## Fundamentals of Human Resource Management 3rd Edition Gary Dessler Test Bank

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nitted discrimin gressive desegre	rs?	
	participating in mitted discrimin	and hire under-represented, participating in cmitted discrimination ogressive desegregation llowing employers?

abled	11)		
sons.			
	A) Equal Pay Act of 1963		
	B) Office of Federal Contract Compliance Progra	ms	
	C) Vocational Rehabilitation Act		
	D) Age Discrimination in Employment Act		
12)	The Vocational Rehabilitation Act requires that emp	oloyers	12)
	A) accommodate disabled workers	B) promote female employees	
	C) provide training opportunities	D) perform background checks	
13)	According to the Age Discrimination in Employmen	nt Act of 1967, it is unlawful to	13)
	A) allow juries to determine age discrimination		
	B) require employees to retire at age 65		
	C) institute a minimum age for employees		
	D) fire older employees for insubordination		
14)	The Pregnancy Discrimination Act treats pregnancy	y as a(n)	14)
,	A) unspecified condition	B) disability	,
	C) uncovered disease	D) gender-specific condition	
15)	Which of the following does NOT participate in the	e issuance of uniform guidelines?	15)
10)	A) Better Business Bureau	B) Civil Service Commission	10)
	C) EEOC	D) Department of Labor	
	c) Lloc	b) bepartment of Labor	
16)	Which Supreme Court case was used to define unfa	air discrimination in conjunction with EEO	16)
	laws?		
	A) Meritor Savings Bank FSB v. Vinson	, ,	
	C) Abington School District v. Schempp	D) Faragher v. City of Boca Raton	
17)	In Griggs v. Duke Power Company, Griggs sued the p	ower company because it required coal	17)
,	handlers to be high-school graduates. The case was		,
	A) Griggs held a GED		
	B) no business necessity existed for Duke Power	Company	
	C) high-school diplomas were not related to job s		
	D) Duke Power Company intended to discrimina		
18)	All of the following are principles established by <i>Gr</i>	riggs v. Duke Power Company EXCEPT	18)
	A) discrimination does not have to be overt to be	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	B) performance standards should be unambiguo	us	
	C) burden of proof is on the employer		
	D) employment selection practices must be job re	elated	
19)	Under the principles established by <i>Griggs v. Duke 1</i>	Power Company, may be used as a	19)
,	defense for any existing program that has an advers		
	A) fair in form	B) affirmative action	
	C) gender	D) business necessity	
20)	If a person is in a protected class, he or she is protected	cted by which of the following?	20)
,	A) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act	B) Department of Labor guidelines	,
	C) Consumer Protection Act	D) Sarbanes-Oxley Act	

21)	Which Supreme Court decision does NOT apply to	cases of sexual harassment?	21)
	A) Meritor Savings v. Vinson	B) Burlington Industries v. Ellerth	·
	C) Griggs v. Duke Power Company	D) Farragher v. City of Boca Raton	
22)	Which court case provided details regarding how e	mployers could validate the relationship	22)
22)	between screening tools and job performance?	imployers could validate the relationship	22)
	A) Griggs v. Duke Power Company	B) Burlington Industries v. Ellerth	
	C) Albemarle Paper Company v. Moody	D) West Coast Hotel Co. v. Parrish	
23)	means that an employer engages in an em	ployment practice or policy that has a greater	23)
	adverse effect on the members of a protected group regardless of intent.		
	A) Affirmative action	B) Disparate treatment	
	C) Disparate impact	D) Sexual discrimination	
24)	exists when an employer intentionally treation	ats an individual differently because that	24)
	individual is a member of a particular race, religion	, gender, or ethnic group.	
	A) Disparate impact	B) Adverse impact	
	C) Prima facie	D) Disparate treatment	
25)	refers to the total employment process that	nt results in a significantly higher percentage	25)
	of a protected group in the candidate population be promotion.	ing rejected for employment, placement, or	
	A) Disparate treatment	B) Prima facie	
	C) Adverse impact	D) Unintentional discrimination	
26)	Intentional discrimination is also called		26)
,	A) disparate treatment	B) adverse discrimination	,
	C) disparate impact	D) mixed motive harassment	
27)	Ruben files a lawsuit against his employer for inten	tional discrimination based on the Civil	27)
	Rights Act of 1991. Ruben may sue for all of the foll	owing EXCEPT	
	A) compensatory damages	B) substantive consolidation	
	C) job reinstatement	D) punitive damages	
28)	Under the Civil Rights Act of 1991, once a plaintiff s		28)
	of proving that the challenged practice is job related		
	A) employee B) employer	C) EEOC D) plaintiff	
29)	In which of the following court cases did the plainti	iff accuse the defendant of quid pro quo sexual	29)
	harassment?		
	A) Burlington Industries v. Ellerth	B) Meritor Savings Bank, FSB v. Vinson	
	C) Farragher v. City of Boca Raton	D) Griggs v. Duke Power Company	
30)	What two defenses are available to employers defer	nding themselves against discrimination	30)
	charges?	B) EEO and business recessity	
	<ul><li>A) BFOQ and business necessity</li><li>C) EEO and affirmative action</li></ul>	<ul><li>B) EEO and business necessity</li><li>D) BFOQ and affirmative action</li></ul>	
31)	All of the following are useful in minimizing emplo	yer liability for sexual harassment EXCEPT	31)

B) issuing a p	oolicy states all employ	ment condemning	arassment policies		
			of the following are example	s of reasonable	32)
accommodation			P) modifying ogyin	ana ana k	
A) changing j C) altering w	-		B) modifying equip D) widening door o		
C) aftering w	ork scriedu	ies	D) widefilling door o	permigs	
33) Which of the for		ms refers to the ter	ndency to view members of	other social groups less	33)
A) ethnocent	rism	B) tokenism	C) stereotyping	D) discrimination	
B) unwelcom C) requests fo	consensual le sexual ad or sexual fa	physical conduct of vances that create vors made implici	exual harassment?  of a sexual nature between contains an intimidating work enviruly as a condition of employ a unreasonably interferes with	onment ment	34)
	-		exual harassment charges a ve sexual harassment EXCE		35)
B) a hostile e C) the verbal	nvironmen remarks of	t was created by a a co-worker were	vances led to a demotion co-worker's sexual conversa sexually flirtatious non-employee's sexual adva		
to develop a see thing if they we following woul Consulting? A) quid pro o B) hostile en	cual relation re involved d Judy mos  uo vironment o  vironment o	nship with him. He I. When Judy decli		ion would be a sure her. Which of the	36)
Gus's executive rather than end experienced?  A) quid pro of B) hostile end C) hostile end	assistant, i ure the joke uro vironment o vironment o	s uncomfortable wes any longer. What ereated by co-work created by supervi		e decides to quit her job	37)
work□both co-vexample of?  A) hostile env	workers and				38)

C) hostile environment created by non-employees D) This is not sexual harassment.	
39) T & N Enterprises wants to minimize sexual harassment claims. All of the following are ways	39)
that the firm can minimize its liability in sexual harassment claims EXCEPT by	
A) investigating sexual harassment charges promptly	
B) instituting a sexual harassment reporting process	
C) informing all employees about sexual harassment complaints	
D) training employees in sexual harassment policies	
40) Sanders Sporting Goods, an international sporting goods chain, is being sued for sexual	40)
harassment by a former Sanders employee. The plaintiff asserts that she was the victim of	•
numerous unwanted sexual advances from a male co-worker. The woman claims that Sanders'	
management condoned a hostile work environment and that the company is liable for the	
actions of the male employee.	
Which of the following, if true, would best support the plaintiff's argument that Sanders is liable for sexual harassment?	
A) Sanders recently lost a court case filed by former employees claiming disparate treatment.	
B) Sanders lacks a management response system for handling sexual harassment complaints.	
C) The HR department at Sanders has records of the plaintiff's initial complaints.	
D) Exit interviews of outgoing Sanders employees include questions about sexual harassment.	
41) Sanders Sporting Goods, an international sporting goods chain, is being sued for sexual	41)
harassment by a former Sanders employee. The plaintiff asserts that she was the victim of	<del>1</del> 1)
numerous unwanted sexual advances from a male co-worker. The woman claims that Sanders'	
management condoned a hostile work environment and that the company is liable for the	
actions of the male employee.	
Which of the following, if true, would most likely undermine the plaintiff's claim that Sanders is	
liable for the male employee's conduct?	
A) The male employee was required by HR to participate in a sexual harassment awareness course.	
B) The male employee physically threatened the plaintiff on three occasions.	
C) The plaintiff discussed her concerns about the male employee's conduct with female co-workers.	
D) The male employee made sexual advances towards the plaintiff on a daily basis.	
42) Sanders Sporting Goods, an international sporting goods chain, is being sued for sexual	42)
harassment by a former Sanders employee. The plaintiff asserts that she was the victim of	1 <b>-</b> )
numerous unwanted sexual advances from a male co-worker. The woman claims that Sanders'	
management condoned a hostile work environment and that the company is liable for the	
actions of the male employee.	
All of the following are most likely relevant questions to address in this court case EXCEPT	
A) Does Sanders have a record of employees who claim disparate treatment in the workplace?	
B) Did the plaintiff verbally state to her male co-worker that she found his behavior offensive?	
C) Is the male co-worker a U.S. citizen and is Sanders a U.S. entity?	
D) Did Sanders take reasonable care to prevent sexual harassment in the workplace?	
*	

43) One of Kara's male co-workers has been making sexually suggestive comments to Kara about

her clothin

g and her appearan ce, which					
makes					
Kara feel					
uncomfo					
rtable at					
work.					
What is					
the first					
step					
Kara					
should					
take to					
address					
the					
problem?					
	A) filing a written report				
	B) consulting an attorne	-			
	C) filing a verbal compla		OSS		
	D) filing a complaint wit	th the local EEOC office			
44)	According to studies, whice the workplace?	h of the following group	s experiences the most se	exual harassment in	44)
	A) minority men		B) homosexual men		
	C) minority women		D) white women		
	•				
45)	The prohibits em disabilities with regard to a or other terms, conditions,	applications, hiring, disch	narge, compensation, adv		45)
	A) Federal Violence Aga				
	B) Civil Rights Act of 19				
		tion in Employment Act	of 1967		
	D) American with Disab				
46)	According to the American	ns with Disabilities Act, w	which of the following is	considered a	46)
	disability?				
	A) cosmetic disfigureme	nt	B) compulsive gamblir	ng	
	C) homosexuality		D) voyeurism		
47)	Under the ADA, those who the following?	o can carry out the essent	ial functions of the job ar	re known as which of	47)
	A) qualified individuals		B) plaintiffs		
	C) protected class memb		D) staff authorities		
	c) protected class meme	, C15	D) stair authornes		
48)	The greatest number of cla	ims brought under the A	DA is related to	disabilities.	48)
,	A) cosmetic	B) mental	C) physical	D) hearing	, <del></del>
	•		, <b>.</b>	. 0	
49)	Prior to the ADA Amendm	nents Act, why did emplo	oyers win the majority of	ADA cases?	49)
,	A) Attorneys failed to dr				
		prove that a disability affe		nd job performance.	

C) Employers proved that age negatively in D) Conservative judges were sympathetic t	npacted an employee's job performance. owards small-business owners with disabilities.	
compliance.	dered disabilities will be narrowed. cific percentage of disabled workers to be in er accommodations for workers with disabilities.	50)
51) Which of the following would prohibit workpand gender identity?	place discrimination based on sexual orientation	51)
A) Employment Non-Discrimination Act C) Pregnancy Discrimination Act	B) Equal Pay Act D) Federal Violence Against Women Act	
52) Which of the following allows an employer to occupational qualification for performing the	job?	52)
A) Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act C) Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973	B) 1972 Equal Opportunity Act D) Executive Orders 11246 and 11375	
<ul> <li>53) In which of the following jobs would gender in A) actor in a toothpaste commercial</li> <li>B) firefighter in a metropolitan fire departs</li> <li>C) teacher at a private, all-girls school</li> <li>D) prison guard at a federal penitentiary</li> </ul>		53)
54) Pictures and Promotions Modeling Studio see show featuring men's wear. The studio is usir women for the jobs.	eks to hire male models for an upcoming fashion ng as a justification for not considering	54)
A) EEOC B) BARS	C) ADEA D) BFOQ	
55) The defense of requires showing that discriminatory practice and that the practice in A) business necessity  C) adverse impact		55)
Sanchez, who is Hispanic, applied for a positi degree from a two-year college and only 2,000 Airlines for discriminatory hiring practices.	vithin the previous 36 months. In addition, ce in the air with at least 1,000 hours as the A four-year college degree is also required. Jeff on as a pilot and was rejected because he has a hours of flight experience. Jeff is suing Western	56)
previous job experiences.	commercial airline is a valid predictor of	

D) Western Airlines bases its selection tests and hiring practices on industry guidelines for

commercial pilo	ts.
-----------------	-----

57) The application requireme logged at least 200 hours p applicants must have 2,500 commanding pilot of a cor Sanchez, who is Hispanic, degree from a 2-year colleg Airlines for discriminatory	iloting an aircraft withir hours of experience in t nmercial airplane. A 4-ya applied for a position as ge and only 2,000 hours o	n the previous 36 mor the air with at least 1, ear college degree is a a pilot and was rejec	oths. In addition, 2000 hours as the also required. Jeff ted because he has a	57)
Which of the following sta Airlines?	tements is most likely re	levant to this court ca	se against Western	
A) The Age Discriminat discriminating when	age is a BFOQ.		s Western Airlines, from	
B) Western Airlines has violations.	been in operation for ov	er 20 years and has n	ever been sued for EEO	
C) The job requirements human risks associate	for pilots at Western Ai ed with hiring unqualific		necessity due to the	
D) Most pilots at Wester bargaining arrangem	n Airlines belong to laborents detrimental to the in		olved in collective	
58) Which of the following is a	•	•	practice?	58)
<ul><li>A) refusing to advise old</li><li>B) posting job advertise</li></ul>	ments only in local news	spapers		
C) spreading information predominantly Hispa	, .	rough word-of-mouth	n among a firm's	
D) providing misleading		nd Indian job applica	nts	
59) Which of the following is r	-	•	ection standard?	59)
<ul><li>A) collecting work histo</li><li>B) requiring an engineer</li></ul>	•			
C) measuring the computed D) requiring a school teat	iter language skills of a	software designer app		
60) Under the Civil Rights Act		n claim must be filed	within after the	60)
alleged incident took place A) 60 days	B) 1 year	C) 300 days	D) 3 years	
61) Which of the following ref	ers to the variety of dem	ographic features tha	t characterize a	61)
company's workforce? A) competency	B) ethnocentricity	C) diversity	D) mobility	
62) Which of the following is management program?	nost likely characteristic	of a firm effectively i	mplementing a diversity	62)
<ul><li>A) Female and minority</li><li>B) Female and minority</li><li>C) Voluntary mediation</li><li>D) Diversity training red</li></ul>	employees have access to occurs frequently amon	to international job as g female and minorit	signments. y workers.	
63) Hayworth Hotels employs	~ _			63)
few women and minorities following best describes the	-		e tirm. Which of the	

A) diversity manager C) ethnocentrism	ment	B) tokenism D) ethical hiring prac	ctices	
64) All of the following are EXCEPT	likely to increase employe	ee support to an affirmat	ive action program	64)
A) effective tokenism	1	B) valid justifications	5	
C) clear communicat		D) transparent select		
65) After a discrimination of		EEOC has days	to serve an employer	65)
with notice of the charg A) 30	ge. B) 60	C) 5	D) 10	
66) Which of the following claims?	is obtained by employers	to protect against the cos	ets of discrimination	66)
	tices liability insurance ce	B) employment arbit D) workers' compens		
67) According to the EEOC	process, which of the foll	owing is NOT an option	for an employer faced	67)
<ul><li>A) file a lawsuit again</li><li>B) prepare a position</li></ul>	e an employment discrimi nst the EEOC in state cour n statement for the EEOC t offer without mediation the charge	_		
68) According to the U.S. S			discrimination	68)
A) institutes an altern B) conducts an impa	eir claims when the emplo native dispute resolution p rtial investigation of the cl ical standards of Sarbanes	orogram aim		
	oyment files to the EEOC	Oxicy		
69) When addressing EEO	C claims, it is recommende	ed that employers	<b>.</b>	69)
A) meet with the em	ployee who made the com	plaint to clarify relevant		,
, 1	tors with access to the reco a private investigation be	1 ,		
D) avoid providing a	position statement because	se of the potential for mis	suse	
70) Which term refers to ta group?	king specific actions towar	rd or against the person b	pased on the person's	70)
A) collegiality	B) stereotyping	C) discrimination	D) prejudice	
71) Gender-role stereotypin	0	ndency to		71)
A) associate women to	with certain jobs o high-profile positions			
	nen differently for the sam	ne iob		
	with primarily one gende	-		
72) What is the primary go	al of managing diversity in	n an organization?		72)
A) complying with fe	ederal and state employme	ent regulations		
	workforce is adequately be			
	ities to managerial position			
וופוקוווא פוווףוסyee	es adapt to individual cultu	urai umerences		

	73) Which of the following is diversity?	a characteristic of firms	with exemplary reputations for managing	73)
	A) female CEOs		B) career development programs	
	C) top management suj	pport	D) global workers	
	_	sed by firms to measure	and manage diversity EXCEPT	74)
	A) focus groups		B) employee attitude surveys	
	C) hiring and retention	metrics	D) ADR programs	
	75) Reverse discrimination re	fers to discriminating ag	gainst applicants and employees.	75)
	A) nonminority	B) minority	C) underqualified D) disabled	
TRU	E/FALSE. Write 'T' if the stat	ement is true and 'F' if t	the statement is false.	
	76) Only an aggrieved individ	dual can file job discrimi	ination charges against a business.	76)
	77) In Faragher v. City of Boca I	Raton the employee accu	used the employer of condoning a hostile	77)
			led in favor of the employee.	·
	78) According to Executive O	rder 11246, federal conti	ractors and private firms must take affirmative	78)
	action to improve employ	ment opportunities for w	women and racial minorities.	
	79) According to the EEOC, the	he first step an employe	r should take in establishing an affirmative	79)
	action program is to surve program.	ey current minority and	female employees to assess their goals for a	
	80) The Pregnancy Discrimina	ation Act is an amendme	ent to Title VII.	80)
	81) The most direct way to pr dependent on sexual favo		s showing that a tangible employment action is	81)
			erage, then it must treat pregnancy and in the plan as a covered condition.	82)
	83) Title VII forbids testing or	r screening of job applica	ants because testing could systematically	83)
	discriminate against some	e protected classes.		
	84) The American with Disab	ilities Act of 1990 does n	not list specific disabilities but provides	84)
	impairment guidelines in	stead.		
	85) According to the ADA, fin	rms must employ all disa	abled individuals who apply for positions and	85)
	provide them with job tra	ining when necessary.		
	86) Mental disabilities, such a	s depression and anxiet	y disorders, account for the greatest number of	86)
	claims brought under the	ADA.		
	87) According to GINA, healt	th insurers and employe	rs are prohibited from discriminating based on	87)
	people's genetic informati	ion.		
	88) According to the ADA Ar	mendments Act of 2008,	employees are considered disabled even if they	88)
	are able to control their in			

8	9) To prove sexual harassment, it is necessary to show that the harassment had tangible	89)
	consequences such as demotion or termination.	,
9	0) U.S. employees of U.S. firms working abroad are covered by the guidelines of the Civil Rights Act of 1991.	90)
9	1) Under the Civil Rights Act of 1991, disparate impact claims require proof of discriminatory intent.	91)
9	2) The Age Discrimination in Employment Act prohibits the use of age as a BFOQ for any type of employment.	92)
9	3) Under no circumstances may religion be used as a bona fide occupational qualification (BFOQ).	93)
9.	4) According to federal laws, asking job candidates about their marital status is not illegal; however, a firm needs to be able to defend the practice as a BFOQ to avoid raising discrimination issues.	94)
9.	5) According to the Civil Rights Act of 1991, an employment discrimination claim must be filed within 60 days after the alleged incident occurred or a claim cannot be filed.	95)
ECCAN	White many angular the array manifest and a companies that of many	
	Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.  6) What were the three crucial guidelines affecting equal employment legislation that Chief Justice Bu identified in his written opinion on <i>Griggs v. Duke Power Company</i> ?	rger
9	7) What equal employment opportunity laws address disabled workers? What defenses are available employer that is charged with discriminating against a disabled individual?	to an
9	8) What is the American with Disabilities Act? How does the ADA affect selection standards for empl	oyers?
9	9) What is the EEOC? Briefly explain the EEOC enforcement process.	
10	0) In a brief essay, discuss Executive Orders 11246 and 11375 and their effect on affirmative action pro	grams.
10	1) What are the three forms of sexual harassment? Name and describe each one.	
10	2) How can an employer defend itself against sexual harassment liability? Name two methods.	
10	3) Managers serve a significant role in establishing the environment of a workplace. How can manage discourage sexual harassment? How can managers encourage inclusion in a diverse workforce?	ers
10	4) Compare and contrast disparate treatment and disparate impact.	
10	5) What is a BFOQ? How do BFOQs affect recruitment practices?	

- 1) B
- 2) A
- 3) A
- 4) C
- 5) D
- 6) A
- 7) C
- 8) D
- 9) A
- 10) B
- 11) C
- 12) A
- 13) B
- 14) B
- 15) A
- 16) B
- 17) C
- 18) B
- 19) D 20) A
- 21) C
- 22) C
- 23) C
- 24) D
- 25) C
- 26) A
- 27) B
- 28) B
- 29) A
- 30) A
- 31) D
- 32) A
- 33) A
- 34) A
- 35) C
- 36) A
- 37) C
- 38) D
- 39) C
- 40) B
- 41) A
- 42) A 43) C
- 44) C
- 45) D
- 46) A
- 47) A
- 48) B
- 49) B
- 50) D
- 51) A

- 52) A
- 53) A
- 54) D
- 55) A
- 56) A
- 57) C
- 50) D
- 58) B
- 59) B
- 60) C
- 61) C
- 62) B
- 63) B
- 64) A
- (T) D
- 65) D
- 66) A
- 67) A
- 68) A
- 69) A
- 70) C 71) A
- /1) A
- 72) D
- 73) C
- 74) D
- 75) A
- 76) FALSE
- 77) TRUE
- 78) FALSE
- 79) FALSE
- 80) TRUE
- 81) TRUE
- 82) TRUE
- 83) FALSE
- 84) TRUE
- 85) FALSE
- 86) TRUE
- 87) TRUE
- 88) TRUE
- 89) FALSE
- 90) TRUE
- 91) FALSE
- 92) FALSE
- 93) FALSE
- 94) TRUE
- 95) FALSE
- 96) Discrimination by the employer need not be overt. The employer does not have to be shown to have intentionally discriminated against the employee or applicant. It need only show that discrimination did take place. An employment practice must be job related if it has an unequal impact on members of a protected class. The burden of proof is on the employer to show that the hiring practice is job related.
- 97) The Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973 requires employers with federal contracts over \$2,500 to take affirmative action for the employment of disabled persons. The act does not require that an unqualified person be hired. It does require that an employer take steps to accommodate a disabled worker unless doing so imposes an undue hardship on the employer. The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 prohibits employment discrimination against

quali iduals, and it requires that employers make "reasonable accommodations" for physical or mental limitations, unless fied doing so imposes an "undue hardship" on the business. The employer can then use two defenses: the bona fide disab occupational qualification (BFOQ) defense and the business necessity defense. Either can be used to justify an led employment practice that has been shown to have an adverse impact on the members of a minority group. indiv

- 98) The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 prohibits employment discrimination against qualified disabled individuals and requires that employers make "reasonable accommodations" for physical or mental limitations, unless doing so imposes an "undue hardship" on the business. Under the ADA, "Employers are generally prohibited from asking questions about applicants' medical history or requiring preemployment physical examinations." However, such questions and exams can be used once the job offer has been extended to determine that the applicant can safely perform the job.
- 99) Establishing the EEOC greatly enhanced the federal government's ability to enforce equal employment opportunity laws. The EEOC receives and investigates job discrimination complaints from aggrieved individuals. When it finds reasonable cause that the charges are justified, it attempts (through conciliation) to reach an agreement eliminating all aspects of the discrimination. The EEOC enforcement process begins with someone filing a discrimination claim. Next, the EEOC investigates the claim and either dismisses the charge or attempts to conciliate. Civil suits may occur if conciliation is unsuccessful.
- 100) Under executive orders that U.S. presidents issued years ago, most employers who do business with the U.S. government have an obligation beyond that imposed by Title VII to refrain from employment discrimination. Executive Orders 11246 and 11375 do not just ban discrimination; they require that contractors take affirmative action to ensure equal employment opportunity. Executive Order 11246 (issued in 1965) requires federal contractors to take affirmative action to improve employment opportunities for women and racial minorities. It covers about 26 million workers—about 22% of the U.S. workforce.
- 101) The three main ways an employee can prove sexual harassment are quid pro quo, hostile environment created by supervisors, or hostile environment created by co-workers or non-employees. Quid pro quo means that submission to sexual conduct is made a term or condition of employment or advancement. Even when no direct threats or promises are made in exchange for sexual advances, if an offensive work environment is created, sexual harassment has occurred. Further, advances do not have to be made by the person's supervisor in order to qualify as sexual harassment. An employee's co-worker or customers can cause the employer to be held responsible for sexual harassment. EEOC guidelines state that an employer is liable for the sexually harassing acts of its nonsupervisory employees if the employer knew or should have known of the harassing conduct.
- 102) An employer must show that it exercised reasonable care to prevent and correct promptly any sexually harassing behavior. Reasonable care can be shown through strong sexual harassment policies, training managers and employees regarding their responsibilities for complying with these policies, instituting reporting processes, investigating charges promptly, and taking corrective action promptly. Second, the employer can demonstrate that the plaintiff "unreasonably failed to take advantage of any preventive or corrective opportunities provided by the employer." The employee's failing to use formal organizational reporting systems satisfies the second component.
- 103) Managers can actively discourage sexual harassment through a number of methods. First, managers should take all complaints about harassment seriously and issue a strong policy statement condemning such behavior. The policy should clearly describe the prohibited conduct, assure protection against retaliation, describe a complaint process that provides confidentiality, and provide accessible avenues of complaint and prompt, thorough, impartial investigation and corrective action. Managers should take steps to prevent sexual harassment from occurring, such as communicating to employees that the employer will not tolerate sexual harassment, and take immediate action when someone complains. In order to encourage an atmosphere of inclusion in a diverse workforce, managers should learn about other cultures and groups and facilitate interactions between employees from different backgrounds. Management diversity involves providing strong leadership, assessing the situation, providing diversity training and education, changing culture and management systems, and evaluating the diversity management program.
- 104) Disparate treatment means intentional discrimination. It exists where an employer treats an individual differently because that individual is a member of a particular race, religion, gender, or ethnic group. Disparate impact means that an employer engages in an employment practice or policy that has a greater impact on the members of a protected group under Title VII than on other employees, regardless of intent. Disparate treatment requires finding

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inten t to discriminate while disparate impact claims do not require proof of discriminatory intent.

105) Bona Fide Occupational Qualifications are requirements that an employee be of a certain religion, sex, or national origin where that is reasonably necessary to the organization's normal operation. When recruiting for a position, specifying gender typically violates federal laws unless sex is a BFOQ for the job advertised. Also, you cannot advertise in any way that suggests that applicants are being discriminated against because of their age. For example, you cannot advertise for a young man or woman.