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Chapter 02 Analyzing Business Transactions

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

 The entire process of analyzing, recording, and reporting business transactions is based on the fundamental accounting equation. A) True B) False
2) When using the fundamental accounting equation, an accountant must make sure that total assets are always equal to total liabilities minus owner's equity.A) TrueB) False
3) Assets always equal debts of the business plus the financial interest of the owner.A) TrueB) False
4) When cash is paid to a creditor, the firm's liabilities decrease.A) TrueB) False
5) Al Dunn Bakery bought a new oven for \$1,380. Al paid \$300 as a cash down payment and will pay the balance in 30 days. Total assets increased by \$1,080.A) TrueB) False
6) If the owner takes cash out of the business for personal use, the withdrawal should be recorded as an expense of the business.A) TrueB) False
7) When cash is collected from accounts receivable, the total amount of assets increases.A) TrueB) False
8) A company has assets of \$56,320 and liabilities of \$29,500. The owner's equity is \$85,820. A) True B) False

9) The expenses for a period are reported on the balance sheet.A) TrueB) False	
10) A double line drawn under the figures in a money column shows that the computation is comp. A) True B) False	lete.
11) A business transaction is a financial event that affects the resources of a business.A) TrueB) False	
12) If there is an excess of expenses over revenues, the excess represents a profit. A) True B) False	
13) A withdrawal of funds by the owner for personal use is considered a business expense.A) TrueB) False	
14) The statement of owner's equity is prepared before the balance sheet so that the ending capital balance is available.A) TrueB) False	
15) If assets are \$8,000 and liabilities are \$2,000, owner's equity is \$10,000. A) True B) False	
16) The amount of net income or net loss is needed to complete the statement of owner's equity. A) True B) False	
17) Withdrawals by the owner are reported on the income statement. A) True B) False	
18) The income statement is also known as the profit and loss statement.A) TrueB) False	

19) The net income or net loss for the period is shown on sheet.A) TrueB) False	both the income statemen	t and the balance
20) Which of the following equations is the Fundamental	~ -	
A) Assets – Owner's Equity = LiabilitiesC) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity	B) Assets + Liabilities = D) Assets - Liabilities = 0	- ·
21) The balance sheet shows:A) all revenues and expenses.B) the financial position of a business at a given time.C) the results of business operations.D) the amount of net income or loss.	ne.	
22) The Income Statement shows:A) the financial position of a business at a given timB) the change in owner's equity for a period of timeC) the amount of net income or net loss.D) assets, liabilities and expenses.		
23) Amounts that a business must pay in the future are known A) capital. B) liabilities.	own as: C) expenses.	D) assets.
24) Examples of assets are:A) cash and accounts receivable.C) accounts receivable and rent expense.	B) investments by the ow D) equipment and revenu	
25) Ginger Yale Ice Company receives money from a cust will:	tomer on account. Recordi	ng this transaction
A) decrease Accounts Payable.	B) increase Cash.	
C) increase Accounts Receivable.	D) decrease G. Yale, Cap	oital.
26) If a business issues a check for \$100 to purchase office accounting equation?	e supplies, What is the eff	fect on the
A) Owner's Equity will decrease	B) Assets will decrease	
C) Owner's Equity will increase	D) Total Assets will rema	ain the same

27) If a business issued a c	heck for \$1,000 to pay fo ties and owner's equity.	r two months rent in adva	ince, what is the effect on
A) Owner's Capital	1 •	B) Accounts Paya	ble will increase
C) Prepaid Rent wil		D) Cash will decre	
28) The owner's investmen	nt or equity in a business	is called:	
A) accounts payable		B) drawing.	
C) cash.		D) capital.	
and Cash, \$21,650. On	ecounts Receivable, \$11,3	350; Prepaid Insurance, \$ wed the following creditor	400; Equipment, \$26,200
The total assets for the	SloMo Delivery Service	are:	
A) \$59,600.	B) \$21,650.	C) \$33,400.	D) \$33,000.
	len Office Equipment, \$3	wed the following credito 14,500. C) \$28,100.	D) \$31,500.
31) Total assets of Douglas		,	
the amount of the own	er's equity?		
A) \$47,000	B) \$121,000	C) \$84,000	D) \$6,000
32) If during the year total much did owner's equi	•	00 and total liabilities dec	rease by \$16,000, by how
A) \$59,000 decrease	•	B) \$75,000 increas	se
C) \$91,000 increase		D) \$91,000 decrea	se
33) Which financial statem A) Statement of Cha B) Income Statement C) Statement of Own D) Balance Sheet	nges in Financial Position t		

- 34) A net loss results:
 - A) when revenue is greater than expenses.
- B) when expenses are greater than assets.
- C) when expenses are greater than revenue.
- D) when assets are greater than liabilities.

- 35) The income statement shows:
 - A) revenue and owner's equity.
 - B) the results of operations for a period of time.
 - C) the total value of the business.
 - D) the financial position of a business on a specific date.
- 36) If the income statement covered a six-month period ending on November 30, 2019, the third line of the income statement heading would read:
 - A) Month of November, 2019.
 - B) November 30, 2019.
 - C) Six-month Period Ended November 30, 2019.
 - D) Month Ended November 30, 2019.
- 37) When the owner invests equipment in a business,
 - A) assets and owner's equity increase.
 - B) assets and revenue increase.
 - C) liabilities decrease and owner's equity increases.
 - D) assets increase and owner's equity decreases.
- 38) When equipment is purchased on credit,
 - A) assets increase and liabilities decrease.
- B) assets and owner's equity increase.

C) assets and expenses increase.

- D) assets and liabilities increase.
- 39) When equipment is purchased for cash,
 - A) assets decrease and expenses increase.
 - B) one asset increases and another asset decreases.
 - C) assets increase and liabilities decrease.
 - D) assets and owner's equity increase.
- 40) If a business receives \$5,000 on account from clients who owed money for services previously billed, identify the effect on the accounting equation:
 - A) assets decrease and liabilities increase.
 - B) assets remain the same and owner's equity remains the same.
 - C) liabilities decrease and owner's equity decreases.
 - D) owner's equity increases and revenue increases.

41) When the owner withdraws A) assets decrease and ov B) assets decrease and ov C) assets decrease and ex D) owner's equity decrease	vner's equity decreases.		
42) When the owner writes a condition A) expenses increase and B) assets and owner's equal C) assets and liabilities do D) assets and owner's equal D)	owner's equity increases. hity increase. ecrease.	ompany's electric bill,	
43) Identify the account below t	that is classified as an asset	t account and would appea	r on the left side of
the accounting equation.		D) 0	
A) Accounts Payable.		B) Owner's Capital.	
C) Fees Income.		D) Accounts Receivable.	
44) Assets and liabilities are repA) both the balance sheetB) the statement of owneC) the income statement.D) the balance sheet.	and the income statement		
45) The financial statement that	is prepared first is:		
A) the balance sheet.		B) up to the accountant.	
C) the income statement		D) the statement of owner	r's equity.
46) The rent paid for <u>future mon</u> A) asset.		C) revenue.	D) expense.
47) The statement of financial pA) Balance SheetC) Statement of Owner's		which financial statemen B) Income Statement D) Trial Balance	t?
48) Which financial statement i	s a representation of the ac	ecounting equation?	
A) Balance Sheet	s a representation of the ac	B) Income Statement	
C) Statement of Owner's	Fauity	D) Profit and Loss Staten	nent
c) Statement of Owner's	Equity	D, I Tolk and Loss Statell	MIL

A) beginning capB) beginning capC) beginning cap	wner's Equity is calculated a ital+net income - withdraw ital + net income + withdraw ital+net loss - withdrawals ital + net loss + withdrawal	rals+additional investme wals + additional investme +additional investments	ents = ending capital = ending capital
50) An Income Stateme	ent is all of the following ex	cept:	
A) a profit and los	ss statement.		
•	t of business operations.		
	income and expenses.		
D) a statement of	revenues less withdrawals	and expenses.	
following accounts: \$4,000. By the end Utilities Expenses, \$5	st month of operations for J Cash, \$21,000; Prepaid Re of the month, Jackson's had \$4,000 of Rent Expense and ed by the company for this f	nt, \$500; Equipment, \$7,5 earned \$32,000 of Reven \$3,600 of Salaries Expe	500 and Accounts Payable nues, and used \$1,800 of
A) \$32,000	B) \$26,200	C) \$22,600	D) \$23,100
\$27,000. They also \$24,000 and Accoun \$15,000 and the ow	st year of operations, Shapir had account balances of: Conts Receivable, \$8,000. The ner withdrew \$2,000 for perement of Owner's Equity in B) \$42,200	ash, \$16,000; Office Suppowner's total investment resonal use. Calculate the experience of the sound of the s	plies, \$3,200, Equipment, for this first year was ending balance to be
\$27,000. They also \$24,000 and Accoun	st year of operations, Shapir had account balances of: Conts Receivable, \$8,000. The ner withdrew \$2,000 for pe	ash, \$16,000; Office Suppowner's total investment	plies, \$3,200; Equipment,
What are the total li operations?	abilities of Shapiro's Consul	ting Services at the end o	of the first year of
A) \$24.200	B) \$11.200	C) \$42,000	D) \$27,000

B) assets and revenues.

D) revenues and expenses.

54) Identify the type of accounts that would appear on a firm's income statement

A) liabilities and expenses.

C) assets and liabilities.

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,,	, COWINCI S	equity is:

- A) the amount taken out of a business by the owner for personal use.
- B) the revenues less the expenses.
- C) the amount the owner owes the business.
- D) the financial interest of the owner of a business.
- 56) Given the options below, identify the correct accounting equation formula.
 - A) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity.
- B) Assets + Liabilities = Owner's Equity.
- C) Assets + Owner's Equity = Liabilities.
- D) Liabilities = Assets + Owner's Equity.
- 57) The balance sheet shows each of the following except the:
 - A) amount and types of property the business owns.
 - B) net income of the business.
 - C) owner's interest.
 - D) amount owed creditors.
- 58) The Balance Sheet heading includes each of the following except:
 - A) firm's address.

B) title of the report.

C) date of the report.

- D) firm's name.
- 59) Choose the option below that reflects the correct order in which to prepare the three financial statements
 - A) Income Statement; Statement of Owner's Equity; Balance Sheet.
 - B) Statement of Owner's Equity; Balance Sheet; Income Statement.
 - C) Income Statement; Balance Sheet; Statement of Owner's Equity.
 - D) Balance Sheet; Income Statement; Statement of Owner's Equity.
- 60) Which of the following is an example of an expense:
 - A) an owner withdrawal for personal use.
 - B) the payment of the monthly utility bill.
 - C) the receipt of cash from a credit customer.
 - D) the payment of a creditor on account.
- 61) Revenue by definition is:
 - A) the collection of amounts owed by customers.
 - B) an amount a business must pay in the future.
 - C) the payment of amounts owed to creditors.
 - D) amounts earned from the sale of goods or services.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

62) The property that a business owns is referred to as its
63) The debts or obligations of a business are known as its
64) On the income statement, revenues minus expenses equals for a period of time.
65) The financial interest of the owner in a business is called owner's equity or
66) The account used to record amounts that are owed for goods or services purchased on credit is known as
67) When a business sells services for cash, assets increase and revenue
68) The account used to record amounts that will be collected from charge account customers in the future is referred to as
69) The is the financial report that shows the assets, liabilities, and owner's equity of a business on a specific date.
70) If assets are \$17,000 and owner's equity is \$10,000, liabilities are
71) When a business pays cash for salaries, assets decrease and expenses
72) In a business transaction, when revenue increases, owner's equity will
73) In a business transaction, when expenses increase, owner's equity will
74) Funds taken from the business by the owner for personal use are called
75) The reports the changes that have occurred in the owner's financial interest during the accounting period.
76) When revenue is greater than expenses, the result is a net
77) When revenue and expenses are equal, the firm is said to
78) The three-line heading of a financial statement shows who, what, and

79) On December 1, 2019, Geneva Jordan opened her new business with the following assets and liabilities. Complete the accounting equation for the firm.

Accounts Payable	\$ 2,100	Prepaid Rent	\$ 7,000
Cash	3,750	Loans Payable	15,000
Equipment	26,200	Supplies	1,900

80) During October, a firm had the following transactions involving revenue and expenses. Did the firm earn a net income or incur a net loss for the period? What was the amount?

Paid \$1,600 for rent for October Provided services for \$4,750 in cash Paid \$350 for the October telephone service Provided services for \$1,700 on credit Paid salaries of \$2,675 to employees Paid \$350 for the monthly office cleaning service

ESSAY QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 81-90.

The transactions listed below took place at the Mitchell Advertising Agency. These transactions affected the following accounts. Indicate the accounts affected and use plus and minus to show the changes caused by each transaction.

Cash	K. Mitchell, Capital
Accounts Receivable	Revenue
Equipment	Expenses
Accounts Payable	

81) Performed services on credit

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

- 82) Paid cash for utilities
- 83) Sent a check to a creditor
- 84) Issued checks to pay salaries

- 85) Purchased a computer for cash
- 86) Received cash from credit customers
- 87) Performed services for cash
- 88) The owner made an additional investment of cash
- 89) Purchased Equipment on credit
- 90) Had a computer repaired; payment is due in 30 days
- 91) Guy McKinley started the McKinley Charter Service at the beginning of August 2019. On August 31, 2019, the accounting records of the business showed the following information. Prepare an income statement and a statement of owner's equity for the month and a balance sheet as of August 31, 2019.

Equipment	\$ 18,000	Rent Expense	\$4,800
Accounts Receivable	2,600	Cash	6,200
Fees Income	30,000	Salaries Expense	10,800
Boats	103,000	Utilities Expense	1,900
Gasoline Expense	7,500	Supplies	3,600
Loans Payable	77,500	Initial Investment	51,000
Owners' Withdrawal	4,100	Accounts Payable	4,000

ESSAY QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 92-94.

On September 1, Shawn Dahl established Whitewater Rentals, a canoe and kayak rental business. The following transactions occurred in the month of September and affected the following accounts:

Cash	Accounts Payable
Accounts Receivable	Shawn Dahl, Capital
Office Equipment	Revenue
Canoe and Kayak Equipment	Expenses

Transactions

- 1. Shawn Dahl invested \$50,000 in cash to open the business
- 2. Paid \$14,200 in cash for the purchase of kayak and canoe equipment
- 3. Paid \$2,200 in cash for rent expense
- 4. Purchased additional kayak and canoe equipment for \$4,900 on credit
- 5. Received \$4,600 in cash for kayak rentals
- 6. Rented canoes and kayaks for \$3,400 on account
- 7. Purchased office equipment for \$375 in cash
- 8. Received \$1,350 in cash from credit clients
- 9. Shawn Dahl withdrew \$1,800 in cash for personal expenses
 - 92) Based on the information shown in transaction #4 above, indicate the accounts affected and use plus and minus to show the changes caused by the transaction.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

- 93) Based on the information shown above, what is the balance of Accounts Receivable for Whitewater Rentals at the end of September?
- 94) Based on the information above, what is the fundamental accounting equation at the end of September for Whitewater Rentals?

ESSAY QUESTIONS

95) On June 1, Donna Banhil established Solo Services, a voice consulting service. Enter the following transactions for June in the table below using + and — to indicate increases or decreases:

Transactions

- 1. Donna Banhil invested \$21,000 in cash to open the business
- 2. Paid \$1,650 for June's rent
- 3. Paid \$4,950 for rent in advance, for the next three months (July-September)
- 4. Purchased office supplies for \$550 on credit
- 5. Performed voice consulting services and immediately received \$3,300 from clients.
- 6. Gave voice lessons to charge account clients and earned \$8,800
- 7. Paid \$220 cash for the supplies purchased earlier in the month
- 8. Received \$1,000 in cash from credit clients billed earlier in the month

Trans		Assets			=	Liab.	Owner's Equity		
	Cash	Accts. Rec.	Prepaid Rent	Office Supplies		Accts. Pay.	D. Banhil, Capital	Rev.	Expense
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
Bal									

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 96-98.

The figure below shows the transactions for Sawyer Architecture Services during June. Greg Sawyer opened this business on June 1 with a capital investment of \$78,000 (Transaction 1).

Trans		Assets		=	Liab.		Owner's Equ	ity	
	Cash	Accts	Supp	Equip	Accts		G. Sawyer,	Rev.	Expense
		Rec			Pay		Capital		
1	+78,000						+78,000		
2	- 8,200			+8,200			170,000		
3		+5,200						+5,200	
4				+3,680	+3,680				
5	- 3,500								-3,500
6	+ 670	- 670							
7	- 2,400						- 2,400		
8	- 450		+450						
Bal	64,120 +	4,530 +	450 +	11,880=	3,680	+	75,600 +	5,200 +	-3,500

96) What was the net income or net loss for Sawyer Architecture Services for the month of June?

ESSAY QUESTIONS

- 97) Prepare the statement of owner's equity for Sawyer Architecture Services for the month ended June 30, 2019.
- 98) Prepare the balance sheet for Sawyer Architecture Services as of June 30, 2019.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 99-100.

Cullen Beatty plans to start a consulting business—Cullen Consulting Services. In preparation to do this, on April 1, 2019, he invested \$56,000 in cash and \$23,000 in equipment, and opened an account at Office Plus by purchasing \$1,750 in office supplies which is due by the end of the month. He then signed a one-year lease agreement on an office building for \$8,400, paying the full amount in advance.

99) Prepare a Balance Sheet for Cullen Consulting Services as of April 1, 2019, before he conducts any services.

ESSAY QUESTIONS

100) Cullen would like an explanation of the accounting for his business actions as of April 1, 2019. Explain the terms and interactions between the categories on a Balance Sheet.

Chapter 02 Analyzing Business Transactions

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- 1) The entire process of analyzing, recording, and reporting business transactions is based on the fundamental accounting equation.
 - A) True

B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements; Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.; 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting

equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 2) When using the fundamental accounting equation, an accountant must make sure that total assets are always equal to total liabilities minus owner's equity.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 3) Assets always equal debts of the business plus the financial interest of the owner.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making; BB Critical Thinking

- 4) When cash is paid to a creditor, the firm's liabilities decrease.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 5) Al Dunn Bakery bought a new oven for \$1,380. Al paid \$300 as a cash down payment and will pay the balance in 30 days. Total assets increased by \$1,080.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making; BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

- 6) If the owner takes cash out of the business for personal use, the withdrawal should be recorded as an expense of the business.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making; BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

- 7) When cash is collected from accounts receivable, the total amount of assets increases.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 8) A company has assets of \$56,320 and liabilities of \$29,500. The owner's equity is \$85,820.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement

- 9) The expenses for a period are reported on the balance sheet.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 10) A double line drawn under the figures in a money column shows that the computation is complete.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements; Defining Accounting Terms

Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.; 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.; 02-06

Define the accounting terms new to this chapter.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 11) A business transaction is a financial event that affects the resources of a business.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 12) If there is an excess of expenses over revenues, the excess represents a profit.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 13) A withdrawal of funds by the owner for personal use is considered a business expense.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 14) The statement of owner's equity is prepared before the balance sheet so that the ending capital balance is available.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 15) If assets are \$8,000 and liabilities are \$2,000, owner's equity is \$10,000.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

- 16) The amount of net income or net loss is needed to complete the statement of owner's equity.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

- 17) Withdrawals by the owner are reported on the income statement.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: B Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

- 18) The income statement is also known as the profit and loss statement.
 - A) True
 - B) False

Answer: A Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

19) The net income sheet. A) True B) False	e or net loss for the period is show	on on both the income statement and the balance
Answer: B Explanation: Diff: 2 Topic: The Account	ting Equation and Financial Statements	
Learning Objective Bloom's: Remembe AACSB: Analytica	: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.; 02-05 ler	Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.
A) Assets –	ollowing equations is the Fundamo Owner's Equity = Liabilities Liabilities + Owner's Equity	ental Accounting Equation? B) Assets + Liabilities = Owner's Equity D) Assets – Liabilities = Owner's Equity
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	
Diff: 2 Topic: Property and Learning Objective Bloom's: Remembe AACSB: Analytica AICPA: BB Indust	f Financial Interest : 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the re r I Thinking	elationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.
B) the finan C) the result	neet shows: Les and expenses. Les and expenses. Les and expenses at a give Les of business operations. Les of business operations. Les of the come of loss.	en time.
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	
Diff: 1 Topic: Property and Learning Objective Bloom's: Remembe AACSB: Analytica AICPA: BB Indust	f Financial Interest : 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the re er I Thinking	elationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

A) the finan	cial positi	ion of a business at a give	ven time.	
B) the chang	ge in own	er's equity for a period o	of time.	
C) the amou	int of net i	income or net loss.		
*		nd expenses.		
Answer: C		-		
Explanation:	A)			
1	B)			
	Ć)			
	D)			
Diff: 1	_ /			
Topic: Property and	d Financial I	nterest		
		ne, identify, and understand the	relationship between asset, liability	y, and owner's equity accounts
Bloom's: Remember				
AACSB: Analytica AICPA: BB Indust		artin a		
23) Amounts that a A) capital.	a business	s must pay in the future a B) liabilities.	are known as: C) expenses.	D) assets.
Answer: B				
Explanation:	A)			
Explanation:	B)			
	C)			
	D)			
Diff: 1	D)			
Topic: Property and	d Financial I	nterest		
	: 02-01 Reco		al effects of a business transaction.	
AACSB: Analytica	al Thinking			
AICPA: BB Indust	ry; FN Repo	rting		

22) The Income Statement shows:

	sets are:				
A) cash and a	accounts receivable.	B) investments by the owner and revenue.			
C) accounts	receivable and rent expense.	D) equipment and revenue.			
Answer: A					
Explanation:	A)				
-	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
Diff: 1	_,				
Topic: The Account	ting Equation and Financial Statements; Pro	perty and Financial Interest			
Learning Objective:		actions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between assets.			
Bloom's: Understan					
A A CCD. A malestical	Thinking				
AACSB: Analytical	Timiking				
AICPA: BB Industr	y; FN Reporting	a customer on account. Recording this transaction			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will:	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from	a customer on account. Recording this transaction			
25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable.	B) increase Cash.			
25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from	_			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable.	B) increase Cash.			
25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A)	B) increase Cash.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B)	B) increase Cash.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B) C)	B) increase Cash.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B)	B) increase Cash.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B Explanation:	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B) C) D)	B) increase Cash.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B Explanation: Diff: 1 Topic: Property and	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B) C) D) Financial Interest	B) increase Cash. D) decrease G. Yale, Capital.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B Explanation: Diff: 1 Topic: Property and Learning Objective:	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B) C) D)	B) increase Cash. D) decrease G. Yale, Capital.			
AICPA: BB Industry 25) Ginger Yale Ice will: A) decrease A C) increase A Answer: B Explanation: Diff: 1 Topic: Property and	y; FN Reporting e Company receives money from Accounts Payable. Accounts Receivable. A) B) C) D) Financial Interest 02-01 Record in equation form the financial	B) increase Cash. D) decrease G. Yale, Capital.			

26) If a business is	sues a check for \$100 to pure	chase office supplies, What is the effect on the
accounting equ		
A) Owner's	Equity will decrease	B) Assets will decrease
C) Owner's	Equity will increase	D) Total Assets will remain the same
Answer: D		
Explanation: A)		
_	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 1		
Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytica	: 02-01 Record in equation form the fin	ancial effects of a business transaction.
the firms' asset A) Owner's	sued a check for \$1,000 to pa s, liabilities and owner's equi- Capital will increase Rent will decrease	y for two months rent in advance, what is the effect on ty. B) Accounts Payable will increase D) Cash will decrease
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
1	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 1		
		s; Property and Financial Interest ancial effects of a business transaction.; 02-03 Analyze the effects of ts, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting
Bloom's: Analyze		
AACSB: Analytica		
AICPA: BB Indust	ry; FN Reporting; FN Measurement	

- 28) The owner's investment or equity in a business is called:
 - A) accounts payable.

B) drawing.

C) cash.

D) capital.

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

B)

a)

C) D)

Diff: 1

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

29) At the end of the first month of operations for SloMo Delivery Service, the business had the following accounts: Accounts Receivable, \$11,350; Prepaid Insurance, \$400; Equipment, \$26,200 and Cash, \$21,650. On the same date, SloMo owed the following creditors: Simpson Supply Company, \$17,000; Allen Office Equipment, \$14,500.

The total assets for the SloMo Delivery Service are:

A) \$59,600.

B) \$21,650.

C) \$33,400.

D) \$33,000.

Answer: A

Explanation:

- A) Assets = Accounts Receivable, \$11,350 + Prepaid Insurance, \$400 + Equipment \$26,200 + Cash, \$21,650 = \$59,600.
- B) Assets = Accounts Receivable, \$11,350 + Prepaid Insurance, \$400 + Equipment \$26,200 + Cash, \$21,650 = \$59,600.
- C) Assets = Accounts Receivable, \$11,350 + Prepaid Insurance, \$400 + Equipment \$26,200 + Cash, \$21,650 = \$59,600.
- D) Assets = Accounts Receivable, \$11,350 + Prepaid Insurance, \$400 + Equipment \$26,200 + Cash, \$21,650 = \$59,600.

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement

30) At the end of the first month of operations for SloMo Delivery Service, the business had the following accounts: Accounts Receivable, \$11,350; Prepaid Insurance, \$400; Equipment, \$26,200 and Cash, \$21,650. On the same date, SloMo owed the following creditors: Simpson Supply Company, \$17,000; Allen Office Equipment, \$14,500.

The total amount of Liabilities is:

A) \$17,000.

B) \$14,500.

C) \$28,100.

D) \$31,500.

Answer: D

Explanation:

- A) Liabilities = Simpson Supply Company, \$17,000 + Allen Office Equipment, \$14,500 = \$31,500.
- B) Liabilities = Simpson Supply Company, \$17,000 + Allen Office Equipment, \$14.500 = \$31.500.
- C) Liabilities = Simpson Supply Company, \$17,000 + Allen Office Equipment, \$14,500 = \$31,500.
- D) Liabilities = Simpson Supply Company, \$17,000 + Allen Office Equipment, \$14,500 = \$31,500.

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement

31) Total assets of Douglas Fuhr Furniture Co. are \$84,000 and the total liabilities are \$37,000. What is the amount of the owner's equity?

A) \$47,000

B) \$121,000

C) \$84,000

D) \$6,000

Answer: A

Explanation:

- A) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity: \$84,000 = \$37,000 + \$47,000
- B) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity: \$84,000 = \$37,000 + \$47,000
- C) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity: \$84,000 = \$37,000 + \$47,000
- D) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity: \$84,000 = \$37,000 + \$47,000

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Measurement

- 32) If during the year total assets increase by \$75,000 and total liabilities decrease by \$16,000, by how much did owner's equity increase/decrease?
 - A) \$59,000 decrease

B) \$75,000 increase

C) \$91,000 increase

D) \$91,000 decrease

Answer: C

Explanation: A) \$7

A) \$75,000 = (\$16,000) + \$91,000

B) \$75,000 = (\$16,000) + \$91,000

C) \$75,000 = (\$16,000) + \$91,000 D) \$75,000 = (\$16,000) + \$91,000

Diff: 3

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Evaluate

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement

- 33) Which financial statement is reported as of a specific date?
 - A) Statement of Changes in Financial Position
 - B) Income Statement
 - C) Statement of Owner's Equity
 - D) Balance Sheet

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

34) A net loss resu	Its:
---------------------	------

- A) when revenue is greater than expenses.
- C) when expenses are greater than revenue.
- B) when expenses are greater than assets.
- D) when assets are greater than liabilities.

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 35) The income statement shows:
 - A) revenue and owner's equity.
 - B) the results of operations for a period of time.
 - C) the total value of the business.
 - D) the financial position of a business on a specific date.

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 36) If the income statement covered a six-month period ending on November 30, 2019, the third line of the income statement heading would read:
 - A) Month of November, 2019.
 - B) November 30, 2019.
 - C) Six-month Period Ended November 30, 2019.
 - D) Month Ended November 30, 2019.

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 37) When the owner invests equipment in a business,
 - A) assets and owner's equity increase.
 - B) assets and revenue increase.
 - C) liabilities decrease and owner's equity increases.
 - D) assets increase and owner's equity decreases.

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

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-)()	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Cuuii	лисп	10	purchase	uu '		Cicuii.
/								,

- A) assets increase and liabilities decrease.
- B) assets and owner's equity increase.

C) assets and expenses increase.

D) assets and liabilities increase.

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 1

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Understand AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 39) When equipment is purchased for cash,
 - A) assets decrease and expenses increase.
 - B) one asset increases and another asset decreases.
 - C) assets increase and liabilities decrease.
 - D) assets and owner's equity increase.

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 2

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Understand AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 40) If a business receives \$5,000 on account from clients who owed money for services previously billed, identify the effect on the accounting equation:
 - A) assets decrease and liabilities increase.
 - B) assets remain the same and owner's equity remains the same.
 - C) liabilities decrease and owner's equity decreases.
 - D) owner's equity increases and revenue increases.

Answer: B

Explanation:

- A) Cash is increased by \$5,000 but Accounts Receivable is reduced by \$5,000 so there is no change in total assets.
- B) Cash is increased by \$5,000 but Accounts Receivable is reduced by \$5,000 so there is no change in total assets.
- C) Cash is increased by \$5,000 but Accounts Receivable is reduced by \$5,000 so there is no change in total assets.
- D) Cash is increased by \$5,000 but Accounts Receivable is reduced by \$5,000 so there is no change in total assets.

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement

- 41) When the owner withdraws cash for personal use,
 - A) assets decrease and owner's equity decreases.
 - B) assets decrease and owner's equity increases.
 - C) assets decrease and expenses increase.
 - D) owner's equity decreases and revenue decreases.

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking
AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

42) When the own	er writes a company check to pay the c	ompany's electric bill,
	increase and owner's equity increases	- ·
· •	d owner's equity increase.	
	d liabilities decrease.	
<i>'</i>	d owner's equity decrease.	
•	downer's equity decrease.	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 1		
	ting Equation and Financial Statements	
Learning Objective		s on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record
Bloom's: Understar	these effects in accounting equation form.	
AACSB: Analytica		
AICPA: BB Industr		
43) Identify the accounting A) Accounts	equation.	et account and would appear on the left side of B) Owner's Capital.
C) Fees Inco	· · · · · ·	D) Accounts Receivable.
,	onie.	D) Accounts Receivable.
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 1		
	ting Equation and Financial Statements	
Learning Objective		s on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record
Bloom's: Remembe	these effects in accounting equation form.	
AACSB: Analytica		
AICPA: BB Industr		

A) both the	balance sheet	and the income stat	ement.	
B) the states	ment of owner	's equity.		
	ne statement.	•		
D) the balar	ice sheet.			
Answer: D				
Explanation:	A)			
Zapiananom.	B)			
	C)			
	D)			
Diff: 1	D)			
Topic: Property an	d Financial Interes	t		
		entify, and understand the	relationship between asset, liability	y, and owner's equity accounts
Bloom's: Rememb				
AACSB: Analytica AICPA: BB Indus				
AICI A. DD Illuus	ny, in Reporting			
45) The financial s	statement that	is prepared first is:		
		is propulou inist is.	B) up to the accour	ntant
,	A) the balance sheet.C) the income statement.			owner's equity.
Answer: C	ne statement.		D) the statement of	owner s equity.
Explanation:	A)			
	B)			
	C)			
	D)			
Diff: 1				
		Financial Statements		
Learning Objective Bloom's: Rememb		income statement.		
AACSB: Analytic				
AICPA: BB Indus				
46) The rent paid	for <u>future</u> mon	ths is a(n):		
A) asset.		B) liability.	C) revenue.	D) expense.
Answer: A				
Explanation:	A)			
Explanation:	B)			
	C)			
	D)			
Diff: 1	D)			
Topic: Property an	d Financial Interes	t		
			al effects of a business transaction.	
Bloom's: Understa	nd			
AACSB: Analytic				
AICPA: BB Indus	try; FN Reporting			

44) Assets and liabilities are reported on:

47) The statement	of financial position is anoth	her term for which financial statement?
A) Balance	Sheet	B) Income Statement
C) Statemen	nt of Owner's Equity	D) Trial Balance
Answer: A		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 1	,	
Topic: Property and	d Financial Interest	
Learning Objective Bloom's: Remember	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.
AACSB: Analytica		
AICPA: BB Indust	ry; FN Reporting	
A) Balance	•	on of the accounting equation? B) Income Statement D) Profit and Loss Statement
Answer: A	1 7	,
Explanation:	A)	
r	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 1	2)	
Topic: The Accoun	ting Equation and Financial Statemer	nts
		ss transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
Bloom's: Understar		
AACSB: Analytica	l Thinking	
AICPA: BB Indust	ry; FN Reporting	

- 49) The Statement of Owner's Equity is calculated as follows:
 - A) beginning capital + net income withdrawals + additional investments = ending capital
 - B) beginning capital + net income + withdrawals + additional investments = ending capital
 - C) beginning capital + net loss withdrawals + additional investments = ending capital
 - D) beginning capital + net loss + withdrawals + additional investments = ending capital

Answer: A

Explanation: A

- A) B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Decision Making

- 50) An Income Statement is all of the following except:
 - A) a profit and loss statement.
 - B) a formal report of business operations.
 - C) a statement of income and expenses.
 - D) a statement of revenues less withdrawals and expenses.

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 51) At the end of the first month of operations for Jackson's Catering Service, the business had the following accounts: Cash, \$21,000; Prepaid Rent, \$500; Equipment, \$7,500 and Accounts Payable \$4,000. By the end of the month, Jackson's had earned \$32,000 of Revenues, and used \$1,800 of Utilities Expenses, \$4,000 of Rent Expense and \$3,600 of Salaries Expenses. Calculate the net income to be reported by the company for this first month.
 - A) \$32,000
- B) \$26,200
- C) \$22,600
- D) \$23,100

Answer: C

Explanation:

- A) Revenues \$32,000 Utilities Expense \$1,800 Rent Expense \$4,000 Salaries Expense \$3,600 = Net Income \$22,600
- B) Revenues \$32,000 Utilities Expense \$1,800 Rent Expense \$4,000 Salaries Expense \$3,600 = Net Income \$22,600
- C) Revenues \$32,000 Utilities Expense \$1,800 Rent Expense \$4,000 Salaries Expense \$3,600 = Net Income \$22,600
- D) Revenues \$32,000 Utilities Expense \$1,800 Rent Expense \$4,000 Salaries Expense \$3,600 = Net Income \$22,600

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting; FN Measurement

- 52) At the end of its first year of operations, Shapiro's Consulting Services reported net income of \$27,000. They also had account balances of: Cash, \$16,000; Office Supplies, \$3,200, Equipment, \$24,000 and Accounts Receivable, \$8,000. The owner's total investment for this first year was \$15,000 and the owner withdrew \$2,000 for personal use. Calculate the **ending** balance to be reported on the Statement of Owner's Equity in the Owner's Capital account.
 - A) \$40,000
- B) \$42,200
- C) \$58,000
- D) \$27,000

Answer: A

Explanation:

- A) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000
- B) Investments 15,000 + Net Income 27,000 Withdrawals 2,000 = 40,000
- C) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000
- D) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000

Diff: 2

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting; FN Measurement

53) At the end of its first year of operations, Shapiro's Consulting Services reported net income of \$27,000. They also had account balances of: Cash, \$16,000; Office Supplies, \$3,200; Equipment, \$24,000 and Accounts Receivable, \$8,000. The owner's total investment for this first year was \$15,000 and the owner withdrew \$2,000 for personal use.

What are the total liabilities of Shapiro's Consulting Services at the end of the first year of operations?

A) \$24,200

B) \$11,200

C) \$42,000

D) \$27,000

Answer: B

Explanation:

- A) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000 Equity. Assets = Cash \$16,000 + Office Supplies \$3,200 + Equipment \$24,000 + Accounts Receivable \$8,000 = \$51,200 Total Assets. So Assets of \$51,200 = 11,200 Liabilities + \$40,000 Equity.
- B) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000Equity. Assets = Cash \$16,000 + Office Supplies \$3,200 + Equipment \$24,000 + Accounts Receivable \$8,000 = \$51,200 Total Assets. So Assets of \$51,200 = 11,200 Liabilities + \$40,000 Equity.
- C) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000Equity. Assets = Cash \$16,000 + Office Supplies \$3,200 + Equipment \$24,000 + Accounts Receivable \$8,000 = \$51,200 Total Assets. So Assets of \$51,200 = 11,200 Liabilities + \$40,000 Equity.
- D) Investments \$15,000 + Net Income \$27,000 Withdrawals \$2,000 = \$40,000 Equity. Assets = Cash \$16,000 + Office Supplies \$3,200 + Equipment \$24,000 + Accounts Receivable \$8,000 = \$51,200 Total Assets. So Assets of \$51,200 = 11,200 Liabilities + \$40,000 Equity.

Diff: 3

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting; FN Measurement

A) liabilities	s and expenses.	B) assets and revenues.
C) assets an	d liabilities.	D) revenues and expenses
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
_	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 2	,	
	ting Equation and Financial St	
	: 02-04 Prepare an income state	ement.
Bloom's: Remember		
AACSB: Analytica	•	
AICPA: BB Indust	ry, ray Reporting	
55) Owner's equity	vis.	
´ .		ess by the owner for personal use.
*	ues less the expenses.	ess by the owner for personal use.
*	int the owner owes the l	ousiness
,		
D) the finan	cial interest of the owner	er of a business.
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
_	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
Diff: 2	,	
Topic: The Accoun	ting Equation and Financial St	atements; Defining Accounting Terms
Learning Objective	: 02-06 Define the accounting	terms new to this chapter.
Bloom's: Remember	er	

AACSB: Analytical Thinking

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting; FN Measurement

56	Given the or	ntions below.	identify	the correct	accounting	equation formula.
20,	Of tell tile o	puons ocion,	, idelicii ,	the correct	accounting	equation formata.

- A) Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity.
- B) Assets + Liabilities = Owner's Equity.
- C) Assets + Owner's Equity = Liabilities.
- D) Liabilities = Assets + Owner's Equity.

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 1

Topic: The Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Remember

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 57) The balance sheet shows each of the following except the:
 - A) amount and types of property the business owns.
 - B) net income of the business.
 - C) owner's interest.
 - D) amount owed creditors.

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 1

Topic: Property and Financial Interest

Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

Bloom's: Understand AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

58) The Balance S	heet heading includes each of	the following <u>except:</u>	
A) firm's ad-	dress.	B) title of the report.	
C) date of the	ne report.	D) firm's name.	
Answer: A			
Explanation:	A)		
•	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
Diff: 1	_,		
Topic: The Accoun	nting Equation and Financial Statements		
Learning Objective	: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's e	quity and a balance sheet.	
Bloom's: Understa			
AACSB: Analytica			
AICPA: BB Indust	ry; FN Decision Making		
B) Statemer C) Income S	Statement; Statement of Owner at of Owner's Equity; Balance Statement; Balance Sheet; State Sheet; Income Statement; State	Sheet; Income Statement. ement of Owner's Equity.	
Answer: A			
Explanation:	A)		
r	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
Diff: 1	D)		
	nting Equation and Financial Statements		
	: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's e	quity and a balance sheet.	
Bloom's: Understa	nd		
AACSB: Analytica	ıl Thinking		
AICPA: BB Indust	ry; FN Reporting		

- 60) Which of the following is an example of an expense:
 - A) an owner withdrawal for personal use.
 - B) the payment of the monthly utility bill.
 - C) the receipt of cash from a credit customer.
 - D) the payment of a creditor on account.

Answer: B

Explanation:

- A)
- B)
- C) D)

Diff: 1

Topic: Defining Accounting Terms

Learning Objective: 02-06 Define the accounting terms new to this chapter.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

- 61) Revenue by definition is:
 - A) the collection of amounts owed by customers.
 - B) an amount a business must pay in the future.
 - C) the payment of amounts owed to creditors.
 - D) amounts earned from the sale of goods or services.

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Diff: 1

Topic: Defining Accounting Terms

Learning Objective: 02-06 Define the accounting terms new to this chapter.

Bloom's: Understand

AACSB: Analytical Thinking AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

62) The property that a business owns is referred to as its _____.

Answer: assets Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounts and Their Relationships

 $Learning\ Objective:\ 02-02\ Define,\ identify,\ and\ understand\ the\ relationship\ between\ asset,\ liability,\ and\ owner's\ equity\ accounts.$

Bloom's: Remember AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Industry; FN Measurement

63) The debts or obligations of a business are known as its
Answer: liabilities
Explanation:
Diff: 1 Topic: Accounts and Their Relationships
Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts and their relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts are considered as the control of the co
Bloom's: Remember
AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Industry; FN Measurement
64) On the income statement, revenues minus expenses equals for a period of time.
Answer: Net income or net loss
Explanation:
Diff: 1
Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement. Bloom's: Remember
AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
65) The financial interest of the owner in a business is called owner's equity or
Answer: capital
Explanation:
Diff: 1
Topic: Accounts and Their Relationships
Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity account Bloom's: Remember
AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
66) The account used to record amounts that are owed for goods or services purchased on credit is
known as
Answer: accounts payable
Explanation:
Diff: 1
Topic: Accounts and Their Relationships
Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction. Bloom's: Remember
AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

57)	When a business sells services for cash, assets increase and revenue
,	Answer: increases
	Explanation:
	Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record
	these effects in accounting equation form. Bloom's: Understand
	AACSB: Analytic
	AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
58)	The account used to record amounts that will be collected from charge account customers in the
	future is referred to as
	Answer: accounts receivable
	Explanation:
	Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record
	these effects in accounting equation form.
	Bloom's: Remember
	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
	Alet A. BB industry, The Reporting
59)	The is the financial report that shows the assets, liabilities, and owner's equity of a
,	business on a specific date.
	Answer: balance sheet
	Explanation:
	Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.
	Bloom's: Remember
	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
	The The Boundary, Triceporting
70)	If assets are \$17,000 and owner's equity is \$10,000, liabilities are
	Answer: \$7,000
	Explanation: Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity; therefore, $$17,000 = $7,000 + $10,000$.
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record
	these effects in accounting equation form.
	Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic
	AICPA: BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement

71) When	a business pays cash for salaries, assets decrease and expenses
Answe	er: increase
Explai	nation:
Diff: 1	
	Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
Learning	g Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.
Bloom's	
	: Analytic
AICPA:	BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement
72) In a bu	usiness transaction, when revenue increases, owner's equity will
Answe	er: increase
Explai	nation:
Diff: 1	
-	Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
Learning	g Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.
Bloom's	
AACSB	: Analytic
AICPA:	BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement
73) In a bu	siness transaction, when expenses increase, owner's equity will
Answe	er: decrease
Explai	nation:
Topic: A	accounting Equation and Financial Statements
	g Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.
Bloom's	
	: Analytic BB Industry; BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement
AICFA.	BB industry, BB Chucai Timiking, FN Measurement
,	taken from the business by the owner for personal use are called
Answe	er: withdrawals
Explai	nation:
	Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
Learning	g Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.
	: Remember
	: Analytic
AICPA:	BB Industry; FN Reporting

75)	The reports the changes that have occurred in the owner's financial interest during the accounting period.
	Answer: statement of owner's equity
	Explanation: Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet. Bloom's: Remember
	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
76)	When revenue is greater than expenses, the result is a net
	Answer: income
	Explanation: Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement. Bloom's: Understand
	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting
77)	When revenue and expenses are equal, the firm is said to
	Answer: break even
	Explanation: Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement. Bloom's: Remember
	AACSB: Analytic
	AICPA: BB Industry; FN Measurement; FN Reporting
78)	The three-line heading of a financial statement shows who, what, and
	Answer: when
	Explanation: Diff: 1
	Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.; 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet. Bloom's: Remember AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry; FN Reporting

79) On December 1, 2019, Geneva Jordan opened her new business with the following assets and liabilities. Complete the accounting equation for the firm.

Accounts Payable	\$ 2,100	Prepaid Rent	\$ 7,000
Cash	3,750	Loans Payable	15,000
Equipment	26,200	Supplies	1,900

Assets \$_____ = Liabilities \$_____ + Owner's Equity \$_____

Answer: Assets \$38,850 = Liabilities \$17,100 + Owner's Equity \$21,750

 $Explanation: \ Assets = Cash \ \$3,750 + Equipment \ \$26,200 + Prepaid \ Rent \ \$7,000 + Supplies \ \$1,900 = 1000 + 10000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 100$

\$38,850. Liabilities = Accounts Payable \$2,100 + Loans Payable \$15,000 = \$17,100.

Diff: 2

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement; FN Reporting

80) During October, a firm had the following transactions involving revenue and expenses. Did the firm earn a net income or incur a net loss for the period? What was the amount?

Paid \$1,600 for rent for October

Provided services for \$4,750 in cash

Paid \$350 for the October telephone service

Provided services for \$1,700 on credit

Paid salaries of \$2,675 to employees

Paid \$350 for the monthly office cleaning service

Answer: Net income: \$1,475

Explanation: \$4,750 + \$1,700 - \$1,600 - \$350 - \$2,675 - \$350 = \$1,475 Net Income

Diff: 2

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

ESSAY QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 81-90.

The transactions listed below took place at the Mitchell Advertising Agency. These transactions affected the following accounts. Indicate the accounts affected and use plus and minus to show the changes caused by each transaction.

Cash	K. Mitchell, Capital	
Accounts Receivable	Revenue	
Equipment	Expenses	
Accounts Payable		

81) Performed services on credit

Answer: plus Accounts Receivable; plus Revenue

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

82) Paid cash for utilities

Answer: plus Expenses; minus Cash

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

83) Sent a check to a creditor

Answer: minus Accounts Payable; minus Cash

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

84) Issued checks to pay salaries

Answer: plus Expenses; minus Cash

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

85) Purchased a computer for cash

Answer: plus Equipment; minus Cash

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statement

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

86) Received cash from credit customers

Answer: plus Cash; minus Accounts Receivable

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

87) Performed services for cash

Answer: plus Cash; plus Revenue

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

88) The owner made an additional investment of cash

Answer: plus Cash; plus K. Mitchell, Capital

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

89) Purchased Equipment on credit

Answer: plus Equipment; plus Accounts Payable

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

90) Had a computer repaired; payment is due in 30 days

Answer: plus Expenses; plus Accounts Payable

Explanation:

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-01 Record in equation form the financial effects of a business transaction.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

91) Guy McKinley started the McKinley Charter Service at the beginning of August 2019. On August 31, 2019, the accounting records of the business showed the following information. Prepare an income statement and a statement of owner's equity for the month and a balance sheet as of August 31, 2019.

Equipment	\$ 18,000	Rent Expense	\$4,800
Accounts Receivable	2,600	Cash	6,200
Fees Income	30,000	Salaries Expense	10,800
Boats	103,000	Utilities Expense	1,900
Gasoline Expense	7,500	Supplies	3,600
Loans Payable	77,500	Initial Investment	51,000
Owners' Withdrawal	4,100	Accounts Payable	4,000

MCKINLEY CHARTER SERVICE

Income Statement Month Ended August 31, 2019

Revenue:		
Revenue.		
Fees Income		\$30,000
Expenses:		
Gasoline Expense	\$7,500	
Rent Expense	4,800	
Salaries Expense	10,800	
Utilities Expense	<u>1,900</u>	
Total Expenses		<u>25,000</u>
Net Income		\$5,000

MCKINLEY CHARTER SERVICE

Statement of Owner's Equity Month Ended August 31, 2019

Guy McKinley, Capital, August 1,		\$51,000
2019		
Net Income for August	5,000	
Less Withdrawals for August	4,100	
Increase in Capital		900
Guy McKinley, Capital, August 31, 2019		<u>\$51,900</u>

MCKINLEY CHARTER SERVICE

Balance Sheet August 31, 2019

Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$6,200	Loans Payable	\$77,500
Accounts Receivable	2,600	Accounts Payable	4,000
Supplies	3,600	Total Liabilities	81,500
Equipment	18,000	Owner's Equity	
Boats	103,000	Guy McKinley, Capital	51,900
		Total Liabilities	
Total Assets	\$ 133,400	and Owner's Equity	\$ 133,400

Explanation:

Diff: 3

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Create AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

ESSAY QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 92-94.

On September 1, Shawn Dahl established Whitewater Rentals, a canoe and kayak rental business. The following transactions occurred in the month of September and affected the following accounts:

Cash	Accounts Payable
Accounts Receivable	Shawn Dahl, Capital
Office Equipment	Revenue
Canoe and Kayak Equipment	Expenses

Transactions

- 1. Shawn Dahl invested \$50,000 in cash to open the business
- 2. Paid \$14,200 in cash for the purchase of kayak and canoe equipment
- 3. Paid \$2,200 in cash for rent expense
- 4. Purchased additional kayak and canoe equipment for \$4,900 on credit
- 5. Received \$4,600 in cash for kayak rentals
- 6. Rented canoes and kayaks for \$3,400 on account
- 7. Purchased office equipment for \$375 in cash
- 8. Received \$1,350 in cash from credit clients
- 9. Shawn Dahl withdrew \$1,800 in cash for personal expenses
 - 92) Based on the information shown in transaction #4 above, indicate the accounts affected and use plus and minus to show the changes caused by the transaction.

Answer: plus Canoe and Kayak Equipment; plus Accounts Payable

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

93) Based on the information shown above, what is the balance of Accounts Receivable for Whitewater Rentals at the end of September?

Answer: The balance of Accounts Receivable at September 30 is \$2,050.

Explanation: Beginning Accounts Receivable, \$0 + sales on account, \$3,400 — collections on account, \$1,350 = Ending Accounts Receivable, \$2,050.

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement; FN Reporting

94) Based on the information above, what is the fundamental accounting equation at the end of September for Whitewater Rentals?

Answer: Assets \$58,900 = Liabilities \$4,900 + Owner's Equity \$ 54,000

Explanation: Assets = Cash \$37,375 + Accounts Receivable \$2,050 + Office Equipment \$375 + Canoe and Kayak Equipment \$19,100 = \$58,900.

Liabilities = Accounts Payable \$4,900.

Equity = Investment \$50,000 + Net Income \$5,800 - Withdrawal \$1,800 = \$54,000. Detail for Assets: Cash = (1) \$50,000 - (2) \$14,200 - (3) \$2,200 + (5) \$4,600 - (7) \$375 + (8) 1,350 - (9) \$1,800 = \$37,375. Accounts Receivable = (6) \$3,400 - (8) \$1,350 = \$2,050. Office Equipment = (7) \$375 Canoe & Kayak Equipment = (2) \$14,200 + (4) \$4,900 = \$19,100.

Detail for Liabilities: Accounts Payable = (4) \$4,900.

Diff: 3

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Analyze AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Measurement; FN Reporting

ESSAY QUESTIONS

95) On June 1, Donna Banhil established Solo Services, a voice consulting service. Enter the following transactions for June in the table below using + and — to indicate increases or decreases:

Transactions

- 1. Donna Banhil invested \$21,000 in cash to open the business
- 2. Paid \$1,650 for June's rent
- 3. Paid \$4,950 for rent in advance, for the next three months (July-September)
- 4. Purchased office supplies for \$550 on credit
- 5. Performed voice consulting services and immediately received \$3,300 from clients.

- 6. Gave voice lessons to charge account clients and earned \$8,800
- 7. Paid \$220 cash for the supplies purchased earlier in the month
- 8. Received \$1,000 in cash from credit clients billed earlier in the month

Trans		Assets			=	Liab.	Owner's Equity		
	Cash	Accts. Rec.	Prepaid Rent	Office Supplies		Accts. Pay.	D. Banhil, Capital	Rev.	Expense
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
Bal									

Answer:

Trans		Assets			=	Liab.	Owner's Equity		
	Cash	Accts. Rec.	Prepaid Rent	Office Supplies		Accts. Pay.	D. Banhil, Capital	Rev.	Expense
1	+21,000						+21,000		
2	-1,650								-1,650
3	-4,950		+4,950						
4				+550		+550			
5	+3,300							+3,300	
6		+8,800						+8,800	
7	- 220					-220			
8	+1,000	-1,000							
Bal	<u>18,480</u>	<u>7,800</u>	<u>4,950</u>	<u>550</u>		330	21,000	12,100	-1,650

Diff: 3

Topic: Business Transactions and Events

Learning Objective: 02-03 Analyze the effects of business transactions on a firm's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity and record

these effects in accounting equation form.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 96-98.

The figure below shows the transactions for Sawyer Architecture Services during June. Greg Sawyer opened this business on June 1 with a capital investment of \$78,000 (Transaction 1).

Trans		Assets		=	Liab.		Owner's Equity		
	Cash	Accts	Supp	Equip	Accts		G. Sawyer,	Rev.	Expense
		Rec			Pay		Capital		
1	+78,000						+78,000		
2	- 8,200			+8,200			170,000		
3		+5,200						+5,200	
4				+3,680	+3,680				
5	- 3,500								-3,500
6	+ 670	- 670							
7	- 2,400						- 2,400		
8	- 450		+450						
Bal	64,120 +	4,530 +	450 +	11,880=	3,680	+	75,600 +	5,200 +	-3,500

96) What was the net income or net loss for Sawyer Architecture Services for the month of June?

Answer: Net income was \$1,700.

Explanation: Revenue, \$5,200 — Expenses, \$3,500 = Net Income, \$1,700.

Diff: 1

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements Learning Objective: 02-04 Prepare an income statement.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

ESSAY QUESTIONS

97) Prepare the statement of owner's equity for Sawyer Architecture Services for the month ended June 30, 2019.

Answer:

Sawyer Architecture Services Statement of Owner's Equity Month Ended June 30, 2019

Greg Sawyer, Capital, June 1, 2019		\$78,000
Net Income for June	\$ 1,700	
Less Withdrawals for June	(2,400)	
Decrease in Capital		<u>(700)</u>
Greg Sawyer, Capital, June 30, 2019		\$77,300

Diff: 2

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Create AACSB: Analytic AICPA: FN Measurement

98) Prepare the balance sheet for Sawyer Architecture Services as of June 30, 2019.

Answer:

Sawyer Architecture Services

Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$64,120	Accounts Payable	\$3,680
Accounts Receivable	4,530		
Supplies	450	Owner's Equity	
Equipment	11,880	Greg Sawyer, Capital	<u>77,300</u>
Total Assets	\$80,980	Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity	\$80,980

Diff: 2

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-05 Prepare a statement of owner's equity and a balance sheet.

Bloom's: Apply AACSB: Analytic

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

The following information should be used for questions 99-100.

Cullen Beatty plans to start a consulting business—Cullen Consulting Services. In preparation to do this, on April 1, 2019, he invested \$56,000 in cash and \$23,000 in equipment, and opened an account at Office Plus by purchasing \$1,750 in office supplies which is due by the end of the month. He then signed a one-year lease agreement on an office building for \$8,400, paying the full amount in advance.

99) Prepare a Balance Sheet for Cullen Consulting Services as of April 1, 2019, before he conducts any services.

Answer: Cullen Consulting Services

Balance Sheet
April 1 2019

	F	tpiii 1, 2019	
Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$47,600	Accounts Payable	\$ 1,750
Supplies	1,750		
Prepaid Rent	8,400	Owner's Equity	
Equipment	23,000	Cullen Beatty, Capital	79,000
Total	\$80,750	Total	\$80,750

Explanation: Cash Balance = Cash invested \$56,000 — Cash spent for Prepaid Rent \$ 8,400 = \$47,600

Diff: 2

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

Bloom's: Create AACSB: Analytic AICPA: FN Measurement

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ESSAY QUESTIONS

100) Cullen would like an explanation of the accounting for his business actions as of April 1, 2019. Explain the terms and interactions between the categories on a Balance Sheet.

Answer: Answers will vary. Items that should be included are:

The Balance Sheet is a format report of a business's financial condition

- --on a certain date
- --reports assets, liabilities, and owner's equity of a business
- --reports property owned by a business, obligations (debts) of a business
- --reports the financial interest (proprietorship, net worth) of the owner
- --total assets equals the total liabilities plus total owner's equity

Diff: 2

Topic: Accounting Equation and Financial Statements

Learning Objective: 02-02 Define, identify, and understand the relationship between asset, liability, and owner's equity accounts.

Bloom's: Create AACSB: Analytic

AICPA: BB Critical Thinking; FN Reporting; FN Decision Making