax rate a. True b. False ANSWER: False	e schedule to determine their tax liability.	
60. The head of household tax rates a a. True b. False ANSWER: False	re higher than the rates for a single taxpayer.	
61. Most states are community propera. Trueb. False	rty states.	

ANSWER: False

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62. If taxpayers are married and living tog a. True	ether at the end of the year, they must fil	le a joint tax return.
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
63. A taxpayer who maintains a household child is not the taxpayer's dependent.	d with an unmarried child may qualify to	file as head of household even if the
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
64. A married person with a dependent ch a. True	ild may choose to file as head of househo	old if it reduces his or her tax liability.
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
65. A taxpayer who is living alone, is legal year-end, and has no dependents should fi		er a separate maintenance decree at
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
66. John, age 25, is a full-time student at a half of his support. His only income is \$4, status for 2018?		
a. Single		
b. Head of household		
c. Married, filing separately		
d. Qualifying widow(er)		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: a		
67. Robert is a single taxpayer who has A	GI of \$145,000 in 2018; his taxable inco	me is \$122,000. What is his federal tax
liability for 2018?		
a. \$18,719.00		
b. \$9,480.00		
c. \$23,569.50		
d. \$29,089.50		
e. \$29,280.00		
ANSWER: c		
68. William is a divorced taxpayer who pr William indicate on his tax return?	ovides a home for his dependent child, E	Edward. What filing status should

a. Head of household

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b. Married, filing separately		
c. Single		
d. Qualifying widow(er)		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: a		
69. Irma, widowed in 2017, pays all costs requalify as her dependent. What is her filing sa. Single		er unmarried son live. Her son does not
b. Married, filing separate		
c. Head of household		
d. Qualifying widow(er)		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: a		
70. Alan, whose wife died in 2016, filed a journe in which his four dependent children I a. Single b. Qualifying widow(er) c. Head of household d. Married, filing separately e. None of the above ANSWER: b 71. During 2018, Howard maintained his holependent. Howard's wife died in 2017. What a. Single b. Head of household c. Married, filing separately d. Qualifying widow(er) e. None of the above	ive. In the preparation of his tax return the second second second which he and his 16-year-old second seco	rn for 2018, Alan should file as:
ANSWER: d		
72. An unmarried taxpayer who maintains a file as: a. Single b. Head of household c. Qualifying widow(er) d. Married, filing separately e. None of the above	household for a dependent child and	whose spouse died four years ago should

73. Norman and Linda are married taxpayers with taxable income of \$126,000 in 2018.

a. When you calculate their tax liability are you required to use the tax tables or the tax rate schedules, or does it matter? Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.

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b. What is their tax liability?

ANSWER: a. Taxpayers with incomes of \$100,000 or more must use the tax rate schedules.

b. Tax liability: $$19,599 = $8,907 + [($126,000 - $77,400) \times 22\%]$

74. Curt and Linda were married on December 31 of the prior year. What are their options for filing status for their prior year taxes?

ANSWER: They may file either as married filing joint or married filing separately. Even though they were married on the last day of the year, they must file as if they were married for the full year.

75. Madeline is single and supports her 85-year-old parents who live in a senior home paid for by Madeline and have no income. What is Madeline's filing status and why?

ANSWER: Head of household. Madeline is single and Madeline's parents meet the tests to qualify as her dependents. Parents are the only exception to the requirement that dependents must live in the same household as the taxpayer to qualify the taxpayer for head of household status.

76. List each alternative filing status available to unmarried individual taxpayers.

ANSWER: Single.

Head of household. Qualifying widow(er).

77. Determine from the tax table or the tax rate schedule, whichever is appropriate, the amount of the income tax for each of the following taxpayers for 2018.

Taxpayer(s)	Filing Status	Taxable Income	Income Tax
Macintosh	Single	\$35,680	
Hindmarsh	MFS	\$62,100	
Kinney	MFJ	\$142,000	
Rosenthal	H of H	\$91,350	
Wilk	Single	\$21,130	

ANSWER: Macintosh, \$4,091 (tax table)

Hindmarsh, \$9,607 (tax table)

Kinney, \$23,119 [tax rate schedule: $\$8,907 + [(\$142,000 - \$77,400) \times 22\%]$

Rosenthal, \$14,828 (tax table)

Wilk, **\$2,345** (tax table)

Match the letter of the filing status to the taxpayers below. Items may be used more than once.

- a. Single
- b. Married filing a joint return
- c. Married filing separate returns
- d. Head of household
- e. Qualifying widow(er)
- f. Married filing joint or married filing separate

78. The taxpayer's husband died last year. Her 13-year-old dependent daughter lives with her.

ANSWER: e

79. The unmarried taxpayer supports his dependent mother, who lives next door in a separate apartment.

ANSWER: d

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80. The taxpayer is married, but her husband The taxpayer has no dependents. ANSWER: c	disappeared with a girlfriend while o	on vacation in March of the current year.
81. The taxpayer is unmarried and is living w <i>ANSWER:</i> a	ith his girlfriend.	
82. After living together for 6 months, the country ANSWER: f	uple married on December 31.	
83. The taxpayer who is unmarried legally ad <i>ANSWER:</i> d	opted a child who lives with her.	
84. An individual, age 22, enrolled on a full-tidetermining whether a dependency exemption a. True		lered a student for purposes of
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
85. A dependent that dies during the tax year a. True	may still qualify as a dependent.	
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
86. For 2018, personal and dependency exem a. True	ption deductions are \$4,150 each.	
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
87. Scholarships received by a student may be the dependency exemption. a. True	e excluded for purposes of the suppo	ort test for determining the availability of
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
88. The two types of dependents are qualifying	ng child or qualifying dependent.	
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
89. An 18-year-old full-time student child wh tax credit. a. True b. False	o is claimed on the parents' tax return	rn as a dependent is eligible for the child
ANSWER: False		

Name:	Class:	Date:
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•	x year, Anita was entirely supported by her three so in the following percentages:	ons, Dudley, Carlton, and Isidore, who
Dudley Carlton Isidore	8 percent 45 percent 47 percent	
Which of the children materia. Dudley b. Dudley or Carlton c. Carlton or Isidore d. Dudley, Carlton, of e. None of the above ANSWER: c	or Isidore	assuming a multiple support agreement exists?
91. Ronald is 92 years old able to support his son Ed	d and in poor health. Clever investing earlier in his d. Ed is 67 years old and a bit "confused," so he liv ndents should Ronald claim on his tax return?	
ANSWER: a		
exemption? a. The relative must b. The gross income c. The gross income d. The gross income	receive less than \$4,150 of gross income in order test does not have to be met provided the relative test does not have to be met provided the relative test does not have to be met provided the relative test does not have to be met provided the relative	to qualify. is under age 19 at the end of the tax year. is under age 24 at the end of the tax year.
e. All of the above. ANSWER: a		
93. Albert and Louise, ag blind 19-year-old son, wh and life-long resident of I a. \$0	ges 66 and 64, respectively, filed a joint return for 2 ho had no gross income. They also provided the top Peru. What is the amount of the credit for other dep	tal support of Louise's father, who is a citizen
b. \$500 c. \$1,000		
d. \$2,000		
e. None of the above ANSWER: b	;	

94. Which of the following relatives will *not* satisfy the relationship test for the dependency?

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a. Sister		
b. Adopted child		
c. Aunt		
d. Parent		
e. All of the above satisfy the test		
ANSWER: e		
95. Which of the following is <i>not</i> a test that mus	st be met for a child to be considere	d a dependent?
a. Age test		
b. Domicile test		
c. Citizenship test		
d. Relationship test		
e. Blood test		
ANSWER: e		
96. Mr. and Mrs. Vonce, both age 62, file a joint 19 years old, legally blind, and who earns no income and provided 70 percent of his own so Vonce may claim on their 2018 tax return? a. \$0	come. Their son, age 21 and a full-t	time student at a university, had \$4,200
b. \$500		
c. \$1,000		
d. \$2,000		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: b		
97. Jessica, a 17-year-old guitarist in a successfushe lives with her parents. Can her parents claim ANSWER: Because Jessica is self-supporting, applied to both children and relative	n her as a dependent? Why or why n her parents may not claim her as a	not? dependent. The self-support test is
98. Karl's father, Vronsky, is a 60-year-old Russ while he looked for work. Vronsky had no incor	me. Can Karl claim Vronsky as a de	ependent?
ANSWER: No. Vronsky cannot be claimed as Mexico, or Canada.	a dependent because he is not a US	S citizen, or resident of United States,
99. Most taxpayers may deduct the standard ded higher.	luction amount or the amount of the	eir itemized deductions, whichever is
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		

a. An extra exemption.

100. Taxpayers who are blind get the benefit of:

b. An additional amount added to their standard deduction.

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c. Two standard deductions.		
d. None of the above.		
ANSWER: b		
101. Martin, a 50-year-old single taxpaye for the entire year. What is the amount of a. \$12,000	er, paid the full cost of maintaining his dependent of Martin's standard deduction for 2018?	endent mother in a home for the aged
b. \$18,000		
c. \$19,600		
d. \$24,000		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: b		
102. Jill is a 16-year-old child who is clais savings account. What is the amount of Jan. \$1,200	imed as a dependent by her parents. Jill's or ill's standard deduction for 2018?	nly income is \$1,400 from her bank
b. \$1,050		
c. \$4,000		
d. \$6,300		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: b		
103. Your standard deduction will be \$12a. Single and 67 years old.b. Single and 45 years old.	2,000 in 2018 if you are:	
c. Single, 27 years old, and blind.		
d. A nonresident alien.		
	rate return and your spouse itemizes his de	ductions
ANSWER: b	rate return and your spouse remizes his de-	ductions.
	gally blind. Brian supports his father, who i nce. What is the total standard deduction ar	
a. \$18,000		
b. \$24,000		
c. \$19,600		
d. \$13,600		
e. None of the above		
ANSWER: c		

105. Calculate the amount of the standard deduction the taxpayers should claim on their 2018 income tax returns.

a. Kelly and Glenn are married with one dependent child. They file a joint return, are in good health, and both of them are under 65 years of age. They also support her aging father.

b. Fran is 24 years old, in good health, and single.

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c. George and Georgina are married and find the files 63 years old. d. Norm is 62 years old, single, and blind. e. Kimberly qualifies for head of household for the files for head of household and her only incomplained as a dependent on her parents' tax ANSWER: a. \$24,000 b. \$12,000 c. \$24,000 d. \$13,600. An additional \$1,	le a joint return. George is 64 years old and filing status, is 42 years old, and is in gone is \$3,200 of interest on a savings according.	good health.
e. \$18,000 f. \$1,050. She is claimed as a	dependent on her parents' tax return	
106. How should a taxpayer decide whether ANSWER: A taxpayer should claim the lamount reduces the taxpayer.	larger of the standard deduction or the to	
107. An individual taxpayer with a net cap a. True b. False ANSWER: True	vital loss may deduct up to \$3,000 per year	ar against ordinary income.
108. Clay purchased Elm Corporation stoc What is Clay's gain or loss? a. \$19,000 long-term b. \$19,000 short-term c. \$19,000 ordinary d. \$3,000, with the excess carried forw e. No gain or loss is recognized on thi	ward	nt year, he sells the stock for \$29,000.
109. Alexis has a long-term capital loss of or losses for the year. Her taxable income considering this capital loss? a. \$44,000 b. \$54,000 c. \$57,000		

a. Inventory

d. \$70,000

ANSWER: c

c. A personal automobile

e. Some other amount

d. Gold

110. Which of the following is *not* a capital asset?

Name:	Class:	Date:

e. Land

ANSWER: a

- 111. Bob owns a rental property that he bought several years ago for \$250,000. He has taken depreciation on the house of \$35,000 since buying it. He sells it in 2018 for \$290,000. His selling expenses are \$12,000 for the year. What is Bob's realized gain on the sale?
 - a. \$18,000
 - b. \$53,000
 - c. \$63,000
 - d. \$77,000
 - e. None of the above

ANSWER: c

- 112. Mike purchased stock in MDH Corporation 5 years ago for \$15,500. This year he sold it for \$12,650 and then paid a \$250 sales commission to his broker. He had no other capital gains or losses during the year.
- a. What is Mike's amount realized?
- b. What is Mike's adjusted basis?
- c. What is Mike's realized gain or loss?
- d. What is Mike's recognized gain or loss?
- e. How much of the gain or loss can Mike report in his tax return?

ANSWER: a. Amount realized: \$12.400 = \$12.650 - \$250

- b. Adjusted basis: **\$15,500**
- c. Realized loss: \$12,650 \$250 \$15,500 = \$3,100
- d. Recognized loss: \$12,650 \$250 \$15,500 = \$3,100
- e. \$3,000. Up to \$3,000 of capital loss can be written off each year
- 113. Fran bought stock in the FCM Corporation 4 years ago at a price of \$18,000. She sold it this year for \$22,225 and paid her broker \$225 from the proceeds of the sale.
- a. What is Fran's amount realized?
- b. What is Fran's adjusted basis?
- c. What is Fran's realized gain or loss?
- d. What is Fran's recognized gain or loss?
- e. How much of the gain or loss should be included in her tax return?

ANSWER: a. Amount realized: \$22,000 = \$22,225 - \$225

- b. Adjusted basis: \$18,000
- c. Realized gain: \$22,225 \$225 \$18,000 = \$4,000
- d. Recognized gain: 22,225 225 18,000 = 4,000
- e. \$4,000. There is no limit on the amount of capital gain to be included in tax returns
- 114. Taxpayers can download tax forms from the IRS Internet site.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: True

- 115. The IRS:
 - a. requires official tax forms be obtained at the local IRS office.
 - b. links to the H & R Block Web site.
 - c. provides information on how to choose a stock.

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d. has an app for mobile phones.

ANSWER: d

- 116. Internet users can sign on to http://www.irs.gov/ and:
 - a. Download tax forms and publications.
 - b. Find links to other useful IRS pages.
 - c. Use a search function to find forms and publications.
 - d. All of the above.

ANSWER: d

- 117. Mark a "Yes" to each of the following that can be found on the IRS Web site. If not, mark with a "No."
- a. A list of IRS forms.
- b. A search function.
- c. Advice on how to avoid paying taxes.
- d. Ways to contact the IRS.

ANSWER: a. Yes

- b. Yes
- c. No
- d. Yes
- 118. Electronic filing (e-filing):
 - a. Reduces the chances that the IRS will make mistakes when inputting tax return information.
 - b. Generally results in a slower refund.
 - c. Can be done only by telephone.
 - d. Requires the services of a professional.

ANSWER: a

- 119. Electronically filed tax returns:
 - a. May not be transmitted from a taxpayer's home computer.
 - b. Constitute more than 90 percent of the returns filed with the IRS.
 - c. Have error rates similar to paper returns.
 - d. Offer faster refunds than paper returns.

ANSWER: d

120. State two reasons why a person would want to e-file their return instead of mailing it.

ANSWER: A return that is e-filed has a smaller error rate than paper-filed returns. (Less than 1 percent versus more than 20 percent). E-filing also offers a faster refund because the IRS is able to process the return more quickly.