## **Business A Changing World 8th Edition Ferrell Test Bank**

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	Student:
1.	Business ethics refers to principles and standards that define acceptable conduct in business organizations.
	True False
2.	Ethics and social responsibility mean the same thing.
	True False
3.	Nearly all business decisions may be judged as right or wrong, ethical or unethical.
	True False
4.	The most basic ethical concerns have been formalized through laws and regulations that encourage conformity to society's values and norms.
	True False
5.	All a business has to do to maintain ethical conduct is to follow the law.
	True False
6.	Only corporations have to worry about ethics scandals and social responsibility issues.
	True False

7.	The principles and standards that determine acceptable conduct in business are referred to as:
	A. norms B. strategies C. ethics D. laws E. rules
8.	Social relates to a business's impact on society.
9.	A. responsibility B. strategy C. ethics D. law E. rule The Act criminalized securities fraud and stiffened penalties for corporate fraud.
	A. EEOC B. Ethical Standards C. Internet Standards D. Sarbanes-Oxley E. SCF

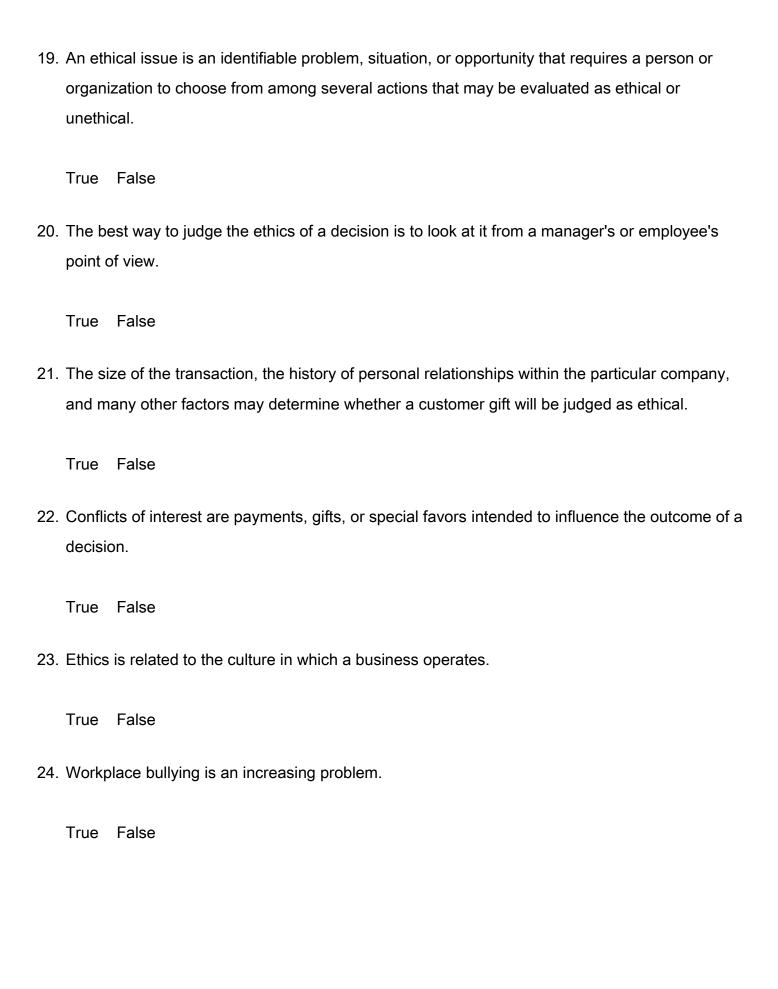
	A. country
	B. culture
	C. trade bloc
	D. hemisphere
	E. industry
11.	Which of the following statements about business ethics is false?
	A. It concerns the impact of a business's activities on society.
	B. It refers to principles and standards that define acceptable behavior in business organizations.
	C. It relates to an individual's values and moral standards and the resulting business decisions he
	or she makes.
	D. What is ethical is determined by the public, government regulators, interest groups,
	competitors, and each individual's personal moral values.
	E. Studying it can help you recognize ethical issues and understand how others make unethical decisions.
12.	Studying business ethics will not necessarily
	A. help you recognize ethical issues.
	B. help you understand the importance of ethical decisions.
	C. inform you concerning the impact of the work group on ethical decisions.
	D. describe the ethical decision-making process.
	E. tell you what you ought to do.

10. What is considered ethical may differ depending on the \_\_ in which a business operates.

	A. nothing.
	B. jobs.
	C. trust.
	D. profits.
	E. morale.
14.	The Sarbanes-Oxley Act was passed to
	A. punish those who committed accounting fraud in the late 1990s.
	B. improve corporate profits.
	C. help laid-off employees get their jobs back.
	D. help investors recoup their losses.
	E. help restore confidence in Corporate America.
15.	Which of the following have <i>not</i> been cited as incidents of unethical business activity recently?
	A. Unfair competitive practices in the computer industry
	B. Deceptive advertising of medicines and toys
	C. Accounting fraud
	D. Deceptive advertising of food products
	E. Corporate charitable giving is high

13. Ethical violations destroy

16.	Which of the following statements is <i>false</i> ?
	A. Ethical issues are limited to for-profit organizations.
	B. Business ethics goes beyond legal issues.
	C. Ethical conduct builds trust among individuals and in business relationships.
	D. Ethical conflicts may evolve into legal disputes.
	E. Regardless of what an individual feels about a particular action, if society judges it to be
	unethical, that judgment affects the organization's ability to achieve its objectives.
17.	What is business ethics?
18.	Choose an issue that has been prominently featured in the news and discuss the ethical
	implications of this issue. Make sure to define any key terms that you use in your response.



25.	The most common ethical issue identified by employees is
	A. bullying
	B. bribery
	C. conflict of interest
	D. cheating
	E. lying
26.	Managers use the of their position to influence employees' actions.
	A. authority
	B. power
	C. scope
	D. responsibility
	E. acceptance
27.	involves taking someone else's work and presenting it as your own.
	A. Copyright
	B. Photosynthesis
	C. Forecasting
	D. Acceptance
	E. Plagiarism

28.	That businesspeople are expected not to harm customers, clients, and competitors knowingly
	through deception, misrepresentation, coercion, or discrimination is part of
	A. fairness and honesty.
	B. communications.
	C. conflict of interest.
	D. business relationships.
	E. consumerism.
29.	If the video game marketer Playstation were investigated for allegedly raising prices excessively
	during the Christmas buying season and thereby manipulating the supply of games available at
	that time, this was an ethical issue concerned primarily with
	A. conflict of interest.
	B. communications.
	C. fairness and honesty.
	D. cost control.
	E. game rules.
30.	Making claims about dietary supplements or the health benefits of certain unproven ingredients is
	an issue related to:
	A. conflict of interest.
	B. communications.
	C. product design.
	D. business relationships.
	E. financing.

31.	The warning on cigarette packages about the health implications of smoking is an example of
	which of the following ethical issues?
	A. Conflict of interest
	B. Fairness and honesty
	C. Communications
	D. Relationships within a business
	E. Environmental issues
32.	The following behavior is an example of ethical consideration within business relationships:
	A. keeping company secrets.
	B. avoiding obligations.
	C. shirking responsibilities.
	D. setting a poor example for others.
	E. offering a bribe.
33.	If a manager pressures a subordinate to engage in activities that he or she may otherwise view
	as unethical, such as accounting fraud or stealing a competitor's secrets, there exists an ethical
	issue related to
	A. plagiarism.
	B. business relationships.
	C. communications.
	D. fairness and honesty.
	E. conflicts of interest.

34.	If an employee learned of a significant cost-saving idea from a coworker and then informed
	management of the idea without revealing its true source, then the employee would be involved
	in
	A. keeping a secret.
	B. career advancement.
	C. plagiarism.
	D. socialism.
	E. egalitarianism.
35.	What are some of the general ethical issues in business?
36.	How do you recognize an ethical issue in business?
37.	It is almost always easy to recognize specific ethical issues.
	True False

38. Establishing and enforcing ethical standards and policies within business can help reduce unethical behavior by prescribing which activities are acceptable and which are not and by removing the opportunity to act unethically. True False 39. Without a code of ethics or formal policy on ethics, employees are likely to base their decisions on how their peers and superiors behave. True False 40. Codes of ethics foster ethical behavior because they expand the opportunity to behave unethically. True False 41. Ethical decisions in an organization are influenced by three key factors. True False 42. Codes of ethics are formalized rules and standards that describe what the company expects of its employees. True False

43.	Many employees utilize different at work than they do at home.
	A. ethical standards
	B. codes of ethics
	C. conflicts of interest
	D. communication skills
	E. body language
44.	A large number of cases result in dismissal of the employee, even though the government
	has tried to take steps to protect workers and to encourage reporting of misconduct.
	A. executive
	B. white collar crime
	C. whistleblower
	D. petty theft
	E. federal
45.	is the extent to which businesses meet the legal, ethical, economic and
	voluntary responsibilities placed on them by their stakeholders.
	A. A code of conduct
	B. A code of ethics
	C. Egalitarianism
	D. Corporate citizenship
	E. Whistleblowing

46.	A set of formalized rules and standards that describe what a company expects of its employees is
	called a(n)
	A. code of ethics.
	B. opportunity.
	C. moral philosophy.
	D. guideline.
	E. law.
47.	What is the act of an employee exposing an employer's wrongdoing to outsiders?
	A. Fraud
	B. Whistleblowing
	C. Plagiarism
	D. Mayhem
	E. A criminal lawsuit
48.	Codes of ethics foster ethical behavior by all of the following except
	A. expanding the opportunity to behave ethically by providing rewards for following the rules.
	B. limiting the opportunity to behave unethically by providing punishments for violations of the rules and standards.
	C. limiting the opportunity to behave unethically by providing rewards for violations of the rules and standards.
	D. expanding the opportunity to behave ethically by providing punishments for following the rules.

E. encouraging employees to bend the rules.

49.	Unethical behavior in business can be reduced if management does all of the following except
	A. establish clear policies on unethical behavior.
	B. limit opportunities for unethical behavior.
	C. establish formal rules and procedures.
	D. punish unethical behavior firmly.
	E. depend totally on employees' personal ethics.
50.	According to the text, ethical decisions in an organization are influenced by (1) individual moral
	standards, (2) the influence of managers and co-workers, and (3)
	A. religious values.
	B. informal ethical policies or rules.
	C. opportunity codes and compliance requirements.
	D. family influence.
	E. the founder's values.
51.	Which of the following should help reduce the incidence of unethical behavior in an organization?
	A. Understanding that individual moral standards, the influence of managers and coworkers, and
	opportunity influence ethical behavior
	B. Maximizing ethical conflict in work groups
	C. Expanding opportunity by providing punishments for violations of the rules
	D. Overlooking violations of codes of ethics
	E. All of the above

52.	A code of ethics represents	rules and standards of what a company expects of its
	employees.	
	A. team	
	B. impoverished	
	C. authority-obedience	
	D. formalized	
	E. situational	
53.	How can an organization improve ethical	behavior?
54.	Why is it increasingly common for organiz	ations to have a code of ethics and compliance
	programs?	
55.	There are four dimensions of social respo	nsibility: economic, legal, ethical, and voluntary.
	True False	

56.	The concept of social responsibility is universally accepted.
	True False
57.	One of the dimensions of social responsibility is metaphysical.
	True False
58.	Increasingly, companies are introducing eco-friendly and socially responsible products to their lines in order to satisfy consumer demand and improve their images.
	True False
59.	Corporate citizenship is the extent to which businesses meet the legal, ethical, economic, and voluntary responsibilities placed on them by their owners.
	True False
60.	Voluntary responsibilities are optional activities that promote human welfare or goodwill.
	True False
61.	Obeying the law is a business'
	A. right
	B. choice
	C. economic responsibility
	D. legal responsibility
	E. ethical responsibility

62.	Approximately percent of Fortune 500 companies engage in recycling efforts.
	A. 75
	B. 83
	C. 38
	D. 57
	E. 20
63.	Which is NOT a dimension of social responsibility?
	A. Legal
	B. Philosophic
	C. Economic
	D. Voluntary
	E. Ethical
64.	is the activities that individuals, groups, and organizations undertake to protect their rights
	as consumers.
	A. Consumerism
	B. Civil rights
	C. Protectionism
	D. Conspicuous consumption
	E. Shopping

65.	John F. Kennedy's consumer bill of rights outlined four rights: the right to be informed, the right to
	choose, the right to be heard and:
	A. The right to government regulations
	B. The right to good service
	C. The right to easy credit
	D. The right to shop wherever you want
	E. The right to safety
66.	Being profitable relates to which social responsibility dimension?
	A. Economic
	B. Voluntary
	C. Ethical
	D. Legal
	E. Corporate citizenship
67.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> one of the dimensions of social responsibility?
	A. Voluntary
	B. Economic
	C. Legal
	D. Ethical
	E. Altruistic

68.	Philanthropic contributions made by a business to a charitable organization represent which
	dimension of social responsibility?
	A. Corporate citizenship
	B. Economic
	C. Legal
	D. Ethical
	E. Voluntary
69.	Consumers vote against firms they view as socially irresponsible by not
	A. boycotting the company's products.
	B. expressing dissatisfaction by protesting.
	C. writing their representatives in Congress.
	D. buying the company's products.
	E. filing complaints with the company.
70.	Studies have found a direct link between social responsibility and in business.
	A. profitability
	B. ethics
	C. declining stock prices
	D. happiness of stakeholders
	E. global Warming

71.	What a	are the four dimensions of social responsibility?
72.	Discus sustair	s what companies have done to address environmental concerns and to become more nable.
73.	Withou	ut employees, a business cannot carry out its goals.
71		False
74.	True	ling is a business response to employee issues.  False
75.		that to safety requires that businesses provide a safe place for consumers to shop.
	True	False

76.	A major social responsibility for business is providing equal opportunities for all employees.
	True False
77.	Americans use over 100 billion plastic bags annually and only recycle 10-20 percent of them.
	True False
78.	Managers consider social responsibility on an annual basis.
	True False
79.	Water and soil pollution from oil and gas drilling is primarily what type of concern?
	A. Consumer relations
	B. Environmental issues
	C. Community relations
	D. Employee relations
	E. Relations with stockholders
80.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> an area of environmental concern in society today?
	A. Animal rights
	B. Land pollution
	C. Waste disposal
	D. The hard-core unemployed
	E. Business practices that harm endangered wildlife

81.	Laws regarding safety in the workplace are enforced by
	A. FTC
	B. OSHA
	C. EPA
	D. the consumer bill of rights
	E. codes of ethics
82.	One role of the FTC's Bureau of Consumer Protection is to protect consumers from
	A. ethics
	B. fraud
	C. laws
	D. power
	E. unity of command
83.	Approximately percent of Fortune 500 companies have a written environmental policy.
	A. 3
	B. 23
	C. 43
	D. 63
	E. 83

84.	4. Corporations contribute more than to	environmental and social causes each year.
	A. \$2 million	
	B. \$2 billion	
	C. \$12 billion	
	D. \$12 million	
	E. No money	
85.	5. The gives consumers the freedo	m to review complete information about the products
	they are buying.	
	A. right to be informed	
	B. right to be heard	
	C. right to purchase	
	D. right to choose	
	E. right to speak out	
86.	6. A major social responsibility for businesses i	s providing for all employees.
	A. equal wages	
	B. equal opportunities	
	C. more free time	
	D. better healthcare	
	E. equal holiday pay	

87.	refers to attaching a positive environmental association on an unsuitable product or
	service.
	A. Greenwashing
	B. Whitewashing
	C. Environmentalism
	D. Corporate citizenship
	E. Community relations
88.	Many businesses, recognizing that employees lack many basic work skills, are becoming more
	concerned about the quality of in the United States.
	A. job opportunities
	B. education
	C. philanthropy
	D. management
	E. community relations
89.	Discuss the sustainability issues managers must confront in dealing with social responsibility
	issues.

90.	Discuss the community relations issues that concern businesses.
	Solve the Dilemma: Customer Privacy
91.	What did Jon Barnard do to help Checkers develop a competitive advantage over the competition?
	A. Handed out coupons
	B. Developed a database that improve efficiency
	C. Nothing
	D. He had no competition
	E. Lowered prices
92.	What did Barnard want to do with the information gathered on his customers?
	A. Spy on them
	B. Improve his advertising campaigns
	C. Give the best customers an award for loyalty
	D. Nothing
	E. Change the pizza recipe

93.	What are some of the ethical issues in giving customers an award for consumption behavior without notifying them first?
94.	Do you see Barnard's plan to offer a prize to the highest-consuming customers as a potential violation of privacy? Explain.
95.	How would you handle the situation if you were Barnard?

# ch2 Key

1. Business ethics refers to principles and standards that define acceptable conduct in business organizations.

### **TRUE**

Business ethics are principles and standards that define acceptable behavior for individuals within an organization as well as the organization at large.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #1

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

Ethics and social responsibility mean the same thing.

(p. 36-37)

#### **FALSE**

Business ethics are the principles and standards that determine acceptable conduct in businesses. Social responsibility is a broader concept. It is a business's obligation to maximize its positive impact and minimize its negative impact on society.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #2

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

3. Nearly all business decisions may be judged as right or wrong, ethical or unethical.

(p. 39)

### **TRUE**

Business decisions, either by law or by society, will be deemed an acceptable practice or not.

AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #3

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

4. The most basic ethical concerns have been formalized through laws and regulations that encourage conformity to society's values and norms.

### **TRUE**

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act was passed in 2002 by Congress to criminalize securities fraud as well as stiffen corporate fraud. This was a response to public outcry regarding accounting scandals in the early 2000s and to restore confidence in Corporate America.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #4

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

5. All a business has to do to maintain ethical conduct is to follow the law.

(p. 37, 39)

### **FALSE**

Business ethics goes beyond legal issues by building trust among individuals and in business relationships which validates and promotes confidence among those relationships.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #5

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

6. Only corporations have to worry about ethics scandals and social responsibility issues.

(p. 39)

#### **FALSE**

Ethical issues are not limited to for-profit corporations but include government, non-profits such as universities, sports and individuals.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #6

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

7 . (p. 36)	The principles and standards that determine acceptable conduct in business are referred to as:
	A. norms
	B. strategies
	C. ethics
	D. laws
	E. rules
	Business ethics is defined as the principles and standards that determine acceptable conduct in business.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge  Difficulty: Easy
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #7
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.  Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
8. (p. 37)	Social relates to a business's impact on society.
	A. responsibility
	B. strategy
	C. ethics
	D. law
	E. rule
	Social responsibility is a business's obligation to maximize its positive impact and minimize its negative impact on society.

<ol><li>The Act criminalized securities fraud and stiffened penalties for corporate f</li></ol>
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(p. 37)

- A. EEOC
- B. Ethical Standards
- C. Internet Standards
- D. Sarbanes-Oxley
- E. SCF

Congress passed the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in response to several prominent accounting scandals. The Act criminalized securities fraud and stiffened penalties for corporate fraud.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #9

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

10.	What is considered ethical may differ depending on the in which a business operates.
p. 40-41	
	A. country
	B. culture
	C. trade bloc
	D. hemisphere
	E. industry
	The acceptability of behavior in business varies in part depending on local values, moral
	principles, and customs.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Comprehension
	Difficulty: Medium
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #10

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

p. 36-37 <sub>,</sub>	
	A. It concerns the impact of a business's activities on society.
	B. It refers to principles and standards that define acceptable behavior in business
	organizations.
	C. It relates to an individual's values and moral standards and the resulting business decisions
	he or she makes.
	D. What is ethical is determined by the public, government regulators, interest groups,
	competitors, and each individual's personal moral values.
	E. Studying it can help you recognize ethical issues and understand how others make
	unethical decisions.

Which of the following statements about business ethics is false?

Social responsibility concerns the impact of a business's activities on society.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #11

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

(p. 39)	
	A. help you recognize ethical issues.
	B. help you understand the importance of ethical decisions.
	C. inform you concerning the impact of the work group on ethical decisions.
	D. describe the ethical decision-making process.
	E. tell you what you ought to do.
	Others such as your peers, family, and co-workers will judge your actions and decisions to be ethical or unethical.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Easy
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #12 Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.
	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
13. (p. 39)	Ethical violations destroy
	A. nothing.
	B. jobs.
	<u>C.</u> trust.
	D. profits.
	E. morale.
	Ethical conduct builds trust and credibility therefore when ethical violations are committed, it is
	very difficult, to restore trust and confidence.

Studying business ethics will not necessarily

12.

d to
1

(p. 37)

- A. punish those who committed accounting fraud in the late 1990s.
- B. improve corporate profits.
- C. help laid-off employees get their jobs back.
- D. help investors recoup their losses.
- E. help restore confidence in Corporate America.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act was passed in 2002 by Congress to criminalize securities fraud as well as stiffen corporate fraud. This was a response to public outcry regarding accounting scandals in the early 2000s and to restore confidence in Corporate America.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #14

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

- 15. Which of the following have *not* been cited as incidents of unethical business activity recently?
  - A. Unfair competitive practices in the computer industry
  - B. Deceptive advertising of medicines and toys
  - C. Accounting fraud
  - D. Deceptive advertising of food products
  - E. Corporate charitable giving is high

National newspapers such as *USA Today* or *Wall Street Journal* regularly cover examples of ethical issues across industries. Corporate charitable giving is not an incidence of unethical conduct.

AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium
Ferrell - Chapter 02 #15

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

16. Which of the following statements is *false*?

(p. 39)

- **A.** Ethical issues are limited to for-profit organizations.
- B. Business ethics goes beyond legal issues.
- C. Ethical conduct builds trust among individuals and in business relationships.
- D. Ethical conflicts may evolve into legal disputes.
- E. Regardless of what an individual feels about a particular action, if society judges it to be unethical, that judgment affects the organization's ability to achieve its objectives.

Ethical issues are not limited to for-profit corporations but include government, non-profits such as universities, sports and individuals.

AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium
Ferrell - Chapter 02 #16

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

17. What is business ethics?

(p. 24)

Business ethics refers to principles and standards that define acceptable behavior in business organizations. Within the context of an organization, ethics relates to an individual's or work group's decisions that society evaluates as right or wrong.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #17

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

18. Choose an issue that has been prominently featured in the news and discuss the ethical (p. 363- implications of this issue. Make sure to define any key terms that you use in your response. 39)

Students' answers will vary, but they should aim to use and define key terms such as business ethics and social responsibility. They may also want to define and discuss the term ethical issue. Pay careful attention that students truly understand what business ethics is and that they are using the terms properly.

AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Haro
Ferrell - Chapter 02 #18

Learning Objective: 02-01 Define business ethics and social responsibility; and examine their importance.

Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

19. An ethical issue is an identifiable problem, situation, or opportunity that requires a person or organization to choose from among several actions that may be evaluated as ethical or unethical.

### TRUE

In business, this choice usually involves weighing monetary gain against what a person considers appropriate conduct.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #19

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

20. The best way to judge the ethics of a decision is to look at it from a manager's or employee's point of view.

### **FALSE**

The best way to judge the ethics of a decision is to look at it from a customer's or competitor's point of view.

AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #20

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

21. The size of the transaction, the history of personal relationships within the particular company, and many other factors may determine whether a customer gift will be judged as ethical.

# **TRUE**

This explains why a person needs several years experience in identifying what constitutes an ethical and unethical decision due to its complex nature.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #21

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

22. Conflicts of interest are payments, gifts, or special favors intended to influence the outcome of (p. 43) a decision.

### **FALSE**

Conflicts of interest exist when a person must choose between advancing his or her own personal interests or those of others. Bribes are payments, gifts, or special favors intended to influence the outcome of a decision.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #22

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

23. Ethics is related to the culture in which a business operates.

(p. 40)

## **TRUE**

Different cultures adhere to different ethical standards such as in the U.S. it could be viewed as a bribe to bring a gift to a business meeting but in Japan it is considered impolite to not bring a gift to a business meeting.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #23

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

(p. 42-43	3)
	TRUE
	The Workplace Bullying Institute's latest survey found that "37% of U.S. workers have been
	bullied, that is 54 million Americans."
	AACSB: Ethic
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Eas
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #2
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business
	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Busines.
25. (p. 43)	The most common ethical issue identified by employees is
	A. bullying
	B. bribery
	C. conflict of interest
	D. cheating
	E. lying
	Observed instances of conflict of interest among fellow employees is the form of ethical misconduct most frequently reported by employees.
	AACSB: Ethic
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Medium
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #20
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business  Topic: The Role of Ethics in Busines.

Workplace bullying is an increasing problem.

24.

26. (p. 48)	Managers use the of their position to influence employees' actions.
	A. authority
	B. power
	C. scope
	D. responsibility
	E. acceptance
	Because of the inherent authority of their position, managers have the opportunity to influence employees' actions.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Comprehension  Difficulty: Medium
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #26
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.
	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
<b>27</b> . (p. 48)	involves taking someone else's work and presenting it as your own.
	A. Copyright
	B. Photosynthesis
	C. Forecasting
	D. Acceptance
	E. Plagiarism
	In business, the ethical issue of plagiarism arises when an employee copies reports or takes the work or ideas of others and presents it as his or her own.

26.

- 28. That businesspeople are expected not to harm customers, clients, and competitors knowingly (p. 44) through deception, misrepresentation, coercion, or discrimination is part of
  - A. fairness and honesty.
  - B. communications.
  - C. conflict of interest.
  - D. business relationships.
  - E. consumerism.

Fairness and honesty are at the heart of ethics and relate to values of decision makers such as not pilfering office supplies or engaging in collusive behavior.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #28

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

29. If the video game marketer Playstation were investigated for allegedly raising prices

(p. 44) excessively during the Christmas buying season and thereby manipulating the supply of games available at that time, this was an ethical issue concerned primarily with

A. COMMICT OF THE CO	Α.	conflict	of	interest	
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- B. communications.
- C. fairness and honesty.
- D. cost control.
- E. game rules.

One aspect of fairness related to competition and sometimes a company can gain control over markets, such as manipulating the supply of products, by using questionable practices that harm competition.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Comprehension

Difficulty: Haro

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #29

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

<u>B.</u> communications.
C. product design.
D. business relationships.
E. financing.
Truthfulness about product quality and effectiveness is important to consumers. Many supplements make claims that they will help the consumer lose weight, gain muscle, or improve their overall health that have not been proven, or may even be false.
AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Comprehension
Difficulty: Haro
Ferrell - Chapter 02 #30
Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.
Tonic: The Pole of Ethics in Rusiness

Making claims about dietary supplements or the health benefits of certain unproven

30.

 $^{(p.\ 46\text{-}47)}$  ingredients is an issue related to:

A. conflict of interest.

31.	The warning on cigarette packages about the health implications of smoking is an example of
(p. 46-4)	which of the following ethical issues?
	A. Conflict of interest
	B. Fairness and honesty
	C. Communications
	D. Relationships within a business
	E. Environmental issues
	An important aspect of communications regarding an ethical issue is product labeling such as
	the Surgeon General's warning on cigarette packages.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Hard Ferrell - Chapter 02 #31
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.
	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
32. (p. 48)	The following behavior is an example of ethical consideration within business relationships:
	A. keeping company secrets.
	B. avoiding obligations.
	C. shirking responsibilities.
	D. setting a poor example for others.
	E. offering a bribe.
	Ethical behavior within a business involves keeping company secrets, meeting obligations and
	responsibilities, and avoiding undue pressure that may force others to act unethically.

- 33. If a manager pressures a subordinate to engage in activities that he or she may otherwise view as unethical, such as accounting fraud or stealing a competitor's secrets, there exists an ethical issue related to
  - A. plagiarism.
  - B. business relationships.
  - C. communications.
  - D. fairness and honesty.
  - E. conflicts of interest.

Ethical issues related to business relationships include the responsibility of managers to help an organization achieve its goals without compromising employee rights.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Comprehension

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #33

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

- 34. If an employee learned of a significant cost-saving idea from a coworker and then informed management of the idea without revealing its true source, then the employee would be involved in
  - A. keeping a secret.
  - B. career advancement.
  - C. plagiarism.
  - D. socialism.
  - E. egalitarianism.

Plagiarism is taking someone else's work or idea and presenting it as your own without mentioning its source.

AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Comprehension
Difficulty: Easy
Ferrell - Chapter 02 #34

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

35. What are some of the general ethical issues in business? (p. 39-48)

General ethical issues include conflicts of interest that exist when people must choose whether to advance their own interest or those of others. Fairness and honesty relate to the general values of decision makers. Communication is another area in which ethical concerns may arise. Businesspeople's behavior toward customers, suppliers, and others in their workplaces may also generate ethical concerns.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

36. How do you recognize an ethical issue in business?

(p. 26-31)

An ethical issue is an identifiable problem, situation, or opportunity that requires a person to choose from among several actions that may be evaluated as right or wrong, ethical or unethical. In business, such a choice often involves weighing monetary profit against what a person considers appropriate conduct. The best way to judge the ethics of a decision is to look at a situation from a customer's or competitor's viewpoint.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #36

Learning Objective: 02-02 Detect some of the ethical issues that may arise in business.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

37. It is almost always easy to recognize specific ethical issues.

(p. 48)

#### **FALSE**

It is usually difficult to recognize specific ethical issues in practice.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #37

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

38. Establishing and enforcing ethical standards and policies within business can help reduce

(p. 49) unethical behavior by prescribing which activities are acceptable and which are not and by

removing the opportunity to act unethically.

**TRUE** 

Ethics codes and compliance requirements reduce the opportunity to act unethically and

consistently enforcing repercussions for unethical behavior reduces unethical acts by

individuals within an organization.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #38

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

39. Without a code of ethics or formal policy on ethics, employees are likely to base their

(p. 49) decisions on how their peers and superiors behave.

TRUE

A code of ethics ensures all employees, including senior level executives, are clear on what

ethical standards are expected of them.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #39

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

40. Codes of ethics foster ethical behavior because they expand the opportunity to behave (p. 50) unethically.

### **FALSE**

Codes of ethics foster ethical behavior because they reduce the opportunity to behave unethically.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #40

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

41. Ethical decisions in an organization are influenced by three key factors.

(p. 49)

### TRUE

Ethical decisions in an organization are influenced by three key factors: individual moral standards, the influence of managers and co-workers, and the opportunity to engage in misconduct.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #41

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

<b>42</b> . (p. 49)	Codes of ethics are formalized rules and standards that describe what the company expects of its employees.
	TRUE
	Codes of ethics do not take into consideration every situation but it should provide a clear
	means of appropriate behavior and steps to take in addressing ethical issues and/or concerns.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Easy
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #42 Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior
	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
43. (p. 49)	Many employees utilize different at work than they do at home.
	A. ethical standards
	B. codes of ethics
	C. conflicts of interest
	D. communication skills
	E. body language
	Many employees utilize different ethical standards at work than they do at home. At work,
	people are influenced by corporate culture, co-workers, and rules and policies that may all
	conflict with their own personal moral standards

AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #43

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

44.	A large number of cases result in dismissal of the employee, even though the
(p. 50)	government has tried to take steps to protect workers and to encourage reporting of
	misconduct.
	A. executive
	B. white collar crime
	C. whistleblower
	D. petty theft
	E. federal

The government seeks to reward firms that report misconduct, however many whistleblowers are terminated. A legislative loophole has resulted in the dismissal of many whistleblower complaints.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #44

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

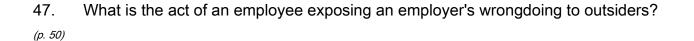
45.	is the extent to which businesses meet the legal, ethical, economic and
(p. 51)	voluntary responsibilities placed on them by their stakeholders.
	A. A code of conduct
	B. A code of ethics
	C. Egalitarianism
	<u>D.</u> Corporate citizenship
	E. Whistleblowing
	Corporate citizenship is the extent to which businesses meet the legal, ethical, economic and
	voluntary responsibilities placed on them by their stakeholders
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Easy Ferrell - Chapter 02 #45
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.
	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
46.	A set of formalized rules and standards that describe what a company expects of its
(p. 49)	employees is called a(n)
	A. code of ethics.
	B. opportunity.
	C. moral philosophy.
	D. guideline.
	E. law.
	Codes of ethics are formalized rules and standards that describe what the company expects of
	its employees.

Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #46

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business



- A. Fraud
- **B.** Whistleblowing
- C. Plagiarism
- D. Mayhem
- E. A criminal lawsuit

Whistleblowing occurs when a lack of anonymous reporting mechanisms exists in a company and therefore an employee may expose an employer's wrongdoing to the government or media.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #47

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

48. Codes of ethics foster ethical behavior by all of the following *except* 

(p. 50)

A. expanding the opportunity to behave ethically by providing rewards for following the rules.

**<u>B.</u>** limiting the opportunity to behave unethically by providing punishments for violations of the rules and standards.

C. limiting the opportunity to behave unethically by providing rewards for violations of the rules and standards.

D. expanding the opportunity to behave ethically by providing punishments for following the rules.

E. encouraging employees to bend the rules.

Codes of ethics sets clear guidelines for employees regarding what ethical behavior is expected of them. It also creates a formal procedure for infractions committed by employees related to ethical issues.

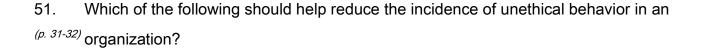
AACSB: Ethics
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium
Ferrell - Chapter 02 #48

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

49.	Unethical behavior in business can be reduced if management does all of the following except
(p. 49-50	
	A. establish clear policies on unethical behavior.
	B. limit opportunities for unethical behavior.
	C. establish formal rules and procedures.
	D. punish unethical behavior firmly.
	E. depend totally on employees' personal ethics.
	A company should never rely on an employees' personal ethics to guide ethical standards due
	to the wide array or lack thereof moral standards that an individual maintains.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #49
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior. Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business
50.	According to the text, ethical decisions in an organization are influenced by (1) individual moral
(p. 49)	standards, (2) the influence of managers and co-workers, and (3)
	standards, (2) the initidence of managers and co-workers, and (0)
	A. religious values.
	B. informal ethical policies or rules.
	C. opportunity codes and compliance requirements.
	D. family influence.
	E. the founder's values.
	Three factors that influence business ethics are individual moral standards, the influence of
	managers and co-workers and the opportunity to engage in misconduct which is determined
	by ethics codes and compliance requirements.

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business



- <u>A.</u> Understanding that individual moral standards, the influence of managers and coworkers, and opportunity influence ethical behavior
- B. Maximizing ethical conflict in work groups
- C. Expanding opportunity by providing punishments for violations of the rules
- D. Overlooking violations of codes of ethics
- E. All of the above

Understanding the influences of business ethics leads to establishing codes of ethics and compliance requirements that reduce unethical behavior in an organization.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Haro

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #51

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

52.	A code of ethics represents rule:	s and standards of what a company expects of
(p. 49)	its employees.	
	A. team	
	B. impoverished	
	C. authority-obedience	
	<u>D.</u> formalized	
	E. situational	
	A code of ethics establishes what types of beh	avior are acceptable and which are not, and
	limits the opportunity for misconduct by clearly	defining violations and establishing
	punishment.	
		AACSB: Ethics
		Blooms: Comprehension
		Difficulty: Medium
	Learning	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #52 Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.
	Learning	Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

53. How can an organization improve ethical behavior? *(p. 49-51)* 

Understanding how people choose their ethical standards and what prompts them to engage in unethical behavior may reverse the current trend toward unethical behavior in business. Establishing and enforcing ethical standards and policies within a business can reduce unethical behavior by describing which activities are acceptable and which are not and removing the opportunity to act unethically. Codes of ethics and training programs can help the business create a corporate culture that encourages ethical behavior.

54. Why is it increasingly common for organizations to have a code of ethics and compliance

(p. 51) programs?

In addition to legal incentives like Sarbanes-Oxley, many organizations have learned that their reputations will improve and their financial performance will strengthen after they implement ethics programs. Organizations recognize that effective business ethics programs are good for business performance. Firms that develop higher levels of trust function more efficiently and effectively and avoid damaged company reputations and product images. Organizational ethics initiatives have been supportive of many positive and diverse organizational objectives, such as profitability, hiring, employee satisfaction, and customer loyalty.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #54

Learning Objective: 02-03 Specify how businesses can promote ethical behavior.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

55. There are four dimensions of social responsibility: economic, legal, ethical, and voluntary.

(p. 51)

### **TRUE**

There are four dimensions of social responsibility: economic, legal, ethical, and voluntary.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #55

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

56. The concept of social responsibility is universally accepted.

(p. 53)

### **FALSE**

Even though the concept of social responsibility is receiving more and more attention, it is still not universally accepted.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #56

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

57. One of the dimensions of social responsibility is metaphysical.

(p. 51)

### **FALSE**

The economic responsibilities include earning a profit, the legal responsibilities include abiding by laws, the ethical responsibilities include doing what is right and the voluntary responsibilities include promoting goodwill.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #57

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

58. Increasingly, companies are introducing eco-friendly and socially responsible products to their (p. 52) lines in order to satisfy consumer demand and improve their images.

### **TRUE**

To respond to climate change concerns and fair labor concerns, many companies including Walmart have increased their eco-friendly offerings.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #58

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

59. Corporate citizenship is the extent to which businesses meet the legal, ethical, economic, and voluntary responsibilities placed on them by their owners.

## **FALSE**

Corporate citizenship is the extent to which businesses meet the legal, ethical, economic, and voluntary responsibilities placed on them by various stakeholders.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #59

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

60. (p. 52)	Voluntary responsibilities are optional activities that promote human welfare or goodwill.
	TRUE
	Voluntary responsibilities are not required but contribute to the community and quality of life.
	AACSB: Ethics  Blooms: Knowledge  Difficulty: Medium
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #60 Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.
	Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility
61. (p. 52)	Obeying the law is a business'
	A. right
	B. choice
	C. economic responsibility
	<u>D.</u> legal responsibility
	E. ethical responsibility
	Businesses, like all organizations, have a legal responsibility to obey the law.
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	Blooms: Comprehension
	Difficulty: Easy
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #61
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.
	Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

62. (p. 61)	Approximately percent of Fortune 500 companies engage in recycling efforts.
	<u>A.</u> 75
	B. 83
	C. 38
	D. 57
	E. 20
	As a result of increased costs and government policies, a growing number of companies
	engage in recycling efforts.
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Haro
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #62  Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.
	Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility
63. (p. 51)	Which is NOT a dimension of social responsibility?
	A. Legal
	B. Philosophic
	C. Economic
	D. Voluntary
	E. Ethical
	The four dimensions of social responsibility are legal, economic, voluntary, and ethical.

AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #63

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

64.	is the activities that individuals, groups, and organizations undertake to protect their		
(p. 56)	rights as consumers.		
	A. Consumerism		
	B. Civil rights		
	C. Protectionism		
	D. Conspicuous consumption		
	E. Shopping		
	Consumerism is defined as the activities that individuals, groups, and organizations undertal		

to protect their rights as consumers.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #64

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

65.	John F. Kennedy's consumer bill of rights outlined four rights: the right to be informed, the right		
(p. 52)	to choose, the right to be heard and:		
	A. The right to government regulations		
	B. The right to good service		
	C. The right to easy credit		
	D. The right to shop wherever you want		
	E. The right to safety		
	John F. Kennedy's 1962 consumer bill included: the right to be informed, the right to choose, the right to be heard and the right to safety.		
	AACSB: Ethics		
	Blooms: Knowledge		
	Difficulty: Medium Ferrell - Chapter 02 #65		
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.		
	Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility		
66. (p. 52)	Being profitable relates to which social responsibility dimension?		
	A. Economic		
	B. Voluntary		
	C. Ethical		
	D. Legal		
	E. Corporate citizenship		
	Economic responsibility refers to earning a profit which is the foundation of a company.		

67. (p. 51)	Which of the following is <i>not</i> one of the dimensions of social responsibility?		
	A. Voluntary		
	B. Economic		
	C. Legal		
	D. Ethical		
	E. Altruistic		
	Although altruism may be a part of voluntary responsibility, it is not a dimension of social responsibility by itself.		
	AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy		
	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #67		
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.  Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility		
68. (p. 52)	Philanthropic contributions made by a business to a charitable organization represent which dimension of social responsibility?		
	A. Corporate citizenship		
	B. Economic		
	C. Legal		
	D. Ethical		
	E. Voluntary		
	Voluntary responsibilities include philanthropic contributions.		

Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #68

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

- 69. Consumers vote against firms they view as socially irresponsible by not (p. 56)
  - A. boycotting the company's products.
  - B. expressing dissatisfaction by protesting.
  - C. writing their representatives in Congress.
  - **D.** buying the company's products.
  - E. filing complaints with the company.

Consumerism is the act of protecting consumer rights and boycotting companies based on socially irresponsible behavior is one way to protect consumer rights.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Comprehension

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #69

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

/0. (p. 53)	Studies have found a direct link between social responsibility and	_ in business.
	A. profitability	
	B. ethics	
	C. declining stock prices	
	D. happiness of stakeholders	
	E. global Warming	
	Studies have found a direct link between social responsibility and profitabil	ity in business as
	well as employee commitment and consumer loyalty.	
		AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge
		Difficulty: Medium
		Ferrell - Chapter 02 #70
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dim	ensions of social responsibility.
	Topic: The	Nature of Social Responsibility
71. (p. 33)	What are the four dimensions of social responsibility?	

Economic, legal, ethical, and voluntary concerns represent the four dimensions of social responsibility. Earning profits is the foundation of these dimensions and complying with the law is the next step. A business whose sole objective is to maximize profits is not likely to consider its social responsibility, although its activities will probably be legal. Voluntary responsibilities are additional activities that may not be required, but they promote human welfare or goodwill.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Easy

" 0' ' 00 "74

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #71

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

72. Discuss what companies have done to address environmental concerns and to become more (p. 60-61) sustainable.

Partly in response to federal legislation such as the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and partly due to consumer concerns, businesses are responding to environmental issues. Many small and large companies including Walt Disney Company, Chevron, and Scott Paper, have created an executive position—a vice president of environmental affairs—to help them achieve their business goals in an environmentally responsible manner. A survey indicated that the majority of *Fortune* 500 companies have a written environmental policy, engage in recycling efforts, and have made investments in waste-reduction efforts. Some companies are finding that environmental consciousness can even save them money

AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium Ferrell - Chapter 02 #72

Learning Objective: 02-04 Explain the four dimensions of social responsibility.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

73. Without employees, a business cannot carry out its goals.

(p. 55)

#### **TRUE**

Employees are critical to maintaining a functional and profitable business.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #73

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

74. Recycling is a business response to employee issues.

(p. 58)

### **FALSE**

Recycling is a business response to environmental issues.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #74

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

75. The right to safety requires that businesses provide a safe place for consumers to shop.

(p. 55)

### TRUE

The right to safety was one of the consumer rights outlined by John F Kennedy in 1962. It continues to be a concern among product recalls and increased outsourcing of manufacturing.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #75

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

76. A major social responsibility for business is providing equal opportunities for all employees.

(p. 55)

#### TRUE

A major legal and social responsibility for business is providing equal opportunities for all employees regardless of their sex, age, race, religion or nationality.

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

77. Americans use over 100 billion plastic bags annually and only recycle 10-20 percent of them.

(p. 60)

## **TRUE**

Companies are seeking alternatives to plastic bags and other waste, as they have become such a ubiquitous problem globally.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #77

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

78. Managers consider social responsibility on an annual basis.

(p. 53)

#### **FALSE**

Managers consider social responsibility on an ongoing, often daily basis as with ethical concerns.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #78

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

79.	Water and soil pollution from oil and gas drilling is primarily what type of concern?
(p. 58-5§	9)
	A. Consumer relations
	B. Environmental issues
	C. Community relations
	D. Employee relations
	E. Relations with stockholders
	One area of environmental concern is pollution of water and soil from business activities.
	AACSB: Ethics
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Medium Ferrell - Chapter 02 #79
Le	rerren - Chapter 02 #78 earning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.
	Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility
80. (p. 58-6)	Which of the following is <i>not</i> an area of environmental concern in society today?
	A. Animal rights
	B. Land pollution
	C. Waste disposal
	<u>D.</u> The hard-core unemployed
	E. Business practices that harm endangered wildlife
	The hard-core unemployed is an area of community relations in society today.

AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #80

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

81. (p. 55)	Laws regarding safety in the workplace are enforced by
	A. FTC
	B. OSHA
	C. EPA
	D. the consumer bill of rights
	E. codes of ethics
	Many laws regarding safety in the workplace are enforced by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking  Blooms: Knowledge  Difficulty: Easy
Lea	Ferrell - Chapter 02 #81 arning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community. Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility
82. (p. 56-57)	One role of the FTC's Bureau of Consumer Protection is to protect consumers from
	A. ethics
	B. fraud
	C. laws
	D. power
	E. unity of command
	The Bureau of Consumer Protection enforces a variety of laws designed to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive, or fraudulent practices.

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

83. Approximately percent of Fortune 500 companies have a written environment	
(p. 61)	
	A. 3
	B. 23
	C. 43
	D. 63
	<u>E.</u> 83

In response to federal legislation and consumer demands, more and more companies have a formal written environmental policy.

AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #83

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

84. (p. 61)	Corporations contribute more than t	o environmental and social causes each year.
	A. \$2 million	
	B. \$2 billion	
	<u>C.</u> \$12 billion	
	D. \$12 million	
	E. No money	
	A common way for corporations to exercise charitable organizations.	community responsibility is through donations to
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking
		Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium
		Ferrell - Chapter 02 #84
Le	earning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibil	ities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.  Topic: Business Ethics and Social Responsibility
85. (p. 56)	The gives consumers the freed products they are buying.	om to review complete information about the
	A. right to be informed	
	B. right to be heard	
	C. right to purchase	
	D. right to choose	
	E. right to speak out	
	The right to be informed provides consume	rs access to information about the products they
	wish to buy and ensures vital information is	contained on product packages and labels.

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

86.	A major social responsibility for businesses is providing for all employees.
(p. 55)	
	A. equal wages
	B. equal opportunities
	C. more free time
	D. better healthcare
	E. equal holiday pay
	A major social responsibility for all business is providing equal opportunities to all employees regardless of sex, age, race, religion, or nationality.

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #86

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

87. (p. 61)	refers to attaching a positive environmental association on an unsuitable product or service.
	A. Greenwashing
	B. Whitewashing
	C. Environmentalism
	D. Corporate citizenship
	E. Community relations
	Environmentalists are concerned that some companies are merely <i>greenwashing</i> , or "creating
	a positive association with environmental issues for an unsuitable product, service, or
	practice."

AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Blooms: Knowledge
Difficulty: Medium

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #87

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

88.	Many businesses, recognizing that employees lack many basic work skills, are becoming
(p. 62)	more concerned about the quality of in the United States.
	A. job opportunities
	B. education
	C. philanthropy
	D. management
	E. community relations
	Businesses recognize that today's students are tomorrow's employees and customers, and
	have come to understand the value of a better educated public.
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	Blooms: Knowledge
	Difficulty: Fasy

89. Discuss the sustainability issues managers must confront in dealing with social responsibility (p. 57-61) issues

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Managers today must consider the consequences of their actions on the environment as a part of their social responsibility. One area of concern is the controversial business practice of animal testing for cosmetics and drugs. Business practices that harm endangered wildlife and their habitats are another environmental issue. Businesses must also be concerned with their contributions to air, water, and land pollution as a result of their operations. In response to these concerns, many firms are trying to eliminate wasteful practices, the emission of pollutants, and/or the use of harmful chemicals from their manufacturing processes.

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #88

Topic: The Role of Ethics in Business

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Haro

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #89

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

90. Discuss the community relations issues that concern businesses.

(p. 61-62)

Businesses must be aware of their responsibilities to the welfare of communities and societies in which they do business. Most commonly, businesses exercise community responsibility through donations to local and national charities. Many companies are concerned with the quality of education in the United States, as students represent the future labor force for businesses. Some companies are letting consumers decide whether they want to contribute to philanthropic causes by offering different versions of products—the higher priced of which donate a portion of profits to a cause. Businesses also have begun to take steps to help the unemployed and hard-core unemployed, as this has become a growing problem since the late

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Haro

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #90

Learning Objective: 02-05 Debate an organizations social responsibilities to owners; employees; consumers; the environment; and the community.

Topic: The Nature of Social Responsibility

Solve the Dilemma: Customer Privacy

20th century.

Ferrell - Chapter 02

91. What did Jon Barnard do to help Checkers develop a competitive advantage over the (p. 66-67) competition?

- A. Handed out coupons
- **B.** Developed a database that improve efficiency
- C. Nothing
- D. He had no competition
- E. Lowered prices

Jon Barnard, Checkers's founder and co-owner, needed a new gimmick to beat the competition. He decided to develop a computerized information database that would make Checkers the most efficient competitor and provide insight into consumer buying behavior at the same time.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #91

Learning Objective: 02-06 Evaluate the ethics of a businesss decision.

Topic: Solve the Dilemma

92. What did Barnard want to do with the information gathered on his customers? (p. 66-67)

A. Spy on them

B. Improve his advertising campaigns

C. Give the best customers an award for loyalty

D. Nothing

E. Change the pizza recipe

After successfully testing the new system, Barnard put the computerized order network in place in all Checkers outlets. After three months of success, he decided to give an award to the family that ate the most Checkers pizza.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #92

Learning Objective: 02-06 Evaluate the ethics of a businesss decision.

Topic: Solve the Dilemma

93. What are some of the ethical issues in giving customers an award for consumption behavior (p. 66-67) without notifying them first?

In such a situation, the consumption behavior of the rewarded customer is communicated to the public. It violates the right of the consumer to be informed. The company does know what the effect of this award might have on the winner: negative consequences may be as likely as positive ones.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #93

Learning Objective: 02-06 Evaluate the ethics of a businesss decision.

Topic: Solve the Dilemma

94. Do you see Barnard's plan to offer a prize to the highest-consuming customers as a potential (p. 66-67) violation of privacy? Explain.

The publicity given to the customer violates privacy: it reveals to the public some of his or her behaviors (here, pizza eating habits).

AACSB: Ethics Blooms: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #94

Learning Objective: 02-06 Evaluate the ethics of a businesss decision.

Topic: Solve the Dilemma

95. How would you handle the situation if you were Barnard? *(p. 66-67)* 

Barnard should contact the family concerned and inform them that an award rewarding Checkers' best customer may be given to them if the family accepts the award. The program of the award (especially the news story associated with it) should be described in detail. If the family refuses the award, the next best customer could be contacted.

AACSB: Ethics

Blooms: Knowledge

Difficulty: Easy

Ferrell - Chapter 02 #95

Learning Objective: 02-06 Evaluate the ethics of a businesss decision.

Topic: Solve the Dilemma

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## ch2 Summary

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